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The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LIX.—NO. 159. FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1900—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

CANNON BEATEN; CONGRESS ENDS.

Fight in the House Over Ocean Surveys Results in Sustaining the Work of Conferees.

SHARP DEBATE DEVELOPS

During the Closing Scenes at the Capitol the Members Throw Dignity to the Winds.

GALLERIES JOIN IN NOISE.

Popular Songs Are Sung and a Tribute Is Paid to Speaker Henderson, Who Makes Speech of Thanks.

SENATE PUTS IN A QUIET DAY.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, } Washington, D. C., June 7.

Congress Adjourns After Defeating Joe Cannon.

After Uncle Joe Cannon had skillfully marched his forces up the hill they marched themselves down again, and the first session of the Fifty-sixth Congress came to an end this afternoon, after having administered a disastrous blow to Uncle Joe's reputation as a leader.

The exhibition Mr. Cannon gave last night of his ability to hypnotize the House was unfortunately succeeded today by an entire reversal of form, with the result that the House surrendered not only all that Uncle Joe had been fighting for but much more. It has resulted, curiously enough, that as the outcome of Mr. Cannon's strategy in holding Congress in session for a day beyond the stipulated time the Senate amendment about which all the row was made is agreed to entirely, whereas if the adjournment had not been taken it would have been materially modified, as desired by the House.

The House originally passed a paragraph appropriating only $10,000 for special ocean surveys by the navy. The Senate increased the amount to $100,000, and made the surveys cover all navigable waters. The House conferees, led by Foss of Illinois, succeeded in forcing a compromise which reduced the amount given to the navy $50,000, and eliminated the lake and interior surveys entirely.

It was this compromise which Mr. Cannon attacked as a breach of faith, and owing to his powerful influence Foss and the other conferees were discharged and Uncle Joe himself was put in charge of another conference committee. During the night the members of the House had an opportunity for reflection, and the result was in every way disastrous to Mr. Cannon. Last night, by the assistance of about a third of the Republicans and half the Democrats, Mr. Cannon succeeded in forcing an adjournment, on the theory that he would settle matters today in short order. The new conference committee he headed went over the Senate resolution, bucked up against a stone wall, and came back with a compromise substantially the same as that he had denounced Foss and his associates for accepting.

Can No Longer Control the House.

This unfortunate result, after holding Congress here for twenty-four hours, puts an end to Mr. Cannon's control of the House. The members did not even return to the Foss compromise at all, but accepted the Senate amendment outright, thus giving the navy all the money allowed it by the Senate, and allowing the surveys to proceed in rivers, harbors, bays, and canals, artesian wells, or any other waters the Navy department may select.

This funny little personal fight having caused a delay in the adjournment of Congress over an entire day, the President did not come down to the Capitol today except for a few minutes after the adjournment resolution had been agreed to, and the usual scenes at the closing session of Congress were therefore lustless.

Members Indulge in Singing.

After an agreement had been reached to adjourn Congress at 5 o'clock the House took a recess until within ten minutes of that hour, as it had no business to transact. During the interval the time was occupied in what might be called a jollification meeting, as the members who were glad their work was over were as happy as a lot of schoolboys at the beginning of their vacation.

In anticipation of the dissolution of Congress the galleries were crowded with men, women, and children, who came to witness the closing scenes. They were well repaid, for as soon as the recess was taken the members crowded into the space in front of the Speaker's desk and began singing a number of popular airs, throwing paper balls at each other, and doing many undignified things which would not be expected of a branch of the National Legislature.

Some one started to sing "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," much to the delight of the galleries, who applauded it with great vigor. Then they sang a verse or two of the "Old Oaken Bucket," and the members who were not participating in this merrymaking tried to drown the voice of the singers by shouting "Louder!" They did not succeed, however, as there were a number of excellent voices in the crowd, and among the leaders were a number of Western men. They were Messrs. Landis, Mercer, Tawney, Hamilton, Bromwell, Bell, and Fitzgerald of Massachusetts. Then they sang "Auld Lang Syne," and this old and familiar song took with the galleries, and they went wild with enthusiasm.

Crazy Man Makes a Disturbance.

At the conclusion of "Auld Lang Syne" Representative Fitzgerald called for three cheers for the army and navy, and these were given three times over. Then they took a turn at "Columbia," and "Dixie," which is always popular with Southern audiences, and for a few moments the cheering and yelling of those in the galleries and some members on the floor drowned

(Continued on fifth page.)

SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

WASHINGTON.

Congress adjourned; deadlock was broken by House's agreement to Senate proposition leaving ocean surveys under naval direction. In closing hours popular songs were sung in House.

Ways and Means committee will meet before reassembling of Congress to consider reduction of war taxes.

"You are misnamed. You are a toy musket," said Cummings to Cannon in the House.

FOREIGN.

London Mail says American intervention would solve Chinese problem. Other English papers say England must take lead, but Foreign office is unwilling. Russians say Czar and America are agreed. British landed 900 troops. Boxers revolt is spreading.

Austrian Parliament opened with Czech obstruction and the Minister President threatened dissolution.

England persuaded the Khedive to refuse to visit the Sultan, his nominal master.

Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria will visit Sultan at latter's invitation.

German naval bill passed second reading.

Zionists meet in London on Aug. 13.

King Oscar visited Paris exposition.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Building projects in Chicago that are under way or waiting for favorable labor conditions involve expenditure of $40,000,000, and architects say a boom in building would follow early end of trouble.

July wheat advanced from 68 to 70 cents in an hour on the Chicago Board of Trade. Millions of bushels bought and most dealers say price will be higher, owing to prospect of short crop in the West.

Standard Oil-Morgan faction wants to force J. W. Gates from Kansas City Southern railway directory.

Marshall Field elected a director of Chicago and Northwestern road to succeed John I. Blair.

American Foundrymen's association elected W. A. Jones President.

American Steel and Wire company will make its own billets.

Local bank deposits increasing.

May failures largest on record.

May fire losses, $15,750,400.

LOCAL.

R. Hall McCormick says the statue of "Remorse" at the Paris fair will be a fit symbol for the city unless it makes haste in completing its exposition.

Managers of Protective Agency for Women and Children will pay cost of prosecution of the Dowie "healers" implicated in the Millie Logan case.

Members of a coaching party were scraped from top seats when going under subway, and five were injured seriously.

Real Estate board plans union of businessmen's ward and division associations in favor of honest street paving.

Architectural League of America and American Park and Outdoor Art association in joint session.

Explosion of steampipe in power-house tied up Chicago City railroad's trolley cars from 5 to 6 p. m.

Expert accountants will begin work at once on the State Grain Registrar's books.

North Side citizens asked Chief Kipley to quieten the federal foghorn.

Incendiary fire in South Chicago apartment building was checked.

Judge Holdom will pass upon legality of indeterminate sentences.

Corporations owe $473,916 in unpaid taxes.

T. Cottrell shot himself while insane.

Council may investigate paving.

DOMESTIC.

General Federation of Women's Clubs threw responsibility for admission of colored women upon officers to be elected today. Delegates were in disorder until their President warned them of masculine criticism.

Fire destroyed Virginia, Minn.; loss, $500,000. Fires in Decatur, Racine, Byron, Ill., and Richmond, Va.

New York ice trust lowered price of ice from 60 to 40 cents to large customers and objectors.

Boston Commercial club entertained its namesakes of St. Louis, Cincinnati, and Chicago.

Company seeking street railway franchise in Detroit offers ten rides for 25 cents.

American Medical association elected Charles A. Reed of Ohio President.

Shootings, assaults, and riots of the usual type during St. Louis strike.

Cyclone blew down many houses and killed one man in Miami, I. T.

BOER-BRITISH WAR.

Later details show Boers took 1,600 prisoners from Pretoria and made orderly retreat with all their guns. Boers are now said to be massed at Hatherley, twelve miles east of Pretoria.

Kruger, when interviewed in private railway car, which is his capitol, said Boers intend to fight to bitter end, and probably will retire to Lydenburg.

Campbell-Bannerman said Liberals favor speedy self-government in south Africa.

Chicago men are worried as to fate of the Red Cross corps in south Africa.

POLITICS.

Chicago Democrats think Indiana platform, which ignores 16 to 1, is a good model for Kansas City convention. Taggart suggested for National committee chairman.

Chairman Johnson said New York convention's action makes Bryan's nomination certain. Campbell thinks differently.

Harrison, Watson, and Dunlap probably will be Illinois delegates to Kansas City.

W. S. Taylor announced that he cannot be candidate for Governor of Kentucky.

Washington politicians belittle E. C. Benedict's suggestion of a new party.

Colorado women's influence may prevent reelection of Senator Wolcott.

National committee of Gold Democratic party will meet on July 25.

Cullom will attend Philadelphia convention. Mason is undecided.

Illinois politicians talk of Cullom for the Vice Presidency.

ARMY AND NAVY.

Gulde led forty Americans into ambush near Taal. They escaped with two wounded.

Colonel Gardener praised Hartigan's men's work against Maleles' forces in Taybabas.

General Otis will be here today.

EDUCATION.

Trustee Keating opposes delay of Text Book commission's report, saying it is asked in the interest of the school book trust.

William T. Parker Jr., student at Harvard Law School, died of overwork.

Teachers may provide fund to test constitutionality of pension law.

Iowa University graduated 103 students.

SPORTING.

Boston made nine runs in fifth inning and defeated Chicago, 13 to 4. New York, 10; St. Louis, 3. Cincinnati, 5; Philadelphia, 1. Pittsburg, 7; Brooklyn, 4.

Chicago, 7; Cleveland, 2. Detroit, 1; Milwaukee, 0. Indianapolis, 5; Minneapolis, 2. Buffalo, 14; Kansas City, 4.

Derby caused a score of suicides in England.

J. H. Taylor won British golf championship.

Georgetown, 10; Chicago, 8.

MANY BUILDINGS WAIT FOR PEACE.

Projects Involving Expenditure Millions Are Under Way or to Start When Labor Is Ready.

STEEL PRICE A FACTOR.

Architects Say Construction Work in Chicago Will Have a Boom if Obstacles Are Removed.

UNION MAY BLOCK HARMONY

The condition of the building industry in Chicago is such today, in spite of the labor trouble, that an early settlement of the fight between contractors and union workmen probably would be followed at once by resumption of work on an extensive scale. There is work enough in sight to provide employment for an army of building mechanics.

The prospects for a settlement of the industrial war have improved during the last two weeks at a rate which, in the opinion of competent observers, has been responsible for a great revival in interest and a resumption of work in many places. All that is needed, they say, to produce the greatest activity in building operations for years is an adjustment of the labor difficulties.

A careful investigation of the number of buildings in process of construction and those in immediate contemplation shows structures whose total approximate cost is $6,083,000. In addition, there are a great number of smaller buildings in course of erection and in contemplation in all parts of the city sufficient to swell the aggregate cost to $10,000,000.

One of the most important factors, of course, behind the condition of the building industry is conceded to be the decline of prices in the steel and iron market during the last two months. Structural steel and iron a few months ago were quoted at prices which staggered possible investors, and now that the slump has come it is prophesied that the figures will before long invite investment in buildings.

Buildings Under Way or Planned.

Among the more important buildings now in course of erection or under contemplation are:

W. J. Moxley, southwest corner Randolph and Clinton	$ 250,000
Illinois Theater, Jackson boulevard, near Michigan	250,000
Chicago National Bank, Monroe street	200,000
T. B. Sheldon, 211 Jackson boulevard	200,000
W. H. Ritchie & Co., Van Buren and Green	200,000
Postoffice, $600,000 expended; balance of appropriation	2,400,000
Coliseum, Wabash avenue, near Fifteenth street	200,000
Murdoch-Kelly estate, Monroe, southeast corner Franklin	200,000
Western Electric company, improvements	168,000
W. J. Grower, Jackson boulevard and Desplaines street	150,000
Lennenschein & Stein, wall paper factory, Twenty-first street, near Western avenue	75,000
E. M. Barton, residence in Greenwood avenue	75,000
George Beidler, 130 and 132 West Washington street	50,000
E. J. Lehmann estate, 1417 to 1421 State street	50,000
Otis Elevator company, West Fifteenth street	40,000
Booth & Co., cold storage warehouse, Kinzie street, near North Clark	200,000
W. F. McLaughlin & Co., Michigan avenue, southwest corner River	225,000
W. H. Bush, Clark street, northwest corner Chicago avenue	168,000
Total	$6,083,000

Status of Each Project.

Of these projects only five will cost under 100,000 each, while the remaining thirteen run from that amount up to $3,400,000—the unexpended balance of the appropriation for the Postoffice. Five are in process of construction, including the Postoffice, Illinois Theater, Coliseum, and the Sheldon and Barton residences. On seven the excavating has been completed or is well under way.

(Continued on third page.)

CITY RAILWAY CARS STOPPED BY ACCIDENT AT THE POWER-HOUSE.

Pipes Carrying Steam from the Boilers to Engines Burst, Causing Loss of Car and a Blockade Delaying Hundreds of People.

Every trolley car on the Chicago City railway was tied last night during the hour when thousands of people were returning home from work. The cause of the delay was an explosion of two steam pipes in the power-house at Forty-ninth street and Oakley avenue.

Shortly before 5 o'clock Engineer Hart, who was working about the engine-room, heard steam escaping from the pipes leading to the steam chest. Before he could investigate there was an explosion, followed in quick succession by another and still louder report, both pipes which carry steam from the boilers to the engines having exploded. No one was injured.

The engines ceased to revolve, the current was shut off, and every trolley car stood still, some at street corners, some in the middle of the block, and still others hugging up close to railway crossings.

In the down-town districts the crowd amounted to a crush. On the South Side, at the various cross-town transfer points, hundreds of people stood around and wondered what was the matter. In the Stock-Yards district fully 5,000 employés of the big packing-houses waited for cars to convey them to their residences.

At 6 o'clock, after an hour's delay, the engines were started again, the current was turned on, and the cars began running once more. By 8 o'clock all cars were running on schedule time.

The electric cars are operated from the two power-houses at Forty-ninth street and Oakley avenue and Fifty-second and State streets. The State street power-house could not furnish enough power to run the entire system, and so far as possible the cross-town lines were cut off. Even this did not aid the lines in Halsted street, Wentworth avenue, Ashland avenue, or Archer avenue.

TO WARN INVADERS WITH HOSE.

Sheridan Park Residents Seek Aid of Police in Keeping Excursionists from Lawns.

A committee appointed by the property-owners of Sheridan Park and vicinity complained at the Town Hall Police Station last night of the invasion of their lawns by picnickers who patronize the new Northwestern "L" road and enjoy outings in the north shore woods. They said thousands of excursionists left the station at Wilson avenue last Sunday, swept across the inhabited region to the west and east, broke down fences and shrubs, picked flowers, and made paths through lawns.

One member of the committee suggested they all stand guard at their homes with garden hose. It was finally decided that Lieutenant Hathaway, at the head of police, supported by the male residents of the neighborhood, armed with their hose, meet the excursionists as they emerge from the elevated station and warn them against advancing beyond Pemberton avenue.

Captain O'Connor says he will have to have 200 extra policemen next Sunday to handle the big crowd expected to invade the north shore suburbs.

FIRED ON BY HOLDUP MEN.

William Snite Has an Encounter with Robbers Believed to Be the Ones Who Shot Dr. Gillane.

William Snite, a bartender in the saloon of his brother, Albert, at 487 Ogden avenue, was attacked by two robbers with revolvers last night. His reply to the robbers' order to throw up his hands was, "O, I guess not." The robbers fired two shots at Snite, but the bullets did not take effect and the robbers made their escape by running east in Polk street.

It is believed the men are the same that have committed a number of robberies on the West Side recently and that they were implicated in the shooting of Dr. Gillane Tuesday night.

Several detectives were put on the case last evening, but failed to find the men.

CHICAGO CAPITAL IN PERU.

Match Factory Formally Opened at Lima by President Romana.

LIMA, Peru, June 7.—President Romana today, in the presence of a concourse of natives and foreigners, opened a new match factory in the outskirts of Callao. The undertaking has a capital of $400,000 (Peruvian), more than half of which comes from Chicago.

DOZEN KNOCKED FROM A COACH.

Passengers Are Scraped Off Vehicle as It Passes Under the Illinois Central Tracks.

YOUNG WOMEN ARE HURT

Viaduct Over Fifty-First Street Too Low for the Wagon to Be Driven Beneath Safely.

MANY NEAR TO DEATH.

A dozen persons riding on top of a coach were knocked off last night when the coach passed under the Illinois Central viaduct at Fifty-first street, the space between the viaduct and the top of the coach not being great enough for a safe passage. All the persons received injuries in the accident.

The Seriously Injured.

Those seriously hurt are:

Blanche, F. J., 122 Wesley avenue, head and hands cut; injuries dressed at Hyde Park drug store; taken to his residence later on street car.

Lawrence, Miss Mabel, River Forest; head cut and hand crushed; fainted from fright; taken home on street car.

Matlock, Martha, Oak Park, cut on head and body and badly bruised; fainted from wounds and fright; taken to Hyde Park drug store, where her wounds were dressed, and later taken to her residence on street car.

McIntyre, Miss Laura, Melrose Park; right foot crushed and hand cut; taken home on street car.

Service, H. A., Berwyn, head cut and right foot crushed; injuries dressed at Hyde Park Hotel; taken to his residence on street car.

The party was made up of fifty or more young people from Oak Park, Berwyn, and other West Side suburbs. The coach that carried those who were injured was the first of two that were starting back from a tour through the parks and driveways of the South Park system in Chicago, and the young people were in a merry mood, blowing horns and singing.

Guests in the Chicago Beach Hotel heard the laughter as the two coaches rolled past, and a minute later heard the screams of hurt and frightened young women, as the leading coach rolled under the viaduct.

There is a slight depression in Fifty-first street where it passes under the viaduct, and the speed of the coaches was greater than at some other places passed. The fact that the coach with its load was too high to pass under the viaduct was not noticed by the driver at first, and before he had time to give any warning the occupants of the top seats were swept off the coach by a heavy steel stringer.

The wounded and those who had fainted were carried to the drug store in the Hyde Park Hotel and physicians were summoned at once to give attention to the injured.

Second Coach Saved.

The driver of the second coach had seen the mishap to the coach in the lead and checked his speed in time to avoid another crash. Members of the party who were not injured clambered out of the vehicles and went into the drug store and the hotel lobby, where the wounded were being cared for by Dr. W. W. Winberg. In a short time all were in a condition to be taken home, including two young women who had fainted.

Most of the injured persons declined to ride to their residences and went on street cars. Those who had not been injured resumed the journey without them, save those who remained with bandaged and nerve-shattered friends to see that they reached their residences without trouble.

Members of the party, both those who were hurled from the coach and those who were unhurt, roundly scored the driver, saying the accident happened through his carelessness.

Wagon Collides with Street Car.

Four persons were slightly injured in the evening by a collision between a Madison street cable train and an express wagon at West Madison and Green streets. The injured were taken home. They are:

Goldberg, Jacob, 29 East Chicago avenue; head cut.

Goldberg, Mrs. Mollie, 29 East Chicago avenue; shoulders crushed.

Koplin, Mrs. Minnie, 202 Division street; injured about head.

Koplin, Joseph, 11 years old, 202 Division street; injured about face.

CHICAGO WHEELMEN RIDE OVER PARAPET OF A HIGH VIADUCT.

Daring Feat the Result of a Thoughtless Challenge—Elbridge Hart and Henry Wesson Pedal Along a Narrow Path Three Hundred Feet in the Air.

Binghamton, N. Y., June 7.—[Special.]—Elbridge Hart and Henry Wesson, two Chicago bicycle riders, rode the parapet of the Lanesboro viaduct, on the Erie road, while a crowd of frightened spectators in the village gazed upwards 300 feet, expecting momentarily to witness a tragedy.

Within the last year several persons have been dashed to pieces by falling from the bridge 305 feet to the rocks, and when the two riders, on their way to New York, reached the bridge, Hart challenged Wesson to ride it, intimating that he lacked nerve. Wesson thereupon started along the edge and Hart necessarily followed. The coping is only twelve inches wide, but a quarter of a mile long, and on this the men rode. A wobble of a wheel or a passing train would have thrown them to the rocks below.

After they started both bitterly regretted the desire to make a record, but it was too late. They had to ride or fall. They rode, and when at last the end was reached one of the riders succumbed to the strain and fainted. It was the first time the feat was ever attempted.

MRS. W. L. BIEBERMAN, NIECE OF W. A. CLARK OF MONTANA, MISSING.

Her Husband Reports Disappearance to the Police — Takes Her Little Daughter Along—Her Uncle Passes Through the City En Route Home.

William L. Bieberman, who said his wife is a niece of W. A. Clark of Montana, who failed to take a seat in the federal Senate, reported at Central police headquarters at 11 o'clock last night that she had disappeared from their residence, 111 East Ohio street. With her is their 2-year-old daughter. Bieberman said she had a sum of money in the house, amounting to $300 or $400, which she evidently had taken with her.

Mrs. Bieberman's maiden name was Lillian Violette Rose. She was described as a slender woman, 22 years of age. Her husband was at a loss to account for her disappearance.

"My wife must have left the house about 6 o'clock in the evening," he said at the police station. "With her was the baby. I know of no reason for her disappearance whatever. I only hope that I will find her. She is a niece of Senator Clark of Montana."

W. A. Clark, Mrs. Bieberman's uncle, was in the city a short time last night, coming from the East, and leaving at 9:30 o'clock in the evening for Montana.

BOYS FLOGGED IN COURTROOM.

Punished Publicly for Tying a Dog to a Railway Track So a Train Cuts Its Tail Off.

Roy West and Charles Scharff, each 11 years old, were flogged publicly in Police Magistrate Davison's office in Melrose Park yesterday for tying the justice's fox terrier to a railway track in such a way that an approaching train cut off the animal's tail. A large crowd witnessed the execution of the court's sentence.

The boys took the dog away from the magistrate's courtroom in the morning and tied it on the Northwestern tracks at the Belt Line crossing. The fast mail passed in a few minutes. The engineer saw the animal had been tied and tried to stop the train, but did not succeed, and the dog's tail was cut off.

The boys were taken to the magistrate's office and their parents notified. The fathers were at work and the mothers answered the summons. Magistrate Davison said he would release the boys if the mothers would flog them and flog them hard. A constable furnished the instruments and the mothers did the rest, and did it well.

BULLETIN OF

The Daily Tribune.

CHICAGO, FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1900.

Weather predictions for the next 24 hours:

Continued warm and fair Friday, except local thunder-storms are probable; fair Saturday.

Sun rises at 4:25; sets at 7:32.

Moon rises at 1:21 a. m.

IMPORTANT NEWS AND FEATURES

Pages.

1 Adjournment of Congress.
Many Buildings Wait for Peace.
Accident to Coaching Party.
Asks America to Prevent War.

2 St. Louis Ruled by Mobs.
Virginia, Wis., Fire Swept.

3 Boers Remove Their Prisoners.
King Oscar in Paris.
Progress of Kaiser's Navy Bill.
Czechs Forcing a Crisis.
July Wheat Advances Two Cents.

4 General News of New York.
Want Running Mate for Bryan.
Ice Trust Lowers Price.

5 Congress Ends Session in Song.
Condition of City Paving.

7 Boardman-Keep Wedding.
R. Hall McCormick on Paris Fair.
Keating Scores Text Book Trust.

9 Good Hurdle Race at Hawthorne.
Boston, 13; Chicago, 4.
Taylor Is Now Golf Champion.
Object to the Fog Horn.

10 Vote Funds to Fight Dowie.

12 Commercial Clubs at Banquet.
Women's Clubs Avoid Color Line.

Pages.	Pages.
6 Editorial.	8 Railroads.
7 Society.	8 Courts.
7 Short Story.	9 Insurance.
7 Fontenoy.	12 Lake Marine.
8 Commercial.	

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
BOULOGNE	Amsterdam	
BREMEN	Rhein	
NEW HAVEN	Saale	
CHERBOURG	F. Bismarck	
GLASGOW	State of Neb.	
HONGKONG	Goodwin	
LIVERPOOL	Waseland	Cambrian.
LIVERPOOL	Michigan	New England.
LIZARD	La Touraine	
LIVERPOOL	Germanic	
MADEIRA	Roma	
NEW YORK	Palatia	La Bretagne.
NEW YORK		K. Friedrich.
NEW YORK		Bovic.
NEW YORK		Barbarossa.
PLYMOUTH	F. Bismarck	
QUEENSTOWN		Rhyaland.
QUEENSTOWN		Teutonic.
ROTTERDAM	Amsterdam	Rotterdam.
S. FRANCISCO	City of Para	Curacoa.
YOKOHAMA		Mount Ashirk

ASKS AMERICA TO PREVENT WAR.

Sentiment in London Declares United States Alone Can Settle the Crisis in China.

JEALOUSY OF THE POWERS

Great Britain and Russia Dare Not Act Singly as World-Wide Strife Would Follow.

SEES A MENACE TO PEACE.

Present Situation One That Must Be Remedied by a Strong Military Force at Peking.

CONFIDENCE IN UNITED STATES.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, June 8, 3 a. m.—The Daily Mail inclines to the belief that the solution of the Chinese trouble all rests in the hands of the Washington government. Under the caption, "McKinley's Opportunity," the Mail prints an editorial leader this morning, which says:

"The state of things in China is fast going from bad to worse, and that once great empire is exhibiting every symptom of senile paralysis. The widespread revolt of the Boxers, accompanied, as it has been, by every species of outrage upon foreign residents and injury to foreign property, is not of a nature to be tolerated by the foreign powers. The Chinese government is helpless.

"The real danger is of the isolated intervention by Russia, which will simply mean the eating up of Peking and the closing of the open door to one more province.

England Landing Troops.

"Great Britain is reported, with somewhat doubtful accuracy, to have landed 900 men from its fleet for the protection of the Tien Tsin railway line, which is British property, but a far larger force may be required if the present trouble is not grossly exaggerated.

"With our attention temporarily occupied in south Africa it will be difficult for us to provide a division of troops. There are, however, fortunately, other powers as deeply concerned in the Chinese matter as ourselves, who can be trusted to act. The United States has secured definite pledges for the maintenance of the open door, and its intervention would not produce the friction and danger which are to be anticipated if either England or Russia act alone.

Danger of World-Wide War.

"We have no desire to provoke a world-wide conflict, yet our movements are regarded with so much suspicion by many Russians that serious complications might ensue did we land a strong force near Peking. The same applies to Russia, now face to face with ourselves, but the United States has traditions of friendship with Russia and community of interests with England. Its action would, therefore, assure the hostility of neither power.

"It need scarcely be said that the United States would have the moral support of the British people, and material support also, if only the policy of our government in the far East were stronger than it is. The United States certainly would be assisted by Japan.

America Can Prevent War.

"In this way a world-wide conflict disastrous to the interests of all the great powers could best be avoided, and at the same time the pledges which the skillful negotiations of Secretary Hay extracted from the various powers would be vindicated.

"The opportunity for America has come."

Britain Lands More Troops.

The situation in the far East is growing worse hourly. This fact is indicated by the dispatches received during the night from Shanghai and other points on the Chinese coast. A news agency special which is prominently displayed by the London papers this morning, dated at Shanghai last night, says:

"One hundred and eighty British marines, with a machine gun, are about to force a passage from Tien Tsin to Peking. Altogether about 900 British have been landed from the fleet, a greater number than have landed from the combined vessels of the other powers. This evidence of Great Britain's intention to assert her position strongly gives great satisfaction here."

"The Dowager Empress has ordered General Neih Si Chong, with 3,000 men, to protect the railroad at Peking.

"A severe fight has occurred with the Boxers, whose ranks include many soldiers from other Generals' commands. When the battle ended 200 dead were left on the field."

Evasive Chinese Decree.

A dispatch to the Times, dated last night at Peking, says: "The imperial decree issued yesterday is of the same evasive character as the preceding one. Throughout it shows an apologetic tone and virtually gives justification to the Boxers for the recent anti-foreign and anti-Christian outbreak. The edict repeats the accusations against the native Christians, who, it declares, join the church for their base ends, and refers to the Boxers as a brotherhood and not rebels. It avoids all reference to the murders of missionaries or native Christians, and implies that the destruction of railway and mission property is due to lawless characters who have joined the Boxers to profit by the disturbances.

"The decree blames the officials who have given orders that the lawless be punished, and condemns the Chili Province soldiers for assisting in the disturbances; but its character, on the whole, is quite unsatisfactory.

"The Tsung-li-Yamen officials say that railway communication will be restored by Saturday. They have protested against the arrival of more British guards."

Russia Proposes Radical Remedy.

A dispatch to the Times this morning from St. Petersburg, dated Wednesday, says: "The disturbance in China is followed here with keen attention, but what is thought or what is being done officially is a matter only to be known or inferred from the news of

KRUGER SAYS HE IS NOT YET WHIPPED.

President of the Transvaal Republic Now Has the Capital in a Railway Car, in Which He Declares That By and By He Proposes to Return to Pretoria.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, June 8, 3 a. m.—President Kruger and Secretary of State Reitz now have the Transvaal capital established in a private railway car, which the discreet "Oom Paul" had constructed for this special purpose some time ago. The car on Thursday stood on a side-track at Machadadorp, a station on the railroad, directly south of Lydenburg. The Express correspondent describes the car comfortable, but not luxurious.

"Yes, it is quite true that the British forces have occupied Pretoria," said President Kruger. "That fact, however, by no means marks the end of the war. The burghers are fully determined to fight to the last, and will never surrender as long as 500 armed men remain in the country."

"I feel deeply encouraged with the fine work Commandant De Wet and President Steyn have been doing in the Orange Free State."

When the correspondent insisted that the war must be over, since the Boer capital has been taken, President Kruger replied:

"The capital? What is the capital? It does not consist of any particular collection of bricks and mortar. The republican capital and seat of government is here, in this car. There is no magic about any special site.

"Our country is invaded, it is true, but it is not conquered, and the government is still effective."

"I presume your reason for leaving Pretoria was that you might not fall into the hands of the British," ventured the correspondent.

"I provided this means of locomotion precisely for the same purpose that our burghers supply themselves with horses when they take the field. It is necessary that I should be able to move quickly from place to place. That is all.

"By and by this car will take me back to Pretoria. For the present it enables me to keep away from Pretoria, where I could be of no service, and where I should only play into the hands of the enemy."

Concerning the report that he had taken $10,000,000 in gold away with him President Kruger said:

"It is not true. Whatever monetary resources I may have with me are simply those which we require for state purposes. At the same time I am not going to tell you where our treasure is. Let Lord Roberts find it if he can."

"They also say in England that you contemplate taking refuge in the Dutch warship lying off Lourenzo Marquez."

"That, again, is a lie," said President Kruger, vehemently. "I know of no Dutch war vessel. I am not contemplating taking refuge anywhere. I shall not leave my country. There will be no need for me to do anything of the kind."

"And then, there is much surprise over your having left Mrs. Kruger behind."

"But why? Mrs. Kruger is quite safe in Pretoria. She would only be put to personal inconvenience here. All communication between us has stopped, of course, but she will await my return with calmness and courage. She is a brave woman.

"I am here awaiting further information. We are surrounded by faithful burghers, and quite safe."

Secretary of State Reitz then remarked: "You may depend upon it, the war is not yet over. Guerrilla warfare will go on over an enormous area. We intend to fight to the bitter end, and shall probably retire upon Lydenburg, where we can hold out for many months."

"Yes," observed President Kruger, "only now will the real struggle begin I fear there is still to be much bloodshed, but the fault for that lies with the British government. The time has passed for us to talk. We have done plenty of that, but it has done us no good. There is now nothing left for us to do but to keep fighting, keep fighting."

Russia's action on the spot. No reference to the subject is yet to be found in the official or semi-official press.

"Russia proposes the radical remedy of deposing and banishing the Dowager Empress of China and an increase in the strength of the foreign troops at Peking to such an extent that they will be able to dictate the will of Europe to the Chinese government.

"The demand of the London papers that England must take the lead in restoring order in China meets with energetic opposition from the Russian press. The official Novoe Vremja, in an evidently inspired editorial, says:

"'England seeks to disturb the unanimity of the powers, and cast discredit on Russia. Russia, however, is not inclined to pull chestnuts out of the fire for another. If any power can declare independence and freedom of action in China it is Russia, who has sufficient naval and land forces on the spot.

"'Russia and America are entirely agreed, and all England's endeavors, therefore, will be fruitless. England will remain isolated.'"

Legations at Peking Safe.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

LONDON, June 8.—The situation in China, as measured by abundant unofficial telegrams, continues full of interesting possibilities, but apparently it has not grown worse during the last twenty-four hours, although the favorite adjectives of London and continental commentators are "perilous," "grave," and "dangerous."

The naval commanders in Chinese waters have received identical instructions as to procedure, the question of an emergency being left to their discretion. No fear is entertained for the safety of the legations at Peking. European residents, however, are escaping from the capital to the coast. Peking is still under control, according to a dispatch to the Morning Post, dated yesterday, but in an excited state. A thousand foreign guards were garrisoning the legation houses.

Boxer Revolt Is Spreading.

Six hundred international troops are at Tien-Tsin, with six guns. A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Shanghai, dated June 7, takes a gloomy view of things, which are pictured as going from bad to worse. The correspondent says:

"The authorities are displaying palpably guilty supineness in dealing with the Boxers and the powers are more and more taking matters into their own hands. The Boxer revolt is spreading and is rapidly changing its character. The Boxers are getting arms, preparing to meet force with force.

"There has been no communication between Peking and Tien-Tsin since Tuesday, although one miserable abortive attempt has been made by Chinese soldiers to reach the capital. The troops were fired upon and the train had to come back. Another station has been burned on the line."

Reports 500 Boxers Killed.

A news agency dispatch from Tien-Tsin dated yesterday says: "The 'Boxers' are still raiding and pillaging over a wide area. They have wrecked and burned the stations at Long Fong and Langoo.

"It has been definitely ascertained that Mme. Astier and Messrs. Ossent and Cades have been murdered. General Nieh claims to have defeated the Boxers, killing 500."

The Daily Express has the following dispatch from Shanghai, dated June 7: Attempts to repair the damage to the railway between Tien-Tsin and Peking have been frustrated by the Boxers, who, thousands strong, hold the line against the engineers, gangs attacking the trains arriving.

The nearest undamaged point is forty-five miles from Tien-Tsin. All the children and women except Lady Macdonald have left the legations. There are the gravest fears for missionaries in outlying parts. They number hundreds, and the stations are isolated. Concerted action is impossible.

England's financial interests in China, interests that can be named on the Stock Exchange, aggregate £40,000,000. These, on an average, have declined 1 per cent. There are also many trading companies and syndicates holding concessions which are capitalized for vast unknown sums. The English money in China is probably close to $500,000,000.

Lord Salisbury realizes how great are the difficulties with which Great Britain is hedged in at the present moment. Replying to a private letter the other day, which suggested that Great Britain should show her teeth more, Lord Salisbury, it is learned by the Associated Press, replied that, "unfortunately, England's teeth were now in South Africa."

A member of a foreign embassy in London is certain the British Foreign office is contemplating sending instructions to all its Ministers to secure the support of other governments, especially that of the United States, in a plan of action. Though Russia might be invited to join, this concert would have for its ulterior object the frustration of any designs Russia may harbor for making capital out of the present troubled state of affairs in China. This statement the British Foreign office categorically and emphatically denies.

The St. James' Gazette declares there is "nothing for it but to see what can be done by a magnified version of that European concert we saw worked in Crete—by the diplomatic steam roller, more complicated, less handy, and more jarring than the old one, because it includes wheels which are Japanese and others which are American."

The Westminster Gazette maintains that Great Britain's choice is either to wait for a collision between Russia and Japan, in the meanwhile confining her efforts to police work and landing parties, or to organize joint European intervention, in which all parties will bind themselves to keep the peace and respect the independence of Pekin."

Later details from Tien Tsin say that during the engagement at Tung Hu between the Boxers and Catholic Christians Tuesday the Christians captured nine cannon.

Outline of German Policy.

BERLIN, June 7.—The officer commanding the German squadron at Che-Foo has been directed by cable to send a detachment of sailors and marines to Tien Tsin, and, after conferring with the German Minister at Peking, to arrange with the commanders of the other squadrons regarding further measures to be taken for the protection of Europeans.

It is understood that Germany has officially declared her readiness to act in concert with the other powers, but having no interests outside of Shan-Tung Province she is not disposed to take the leading part in intervention in China.

The German newspapers claim to have discovered that the alleged secret agreement arrived at between Russia and Japan to act together against Great Britain in the far East is purely fictitious. The National Zeitung avers that Great Britain stands hand in glove with Japan.

Word from Admiral Kempff.

Washington, D. C., June 7.—[Special.]—The Navy department received a cablegram from Rear Admiral Kempff this morning which indicates that the naval commanders at Taku are conferring with a view to conjunctive action in affording protection to foreign subjects now menaced by the Boxers.

Nothing was received from Mr. Conger today, but it is presumed at the State department that he is in close touch with Rear Admiral Kempff. Mr. Conger has quite explicit instructions from this government and is given wide powers. He can call upon Kempff for whatever force he may need to guard the legation and the consulates. He was not directed and is not expected to send detachments into the interior.

Americans in China must look to the consulates and to the legation at Peking for protection. This government is fearful of taking action which might be construed to indicate that the United States purposes taking any part in the internal affairs of China. It is fully realized here that any ill-timed move might readily precipitate grave complications.

The State department was in receipt today of large numbers of letters from friends of American citizens in China. These show that there is widespread apprehension throughout the country for the safety of Americans in the Orient. Many of these writers demand that troops be sent to interior points in China, to relieve the danger which now surrounds missionaries and their families.

The reply of the department is that Minister Conger is able to judge of what is best to be done to insure safety of Americans, and that he has general authorization by his government to afford protection.

It is demanded by some of the friends of missionaries that the United States pursue an aggressive policy. They would have this government send a large naval force, and make an effort to suppress the Boxers without giving the Chinese government an opportunity to control the situation. The government is even charged by some friends of missionaries with dereliction in not dispatching a larger marine force to China at the early stage of the Boxer outbreak.

No Concerted Intervention.

State department officials were asked specifically today if any of the foreign powers have approached the United States with a view to a concerted movement of the nations interested in China against the Boxers, which the imperial army seems unable to suppress. The reply was made that not one word has been said inviting the United States to join in such a movement.

It was said further that there have been no signs visible that the European nations were seeking to take a concerted action in the direction of intervention.

"This government will act independently and will go no further than to throw protection around American citizens and American interests in China. Of course, it will be necessary to cooperate to a certain extent with foreign representatives that there may be a full understanding as to the action each contemplates taking."

This was said today by a high administration official when asked to say what policy this government would pursue.

Russia the Greater Menace.

Diplomats see the greatest element of danger in the persistent efforts of the Russian government to land larger bodies of troops on Chinese soil than any other power has sent ashore. They are aware that Japan strongly opposes the desires of Russia in this respect. In some quarters it is believed Japan would act promptly should Russia make any move which to the Japanese would indicate that Russia was seeking to enlarge her sphere of influence. The Japanese will be expected to resent any encroachment on Chinese territory by Russia.

The Russian Chargé d'Affaires, Mr. Wollant, was an early caller at the State department this morning. It is understood that he made anxious inquiries concerning a published statement that the United States would join in a movement to prevent Russia from landing troops. It is quite manifest that the Russian Chargé was assured that this government had not signified any such intention.

Chinese Minister Wu was another caller at the department. He sought news from Secretary Hay, having received nothing himself from his government. Mr. Wu continues optimistic and foresees no great danger to his country.

The State department is still without specific information as to what American missionaries are in the most imminent danger. This is explained by the fact that facilities for communicating from one part of China to another are quite meager.

ROGERS DEFENDS THE POOR.

Head of Northwestern Addresses Class in Cleveland on Social Conditions and Trusts.

Cleveland, O., June 7.—[Special.]—President Henry Wade Rogers of Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill., attacked what he termed the "aristocratic class" and the trusts at the Case School commencement exercises today. President Rogers made the address to the graduates. His remarks were vigorously applauded.

"The tendency of the past has been to blame existing wrongs on the poor people," President Rogers said. "But it is a fact that the common people are at least no worse than the rich class.

"It does not follow because a man is wealthy he is a good man. Neither does it follow because a man belongs to the class known as common people he is a bad man. There has been too much of this sort of sentiment in this country."

The second part of President Rogers' address was devoted to the trusts. It was a vigorous arraignment of the trust system. President Rogers declared that the trusts have the throat of the government in their clutches.

Iowa City, Ia., June 7.—[Special.]—One hundred and three students received degrees today from the collegiate department of the University of Iowa, and the graduating exercises were closed. President McLean announced that A. Whitney Carr of Jordan, N. Y., has made an endowment of $50,000 to the university, the earnings of which are to be used in free scholarships for young men or women who are unable to pay for tuition. Mr. Carr is a former resident of Iowa and his gift was joyfully received by the Board of Regents.

Alton, Ill., June 7.—[Special.]—The seventy-third annual commencement of the Shurtleff College, Upper Alton, took place this morning. The new President of the college, the Rev. Stanley A. McKay, formerly pastor of the First Baptist Church of Bloomington, Ill., was formally inducted into office. The honor graduates were: Miss Bertha Osborne, Upper Alton, valedictorian; Miss Edna Conn, Shelbyville, salutorian. Ten were graduated in the college, four in the music school, and one in the elocution department.

Galesburg, Ill., June 7.—[Special.]—The forty-fifth annual commencement of Lombard College closed with the graduating exercises today. On Monday night was held the annual Townsend contest in declamation, in which six young women competed. The prizes were awarded Miss Nellie C. Turner and Miss Bertha Bradford.

The graduating exercises of today were held in the college gymnasium. The address was delivered by the Rev. Frank W. Gunsaulus of Chicago. William David Buchanan appeared on the program for the Ryder Divinity School, and Martha Belle Arnold, Carrie Ruth Nash, and Iva May Bleckel for the College of Liberal Arts.

GRADUTAES CLASS IN MUSIC.

Commencement at Northwestern University Opens with a Recital—Thirteen Receive Diplomas.

Commencement exercises at Northwestern University opened last night with the graduating exercises of the School of Music, which took the form of a recital in the music school auditorium. The class is the largest ever graduated from that department, having thirteen members. The program was as follows:

Organ. Fugue in G minor, "The Greater"...Bach
Mr. William E. Zeuch.
Piano. "On the Wings of Song"...Mendelssohn-Liszt
"The Nightingale"...Liszt
Miss Grace Ericson.
Piano. Rondo Capriccioso...Mendelssohn
Mr. Charles V. Hatch.
Vocal. "The Swallows"...Cowen
Miss Ora Boyer.
Piano. Csardas...MacDowell
Miss Carrie Holbrook.
Piano. Nocturne, F sharp major...Chopin
Hexentanz...MacDowell
Miss Mabel Dunn.
Vocal. waltz song, from "Romeo and Juliet"...Gounod
Miss Irene Snyder.
Piano. Ruskaja (Trepak)...Rubinstein
Miss Edna Fleshein.
Piano. Scherzo, B flat minor...Chopin
Miss Edna Fleshein.

After the recital Dean Lutkin presented diplomas and certificates to the following students:

Edna Earle Fleshiem,	Anna Viola Phillips,
Irene Bertha Stevens,	Mabel Pauline Hall,
Emily Schorb Bemis,	Rachel Orelia Boyer,
Mabel Adelle Dunn,	William E. Zeuch,
Jessie Olivia Ericson,	Alfred George Walthall,
Carrie Cole Holbrook,	Charles John Haake,
Lillian Humfreville,	

ST. LOUIS UNDER RULE OF MOBS.

Police and Possé Are of Little Avail in Arresting Violators of Law.

FOUR MORE MEN SHOT.

Cars on the Lindell Line Are Run at Night Between Rows of Armed Guards.

WOMEN OF CITY TERRORIZED

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

St. Louis, Mo., June 7.—[Special.]—Mob rule, with its quota of shootings, assaults, and riots, was the order of today in the street car employés strike. Posse and police availed little to prevent the numerous outbreaks, which reached their climax in the shooting of a policeman and a citizen at dusk this evening. Other forms of violence added several to the casualties.

The Dead.

TAYLOR, WILLIAM, clerk; fell dead in car of attack of heart disease, occasioned by fright.

The Injured.

Albers, Lawrence, laborer; beaten by strikers; not serious.

Boland, B. J., policeman, 214 O'Fallon street; shot in leg; not serious.

Coates, William, Transit company special policeman; shot in shoulder at Kossuth and Grand avenues; serious.

Gibbon, Michael, policeman, 5124 Forest avenue; shot in leg; not serious.

Goettling, William, engraver, 1442 Monroe street; shot in back while in a crowd at Chambers and Fifteenth streets; may die.

Finley, Thomas, motorman; stoned in Anheuser-Busch brewery grounds; not serious.

Flynn, Joseph, laborer; beaten by strikers; not serious.

Shot from a Housetop.

Boland and Gibbon are special officers guarding cars. The wires were cut at 10:40 o'clock and transportation was suspended half an hour. Boland was standing beside his car at Cass and Fifteenth streets when a bullet from a housetop struck him in the leg.

Gibbon was guarding his car at the same time at Angelica and Twenty-fifth streets when he was also shot in the leg. No arrests for any of the shootings have been made.

At Chambers and Fifteenth streets the most serious riot of the day took place. Six cars were blocked there at 7 o'clock by the cutting of the wires, and a crowd of 500 people collected about them. When the electrical current was restored the mob prevented the cars from moving. A squad of fifty mounted police was summoned, and the strikers sullenly yielding were driven like cattle slowly up the avenue. The officers fired into the air continually, and many armed men in the crowd fired back.

William Goettling was standing on the sidewalk when he suddenly fell forward with a bullet in the back. He was taken to the City Hospital, where it is thought he will die. The responsibility for the shot has not been established. Goettling says he was merely a spectator.

William Coates was the special policeman guarding the repair gang which was splicing the severed wires at Kossuth and Grand avenue. He was sitting on the seat of the repair wagon when a bullet crashed into his left shoulder. No one was to be seen in the block, and it was thought the shot was fired from behind a building.

Through Lines of Guards.

Through double lines of the posse comitatus half a dozen street cars on the main division of the Lindell line, on Washington avenue, were run from 9 o'clock till midnight this evening. The members of the posse, each armed with a shotgun, stood fifty feet apart on each side of the tracks from Taylor avenue to Third street, a distance of four miles. The attempt was an experiment in braving the mobs of strikers after dark, and most people preferred not to be parties to the trial. The first cars contained no passengers at all, but later a few persons were prevailed upon to make the trip.

Tracks Mined with Dynamite.

Thirty passengers on an Easton avenue car had a narrow escape from destruction this morning. Three minutes before the car passed Patrolmen Gibson and Moore discovered that the intersection of the Vandeventer and Easton avenue lines had been mined with dynamite. The paving blocks had been removed and sixteen sticks of dynamite placed underneath.

In an abandoned shed at the corner of Broadway and Gascoade street Detectives Shevlin and Field found twenty sticks of dynamite, some percussion caps, and some fuse.

A South Broadway car in the Anheuser-Busch brewery grounds was stoned late this afternoon and Thomas Finley, the motorman, was badly bruised by the missiles. William Taylor, a clerk for the Merchants' Terminal association, who resides at 2107 Clark avenue, dropped dead in a car at Sixteenth and Poplar streets. He was 45 years old and a sufferer from heart disease. A crowd was hooting at the motorman and conductor, and at a sudden lurch of the car Taylor fell from his seat, dead.

Lawrence Albers and Joseph Flynn, non-union men, were badly beaten by strikers after leaving a Suburban car. The assailants used stones and clubs, and both victims had to be taken to the city hospital.

This afternoon a determined looking young woman alighted from a car at Seventh and Chestnut streets and was greeted with the usual hisses and cries. Singling out a man at the edge of the crowd, she drew a rawhide whip from the folds of her dress and struck him twice across the face. The man slunk away and the woman passed on unmolested. A policeman near by complimented the young woman upon her punitive ability, but made no arrests.

Women Are Terrorized.

The women of the city are terrorized by the recent numerous attacks upon girls for riding on the cars. Few women venture to patronize the Transit company, and the drays and other improvised busses are given up almost entirely to the feminine passengers. Shopping has ceased practically, and merchants are complaining that for the last week the number of women patrons is insignificant.

Another unsuccessful attempt was made to settle the strike by the attorneys of the opposing factions. Henry S. Priest represented the Transit company and ex-Governor W. J. Stone the union. The strikers demanded that all the former employés be taken back, but the company refused to treat on that condition and the conference adjourned.

Governor Stephens failed to arrive in the city tonight according to the arrangements made by the committee of business men yesterday. He telegraphed John F. Lee and Chief of Police Campbell that he would come tomorrow and then definitely decide on the advisability of calling out the militia.

Desertions of non-union men were numerous today and the company is having hard work to fill their places.

JOINT SESSION OF ARCHITECTS AND THE OUTDOOR ART SOCIETY.

Municipal Improvements, Development of the Beautiful in Cities, Proper Roadways in Parks, and Allied Topics Are Discussed.

Architects from all parts of the United States were in attendance last night in Fullerton Hall, Art Institute, at the joint session of the American Park and Outdoor Art association and the Architectural League of America. Yesterday was the opening day of the convention of the league, which is to continue until tomorrow. Director W. M. R. French of the Art Institute presided at the session. He paid a tribute to "The Architect" in these words:

"The architect is a man of most varied capabilities. He is primarily a draftsman and a designer, but, having mastered the details of his profession so far, he must take on the character of a poet, an artist, a dreamer, and a business-man. The architect it is who, in Chicago, worries himself gray-haired over the labor question."

Professor James W. Patterson of the institute read a paper by Mrs. Edwin D. Mead on municipal improvements, illustrating it by stereopticon pictures of skyscrapers and billboards. Albert Kelsey, President of the Architectural league, talked on the possibilities for the development of the beautiful in cities.

In the Afternoon.

At the opening session of the league convention in the afternoon President Kelsey outlined the future before the league. One of the best results that could be hoped for, he said, was the accomplishment of a code governing competitions. He referred to the Pennsylvania State Capitol scandal, criticising the Judiciary Committee of the American Institute of Architects for refusing to make thorough inquiry into the connection of Henry Ives Cobb with the matter.

President Kelsey was himself criticised later by Delegate Julius F. Harder of the New York Architectural league for soliciting advertisements for his architectural journal by writing letters to architects on letterheads of the league, using also the names of members of the league in what Mr. Harder termed an unwarranted manner. A motion to censure the action of the Executive committee which selected Mr. Kelsey's paper as the official organ of the league was passed. As a proof, however, that nothing but mild censure was intended another motion was passed reappointing Mr. Kelsey's paper as the official organ.

At the close of the afternoon session the delegates attended a reception by the Builders' club in the clubrooms in the Chamber of Commerce Building.

Outdoor Art Convention.

"Park Roads" was the subject of the principal address delivered before the delegates to the convention of the American Park and Outdoor Art association at the Art Institute in the morning. Superintendent J. Frank Foster was the speaker and took the stand that the parks have entirely too many driveways, walks, and roads.

"If we must have roads," he said, "let us have them as every lover of nature would have them, of unequal widths and irregular margin, with grass running out from the edges, and without that formal regularity which the majority of people prefer to conceptions of the beautiful."

S. M. Millard read a paper on "Art in Landscape." William Ordway Partridge of Boston had prepared a paper on "The Proper Setting of Statuary in Public Places," which was read. The Rev. J. A. Rondthaler discussed the influence of public parks on the morality of the people.

During the afternoon the members of the Outdoor Art association were the guests of the Lincoln Park Commissioners in a drive through the north shore park.

T. COTTRELL SHOOTS HIMSELF.

Former Board of Trade Member Attempts Suicide—Believed to Be Temporarily Insane.

Thomas D. Cottrell attempted to commit suicide yesterday morning at 7 o'clock by shooting himself while in a bathroom adjoining his apartments in the Newberry Hotel, 225 Dearborn avenue. The bullet entered his right temple and came out above his left cheek. In its course the bullet destroyed the sight of his right eye. Mr. Cottrell was removed to the Marion Sims Sanitarium, 438 La Salle avenue. Dr. S. N. Schneider, who attended the wounded man, says he will recover unless blood poisoning follows.

When Mr. Cottrell regained consciousness he was questioned in regard to his act. He professed ignorance of having attempted to kill himself and could give no motive for suicide. Mrs. Cottrell believes her husband was temporarily insane. He had been in poor health for some time, suffering from nervous troubles, and had expected to go East today, his physician advising the trip.

The shooting was the cause of much comment in the corridors of the Board of Trade, of which Mr. Cottrell had been a member for years.

SAY DOMESTICS ROB BY SYSTEM

Two Servant Girls in Court on Charges of Theft in Hyde Park and One Confesses.

Two domestics charged with theft by women in Hyde Park and Woodlawn were before Justice Quinn yesterday. May Oakley, 22 years old, confessed to robbing Mrs. Oliver Cleave, 12 Drexel square, and Mrs. R. D. Pope of Wheaton. The property she had taken, including a $150 necklace belonging to Mrs. Pope, was restored, and the complainants decided not to prosecute. Mary Vesely was charged with robbing Mrs. George Scully, Hayes Hotel, Sixty-fourth street and Lexington avenue, and Mrs. Isabella Dineen, Sixty-sixth street and Monroe avenue. The cases against her will come up this morning. The police believe there is a system in the work of thieving domestics and expect to make other arrests, complaints of similar thefts having been frequent for two months. The plan is said to be for the intending thief to secure employment as a servant and decamp with valuables as soon as her mistress is away from home.

DOCTORS ELECT OFFICERS.

Charles A. Reed of Ohio Chosen President of the American Medical Association at Atlantic City.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 7.—The American Medical association today elected officers as follows:

President—Dr. Charles A. Reed, Ohio.
First Vice President—Dr. A. W. Calhoun, Georgia.
Second Vice President—Colonel Woodhull, U. S. A.
Third Vice President—Dr. Philip Marvel, New Jersey.
Fourth Vice President—Dr. E. E. Quine, Illinois.
Secretary—Dr. George W. Simmonds, Illinois.
Assistant Secretary—Dr. A. M. Davis, Minnesota.
Treasurer—Dr. Henry P. Newman, Illinois.
Librarian—George Webster, Illinois.
Trustees—Miles F. Porter, Indiana; E. Fletcher Ingals, Illinois; W. L. Rodman, Pennsylvania; Joseph M. Matthews, Kentucky.
Judicial council—James R. Gutrie, Iowa; G. B. Mills, Tennessee; R. C. Moore, Nebraska; Ida J. Herberger, District of Columbia; John D. Roberts, Pennsylvania; Charles L. Rodman, Connecticut; S. L. Jepson, West Virginia.

ROSS HEADS CICERO POLICE.

Former Chicago Inspector's Appointment as Chief Is Confirmed by Town Board.

Alexander S. Ross, formerly an Inspector of Police of Chicago, was confirmed last night by the Cicero Town board as Chief of the Cicero police. The board meeting was attended by a large number of citizens who cheered or hissed every reference to the Hawthorne track. There was objection to Ross' appointment on the ground that he lived in Chicago, but President Jones said lawyers had told him the appointment was legal. The confirmation was unanimous. No attempt will be made to stop gambling at the track until the summer races are run.

Will of Mary Ann Odell Filed.

The will of Mrs. Mary Ann Odell, who died May 21, was filed for probate yesterday. She left an estate valued at $100,000. Most of the estate is divided equally between the surviving children. William R. Odell is executor.

RAILROAD RECEIVERS SELL THOUSANDS OF ACRES OF FARM LAND.

Immense Tracts in Kansas and Nebraska, in Which the Central Branch Union Pacific Claims an Equity, Bought In for $25,900.

Atchison, Kas., June 7.—[Special.]—The receivers of the Central Branch Union Pacific railroad today sold at the courthouse in Atchison under decree of the United States Circuit Court about 800,000 acres of valuable farm land. The land is situated in Atchison, Brown, Namaha, Jackson, and Marshall Counties in Kansas and in Pawnee County, Neb. The property was all bid in by Albert H. Horton of Topeka and E. S. Cronk of St. Louis for the reorganized Central Branch railway; they paying $25,900 for it, or rather for the interest in the lands which the receivers claimed to represent.

The total value of the land sold is fully $750,000. The books of the Union Pacific, which are the guide of the receivers, are said to show no transfers of the land sold today, but practically all of the tracts were purchased by settlers nearly thirty years ago and they have been in undisputed possession ever since. The lands are a part of the grant made by the government to the Atchison and Pike's Peak, afterwards the Central Branch Union Pacific railway. Many of the settlers bought the land from the Central Branch Union Pacific and abstractors, who have examined their deeds since today's sale was first advertised, have informed them that their titles are perfect.

SENDS FORMER FIANCEE TO JAIL.

Minnie Rutherford Indicted on Charges Made by Louis Altt, Whom She Prosecuted for Alleged Blows.

After an engagement to wed that had lasted for five long years Minnie Rutherford and Louis Altt fell out, and now Miss Rutherford is in the County Jail under an indictment secured on evidence furnished by her once intended husband, while the young man recently was defendant in a justice court on a charge of assault and battery preferred by the young woman.

This case of a love's young dream that was blighted came to light yesterday when Mrs. Cook, a sister of Minnie Rutherford and who lives on a small farm at Seventy-ninth street and Hoyne avenue, went to the Palmer House to meet House Detective Will Palmer and arrange for securing a bondsman for her sister's release. Mrs. Cook had received a letter from Miss Rutherford telling of the latter's imprisonment, and had written in turn to Mr. Palmer.

The bondsman offered by Mr. Palmer wanted too much for his services, so Mrs. Cook employed Attorney William C. Parker, who will endeavor to secure the girl's release today through habeas corpus proceedings.

The first shadow on the bright horizon toward which the young couple had been gazing for five years made its appearance last Friday when after a quarrel the young woman had her erstwhile lover arrested. She said he struck her. That might have been settled, perhaps, had not the young man caused the indictment and arrest of Miss Rutherford on a charge of withholding funds he had given her to spend in furnishing a home for the two. This took place last Wednesday.

Now all is said to be over between the two, except a few matters of proceedings in court.

CYCLONE DAMAGES MIAMI, I. T.

Blows Down Houses and Barns and Kills One Man—Many Injured by Falling Buildings.

Vinita, Ind. T., June 7.—[Special.]—A cyclone struck the Town of Miami this morning and did more than $10,000 damage to the town. Many houses and barns were blown down. Thomas Skinner, who was sleeping in his wagon, was blown against a tree and killed. Many people were dangerously injured by falling buildings.

Lafayette, Ind., June 7.—A severe storm of wind and rain struck this vicinity at 4 o'clock this morning, lasting for two hours. The damage to streets will amount to several thousand dollars. The Wabash, Big Four, and Lake Erie roads suffered great damage west and south of the city by washouts of track, bridges, and culverts. During the storm the laboratory at Purdue University was struck by lightning and badly damaged by water. South of the city the damage to farms is heavy, growing crops being destroyed, while thousands of acres are covered with water.

Wichita, Kas., June 7.—The westbound St. Louis and San Francisco passenger train, from St. Louis, was wrecked at 3 o'clock this morning two miles west of Oswego by a wind-storm. The entire train was twisted loose from the engine and lifted from the track. Two express cars full of fruit were thrown twenty feet and dropped on one side. Two tramps riding on the trucks were injured. The chair cars were thrown across the track.

STOP AN INCENDIARY BLAZE.

Deliberate Attempt to Burn Building in Which Scores of Persons Are Sleeping Is Frustrated.

An apparently deliberate attempt to burn the Stedman Block at Ninetieth street and Commercial avenue, South Chicago, at 4 a. m. yesterday, when seventy-six persons were asleep in the three-story structure, was frustrated by the prompt action of Charles Walsh and W. P. Cook, occupants of the building. Walsh smelled smoke first and gave the alarm, and he and W. P. Cook took blankets and water and smothered the flames, which had eaten the railing of one of the rear stairways. The police were notified and found that oil had been poured on the stairs and porches, and that newspapers had been saturated and placed under the windows of the various flats.

Dr. J. J. Stedman, owner of the block, is an old resident of South Chicago, and says he can think of no one who might be responsible for the outrage. The building was recently erected and twelve families occupy it. Detectives are at work on the case.

GO INTO GRAIN OFFICE BOOKS.

Experts Will Examine the Accounts in the Registrar's Department—Committee Organized.

Expert accountants will begin work at once on the State Grain Registrar's books.

The Investigating committee, with all members present, held an executive session yesterday and organized. Mr. Mitchell was elected chairman, John C. Black of the Continental National Bank vice chairman, and S. A. Walton of the Equitable Trust company secretary.

Plans for conducting the investigation were discussed and adopted. The condition of the accounts with reference to grain receipts is the first information deemed necessary. Until that is collected by the experts there will be nothing important for the committee to do.

FAIL TO GET HALF HOLIDAY.

North Side Stores That Were to Close on Thursday Afternoon Keep Open.

Nearly all the stores on the North Side, east of Clark street and south of Elm street, that had expected to give their clerks a half holiday on Thursday this summer, the same as last, kept open yesterday, although the proprietors had given notice that the stores would be closed. The action of one dealer in refusing to close resulted in the others keeping open. North of Elm street and east of Clark the Thursday afternoon closing movement was successfu

VIRGINIA, MINN., SWEPT BY FIRE.

Entire Business Center and Part of Residence Section Destroyed.

TWELVE BLOCKS BURNED.

Flames Start in a Sawmill and Do Their Work in Less than an Hour's Time.

LOSS IS AT LEAST $500,000.

Duluth, Minn., June 7.—[Special.]—The Village of Virginia, on the Mesaba Iron Range, sixty miles north of Duluth, had its entire business and most of its residence section burned out about noon today in less than one hour's time. It was a whirlwind of fire that swept over the town, and flames leaped from building to building with frightful rapidity.

The fire started in Moon & Kerr's sawmill. The entire country is in a parched state and the strong southwest wind carried the flames directly to the town. They jumped the five or six intervening blocks, wiping out the water plant, which was between the mill and the town.

The path of the fire was as clean cut as that of a cyclone. Within thirty minutes after the fire started all telegraphic communication was cut off and continued so until tonight. The depot of the Duluth, Mesaba and Northern railroad at the extreme end of the village from the mill was on fire at that time and the operator was driven out.

The territory over which the fire traveled covered about twelve blocks, nine of which were thickly built up. Tonight there is not a business house, hotel, or store standing in Virginia. The residence portion of the town was only partially burned. The schoolhouse is untouched, as are also most of the churches.

The loss is estimated to be at least $500,000. Not more than $125,000 insurance is believed to be carried in the whole village, owing to the high rates.

The Moon & Kerr sawmill was burned, but the stock of cut lumber is saved.

The fire was over at 4 o'clock. The only public buildings standing are the schoolhouses and the Duluth and Iron Range depot. The Duluth, Mississippi River and Northern depot burned. Moon & Kerr were the heaviest losers, and carried nearly all the insurance. Their loss was about $200,000, insured for $100,000.

The terrific force of the flames is shown by the fact that when they reached the railroad tracks at the eastern side of the village they jumped the tracks, cleared a half mile of barren ground, and burned three beer houses and several railroad cars of the Duluth and Iron Range railroad.

So far as known this evening no lives were lost. The people are in urgent need of relief. There is little to eat left in the town.

Tonight 2,000 people are homeless, and they are being cared for in schoolhouses and churches. Many of them have gone to Eveleth, the nearest town, and are being cared for there. A relief committee has been formed for those made destitute and contributions asked for. A carload of clothing and food will be sent from Duluth by business-men tomorrow morning.

On June 18, 1898, the same town was completely wiped out of existence, and had not yet fully recovered from that disaster.

The Village of Biwabik was reported to be burning in the afternoon, but only a small fire occurred there.

Cutlery Works Burned.

Decatur, Ill., June 7.—[Special.]—The interior of the Decatur cutlery works caught fire today in a mysterious manner and the entire plant was destroyed, entailing a loss estimated at $6,000.

Wisconsin Wheel Works Destroyed.

Racine, Wis., June 7.—[Special.]—Fire started in the shipping-room of the Wisconsin wheel works, west of Racine Junction, and the main building and two large extensions were destroyed. The loss will be upwards of $150,000, fully covered by insurance. A large number of men will be thrown out of employment, but it is stated that the plant will be rebuilt. The factory of the Gold Medal Camp Furniture company was slightly damaged.

Byron, Ill., June 7.—[Special.]—A block of stores at Byron burned this morning. The fire started in Carver's livery stable and destroyed the following places of business: Carver's livery stable, Brayton's restaurant, Reese's barber shop, O'Malley's saloon, Boyle's saloon, Gorman's saloon, the Byron Record office, and the Wagner billiard parlor. There were a number of narrow escapes from death. The damage is $30,000; insurance about $15,000.

Richmond, Va., June 7.—The factory and stock of the Virginia and North Carolina Wheel company, located below this city, was destroyed by fire early this morning. The plant was among the largest of the kind in the world. The loss is $175,000; insurance, $140,000.

MRS. JOHN SHERMAN'S FUNERAL

Public Services Held in Grace Episcopal Church at Mansfield, Followed by Private Burial.

Mansfield, O., June 7.—[Special.]—The body of Mrs. John Sherman was laid to rest today in the city of her birth. Out of honor to the memory of the deceased and as a mark of respect to her illustrious husband, public offices, including the postoffices and places of business generally, were closed from 10 until 12 o'clock, and a number of flags were displayed draped or at half-mast.

The funeral services were held at the family residence at 11 o'clock and were conducted by the Rev. A. B. Putnam, rector of Grace Episcopal Church, of which Mrs. Sherman was a member. The services were public, but were attended for the most part by the older friends and neighbors of the family.

The pallbearers were George F. Carpenter, H. P. Davis, Dr. W. E. Loughridge, Lyman A. Strong, H. M. Weaver, Captain A. C. Cummings, Congressman W. S. Kerr, and W. S. Ward.

The service and burial at the cemetery were private. Among those from abroad were:

Mr. and Mrs. Colgate Hoyt and P. T. Sherman, son of the late General Sherman, New York; Mr. and Mrs. Fitch, the latter a daughter of the late General Sherman, Pittsburg; Mrs. Harry Probasco, Cincinnati; Mrs. Henry Sherman, Cleveland; Mrs. M. M. Granger, Zanesville; Frank Sherman, Des Moines, Ia.

TAXPAYERS MEET TO PROTEST.

Fifth Ward Residents Say Board of Assessors Has Raised Rates There 200 to 400 Per Cent.

Six hundred taxpayers of the Fifth Ward met at Styx Hall, West Thirtieth street and Union avenue, last night to protest against the high taxation of property in the ward. It was declared that the Board of Assessors has increased the tax rate by from 200 to 400 per cent within the last year. Joseph Schaefer was chairman of the meeting and Joseph Halik secretary.

MICROBE KILLER

New Bacillicide Drink for Invalids That Cures Disease by Disinfecting the Circulation.

The new bacillicide drink for invalids, laconically known as Microbe Killer, and the theory of which is backed by some of the most prominent scientific men in the world, is a new thing in medicine. The theory is that all human disease is due to animal germs or microbes. The action of the new remedy is simply to neutralize germ poisons, and to cure disease by disinfecting the circulation.

L. P. Converse, Scientist, 3135 S. Park-av.:
"Microbe Killer is the true remedy for germ diseases, because it neutralizes disease germs."
Rev. J. R. McLaren, 2200 W. Adams-st.:
"It's the true remedy for catarrh."
J. C. Willoughby, 6825 Yale-av.:
"Cures catarrh—kills the microbe."
W. H. Russell, Bees, Russell & Co.:
"Used it for catarrh—cured me up."
R. T. Green, 9 Board of Trade:
"Drank it for rheumatism. Cured me up all right."
Hon. D. T. Foster, Mayor of Bloomington:
"It will cure rheumatism every time."
Hon. W. H. Winston, Chicago:
"Certainly splendid for rheumatism."
Prof. Kimball, Kimball Training School:
"Nothing like it for the stomach."
Prof. Reynolds, Bryant-Stratton college:
"It's a magnificent remedy."
H. H. Honore:
"It does cure stomach trouble."
John V. Farwell:
"I drank it with good results."
D. A. Arnold, Sec. Rand-McNally Co.:
"Drank it for dyspepsia—cured me up."
A. E. Rawson, Sec. Junction R. R. Co.:
"Drank it for kidney disease—cured me."
D. B. Ward, C. & N. W. R. R.:
"I know it cures diphtheria."
H. B. Tuttle, with Lyon & Healy:
"Cures throat disease—kills the germ."
Arthur Page, 323 Wabash-av.:
"It cures diphtheria all right."
Mrs. S. C. Cummings, 305 Fifth-st.:
"Drank it for diphtheria—cured me."
R. G. Hall, 515 Continental Bank Bldg.:
"Cures eczema—kills the germ."
W. J. Wisdom, 215 E. Lake-st.:
"I know it cures eczema."
R. W. Crawford, Editor Booksellers' Friend:
"Cures asthma in its worst form."
G. W. Lee, 653 Chestnut-st., Englewood:
"It does cure asthma."
Rev. Rob't Heiss, Caroline, Wis.:
"It certainly cures bronchitis."
G. W. Bartlett, druggist, Albany, Wis.:
"It's curing bronchitis right along up here."
J. H. Mapleson, Musical Director:
"It's a quick cure for the grip."
Rev. Wm. Fawcett, D. D.:
"Certainly a wonderful remedy."

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KIMBALL
Carriages
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Harness...
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DERBY
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ONE HUNDR

BOERS REMOVE THE PRISONERS.

Lord Roberts Reaches Pretoria Too Late to Rescue British Captives.

BURGHERS SAVE BIG GUNS

All the Rolling Stock Carried Off Before Invading Army Arrives.

IRISH YEOMANRY LEAVE MEN

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, June 8, 3 a. m.—Apparently Lord Roberts overlooked several facts of importance when he sent his dispatches relating to the fall of Pretoria. For instance, he neglected to mention the fact, which now comes through the press agencies, that a large number of British prisoners—some reports say 1,800, some twenty officers and 1,000 men—have been carried off by the Boers to Nooitgedacht, in the Eland River Valley. Nor did he tell how the Boers made an orderly retirement from Pretoria, carrying off all their guns and the rolling stock, thus frustrating General French's attempt to cut off their retreat. The Boers are now said to be massed at Hatherley, twelve miles east of Pretoria.

Casualties to Irish Yeomanry.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

LONDON, June 7.—The list of casualties now coming through indicates that there was severe fighting before the Thirteenth Yeomanry surrendered. Already the names of nineteen men killed and twenty-eight wounded have been issued. The killed included Sir John Elliot Cecil Power, Baronet, and among the wounded is the Earl of Longford.

Buller May Ask Surrender.

In the absence of anything from British sources enlightening the Boer statement that General Buller requested a three days' armistice, the military experts here are inclined to believe a revised version of the story will show that General Buller summoned the federals to surrender or evacuate their positions within three days, failing which he will attack them.

Quarrel in War Office.

The strained relations between the Secretary of State for War, the Marquis of Lansdowne, and the British Commander-in-Chief of the force, Lord Wolseley, appear to have reached such a pitch that but for the exigencies of the situation Lord Wolseley would have resigned. It seems that Lord Lansdowne attempted to usurp some of the authority always heretofore wielded by the Commander-in-Chief, and the latter is now said to have laid the whole matter before Lord Salisbury.

Some of the Prisoners Rescued.

Nine hundred British prisoners arrived on Tuesday at Nooitgedacht. They are penned in a barbed wire field of four acres on the open veldt. According to a dispatch from Lourenso Marquez, dated yesteday, Lord Roberts is reported to have intercepted two trains full leaving the vicinity of Pretoria.

Telegrams from the British side are exceedingly scanty. Two brief ones received from Pretoria say that Mrs. Kruger is still occupying the Presidency and that a number of engines and cars have been secured. The British, under Major De Lisle, captured a machine gun and caused the Boers heavy loss, the British casualties being slight. Boer officials removed $300,000 in gold from the National Bank on June 4, but did not touch the cash holdings of the other banks.

Charges Boers with Bad Faith.

Some of the Boers are surrendering voluntarily and the towns people of Pretoria are described as showing considerable enthusiasm over the British arrival. Mr. Prevost Battersby, in a dispatch to the Morning Post from Pretoria, dated June 5, says:

"The Boers pledged themselves to twenty British officers not to take the British prisoners away if these officers would control them and prevent an outbreak. Nevertheless they began their removal. After 900 had been taken, British shells struck a train that was loading and the Boers desisted and retired.

"The British officers at Daspoort refused to leave their quarters and made the Boer Commandant a prisoner, releasing him at midnight on condition that he would cancel the order for the removal of the prisoners. The Pretoria forts were found without guns. All the artillery had been gotten away."

Another dispatch says: "After the government had taken away most of the stores the burghers were given a free hand to help themselves." All the British found was a few hundred bags of coffee and sugar."

OUTLINE OF LIBERAL POLICY.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman Says Dutch Republics Must Be Made Self-Governing Quickly as Possible.

LONDON, June 7.—The Liberal leader in the House of Commons, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, speaking at Glasgow today on the attitude of the opposition toward the south African question, said it was for the government, which had allowed the war, to deal with what is left behind. The members of the opposition, he added, were only onlookers and critics. The two conquered republics must in some form become states of the British Empire, and while the success of the army relieved them from anxiety, south African affairs still demanded intense, watchful interest.

The happiness of the Free State, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman said, could be best effected by a return, as near as possible, to the government it had before, so that the people might experience the least possible change.

"There is only one royal road," he continued, "to confidence, and that is to gain it through confidence. The Liberal party is strong enough to apply those liberal principles from which the power of the empire sprang.

"The two republics must be given those rights of self-government which give life and vigor as well as contentment and loyalty to the colonies. It would be impossible to find an enduring settlement in a tissue of limitations which would be a standing symbol of subjugation. There is no need, however, for a hasty settlement, as there will be a considerable period of military occupation."

Judgment of $5,000 Against Railway.

A jury in the United States Circuit Court awarded a verdict of $5,000 in favor of Susie H. Matthews of Paw Paw, Mich., against the North Chicago Street railroad company. While she was alighting from a train at Washington place June 30, 1898, the cars started. She was thrown violently to the ground and sustained severe injuries.

Fears Mrs. B. W. Howard Is a Suicide.

Mrs. Minnie Howard has been missed from her home at 130 Dearborn avenue since Monday, and her husband, B. W. Howard, believes his wife has ended her life because of despondency.

MANY BUILDINGS WAIT FOR PEACE.

(Continued from first page.)

These include the Moxley, Western Electric, Chicago National Bank, W. F. Grower, Sonnenschein & Stein, E. J. Lehmann estate, and Otis Elevator company buildings. The others practically are new projects. There are a number of other large projects in contemplation, but not in such shape that they may be announced at this time.

Plans for McLaughlin Building.

Henry Ives Cobb has completed plans for the seven-story building which W. H. McLaughlin & Co., coffee and spice merchants, will construct on the site they recently acquired, at Michigan avenue and River street. The building will be fireproof, and will front 224 feet in Michigan avenue and 124 feet in River street. The construction will be unusually heavy, and piles will be driven for the foundations. The walls will be of red pressed brick, with stone and terra cotta trimmings, and it is the desire of the owners to have it completed for occupancy by next May. The land on which the new building will stand was purchased last January from the Michigan Central railroad. The old buildings have been removed, and all is in readiness to begin excavating.

Building for W. C. Ritchie & Co.

W. C. Ritchie & Co. have had plans prepared for some time for a new building to replace the one on the southwest corner at Van Buren and Green streets which was destroyed by fire last winter, but laid them aside awaiting developments in the labor situation. As soon as the present difficulties are settled the project will be pushed forward. The plans provide for a ten-story structure covering a lot having a frontage of 125 feet in Van Buren street and 100 in Green. The exterior will be of pressed brick with stone and terra cotta trimmings. It is the intention of the owners, who are makers of paper boxes, to have the interior constructed entirely of fireproof materials.

At Work on Moxley Plant.

Excavating is completed and materials are being received for the seven-story building which W. J. Moxley, manufacturer of butterine, will erect on the southwest corner at Randolph and Clinton streets, plans for which have been prepared by Architect S. A. Treat. The building will front 150½ feet in Randolph and 129 in Clinton. The exterior will be classic in design, the exterior of the first story to be constructed of rock-faced Bedford stone, with a frieze and cornice of the same material. Above the first story the walls will be of pressed brick, with terra cotta trimmings. The interior will be of mill construction, with the exception of a part of the west end, which will be fireproofed. There will be an extensive plant of machinery, including refrigerating apparatus and an electrical plant for light and power.

Plan for Down-Town Building.

Excavating is under way for the six-story building which Thomas Murdoch and the estate of Simon Reid will build on the southeast corner at Monroe and Franklin streets, for which plans were prepared by Architects Frost & Granger. The building will be occupied by the Edwards-Stanwood Shoe company on a long lease. It will front 50 feet in Monroe street and 187 in Franklin. The exterior will be red pressed brick, the interior of mill construction. It will be provided with a passenger elevator and a complete modern equipment. It is the desire of the owners to have it completed by Jan. 1.

To Build on West Side.

W. F. Grower will construct an eight-story building on the southeast corner at Jackson boulevard and Desplaines street, for which Architect F. B. Abbott has prepared the plans. Excavating is nearing completion, and work will soon be begun on the foundations. The building will have a frontage of 150 feet in Jackson boulevard and about 100 in Desplaines street. The exterior will be pressed brick, stone, and terra cotta. The interior will be of mill construction, the entrances and hallways being made attractive with mosaic floors and marble wainscotting. It will be equipped with a freight and passenger elevator, automatic sprinklers, and an electric power and lighting plant.

Big Structure for North Side.

William H. Bush, President of the Bush & Gerts Piano company, will construct a handsome building on the northwest corner at North Clark street and Chicago avenue. The lot fronts 150 feet in Clark street and 100 in Chicago avenue, and it is understood that the building will cover the entire area and will be seven or eight stories high. The interior will be divided into stores in the first story. The upper parts of the structure will be divided into a recital hall, offices, and lodge rooms. The interior will be elaborately finished.

Progress of Other Work.

Work has been resumed on the residence which E. M. Barton, President of the Western Electric company, is building in Greenwood avenue, near Forty-ninth street. The residence and barn will cost $75,000. Construction has also been resumed on the $16,000 house which W. H. Swift is building at 4412 Grand boulevard.

George Beidler will begin the construction of a $50,000 six-story building at 130 and 132 West Washington street as soon as the present difficulties are ended. The plans have been completed by Architect D. E. Postle. The building will front 45 feet, with a depth of 187 feet, back to Meridian street. The exterior will be pressed brick with stone and terra cotta trimmings, the interior of mill construction, fitted for stores in the first story and offices and light manufacturing above.

S. A. Treat has completed plans for a three-story building on the southwest corner at Van Buren and Clinton streets, which the Western Electric company acquired from the Caton estate last winter. The cost will be about $30,000. He has also prepared plans for reconstructing the building on the corner of Harrison and Jefferson streets for the same company at a cost of $25,000, and has designed improvements in the building north of and adjacent to the foregoing for the same company, the cost of which will be $45,000. A system of water supply for the plant connected with the water tunnel will cost about $25,000. Improvements also will be made in the Scoville Building, at 250 Clinton street, and other work involving an expenditure of $15,000.

Treat & Adler have designed for the Otis Elevator company a three-story building, to be erected in connection with its plant in West Fifteenth street, 90x150 feet. Construction is under way.

May Mar Conference Plan.

Action taken by the Stonecutters' union last night may defeat the plan for a joint conference between the contractors and delegates from unions affiliated with the Building Trades council. In response to the invitation to appoint two delegates not business agents or representatives in the Building Trades council the stonecutters appointed Joseph Sullivan and Charles Donahue.

Joseph Sullivan is President of the stonecutters and a delegate to the Building Trades council. According to statements of members they refused to comply with the terms of the invitation on the ground that they are best qualified to choose who shall represent them. President Sullivan was their unanimous choice.

"I can't understand what the stonecutters mean," said Victor Falkenau of the Contractors' council. "They have acted contrary to the spirit of the invitation, and should we admit their delegates to the conference we would be open to the charge of unfairness to the other unions, which have accepted the invitation in good faith. President Gubbins of the bricklayers, for example, refused to serve on the committee because he was an officer and a delegate to the Building Trades council."

Arrangements for the conference will be completed today by the contractors. It is understood that union delegates will be supplied with a printed statement previous to the meeting, which will contain an explanation of the principles for which the contractors stand, as a basis for discussion.

The hodcarriers and building laborers met in the evening and decided to refer the invitation to the district council representing the four unions. The painters took no action, claiming they had received no invitation.

Move for Arbitration.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian Premier, may be in Chicago on Monday evening, June 18, and address a public meeting at Central Music Hall, under the auspices of the pan-American arbitration movement. President Diaz of Mexico will send a delegate to personally represent him.

KING OSCAR IS IN PARIS.

RULER OF SWEDEN AND NORWAY RECEIVED WITH ROYAL HONORS.

President Loubet Formally Visits the Foreign Pavilions on the Exposition Grounds and Precipitates a Quarrel Between the English and Canadian Commissioners — Chamber of Commerce Gives a Fete in Honor of F. W. Peck.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY GRACE CORNEAU.]

PARIS, June 7.—King Oscar of Sweden and Norway arrived in Paris this morning and was officially accorded the honors due a royal personage. He was received at the depot by President Loubet and Minister of Foreign Affairs Delcasse, and with great ceremony was driven to the palace on the Bois de Boulogne. Crowds lined the streets, and there were hearty cheers for the first royal visitor to the exposition.

Loubet at Foreign Pavilions.

President Loubet, after the reception to King Oscar, visited the foreign sections at the exposition, and was formally received at each one by the respective commissioners. At the American pavilion the President was greeted most cordially by Commissioner Peck and Assistant Commissioner Woodward.

The Transvaal section was the object of particular interest, and President Loubet betrayed much personal sympathy as he stopped before the bust of President Kruger and expressed his admiration.

The President's visit precipitated a row between the English and Canadian commissioners. Mr. Jekyll, the English commissioner, did not want President Loubet to stop at the Canadian pavilion, but wanted him to pass it by as one of the English displays. Mr. Tarte, the Canadian commissioner, threatened to close his pavilion if the President did not stop. In a stormy scene Tarte declared that Canada was a separate power, and had the right to individual attention. President Loubet ended the controversy by visiting the Canadian pavilion, where, amid great enthusiasm, the band played the "Marseillaise," and Tarte led in the cry, "Vive France."

Fete in Honor of Peck.

The American Chamber of Commerce in Paris gave a fete tonight in honor of Commissioner Peck at the national pavilion.

American Artists Win.

The medal of honor for engraving was today awarded to James McNeill Whistler and to Joseph Pennell and Joseph F. Cole, all Americans.

Cabbie Strike Growing.

The number of Paris cabbies on strike threatens to be general after the Grand Prix.

Accuses England of Bribery.

Joel Chevalley, a distinguished French professor, in an article in Temps, hints that the English bribed their way into Pretoria. He asserts that the corruption of the Transvaalian Minister of War was of Portuguese origin, and believes that time will prove that the strange termination of the struggle was the result of financial negotiations.

Honor for Loubet's Son.

Paul Loubet, the President's son, today passed his examination for the degree of doctor of law and sciences.

Plans for Marchand Day.

At the grand reception to be given Major Marchand at the City Hall June 23 the body of City Councilors will go to the house of the hero and conduct him to the City Hall.

Mrs. Fred Grant Goes to Russia.

Mrs. Fred Grant left Paris tonight for Russia, where she will visit her daughter, the Princess Cantacuzene.

PROGRESS OF NAVY BILL.

KAISER'S PET MEASURE PASSES ITS SECOND READING.

In Order to Secure the Necessary Votes the Government Has to Include Measures Demanded by the Agrarians—All Canal Legislation Postponed for a Year—Chamber of Commerce Assists Foreign Meat Packers—Want Commercial Treaties.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY D. B. MACGOWAN.]

BERLIN, June 7.—The naval bill passed its second reading in the Reichstag, along with a resolution favoring a saccharine tax higher than the sugar tax in proportion to its excessive sweetening power, and urging the Chancellor to admit foreign agricultural laborers freely.

The resolutions thus attached to the bill are necessary sops to the Agrarians. The naval and tax bills will be discussed in the Reichstag tomorrow. Dr. von Siemens vainly attacked the increase in the stamp tax on boerse transactions. Count Kanitz said the naval enthusiasm in the rural sections of the empire was exceedingly cool, and consequently he could not vote for the naval bill on third reading unless the stamp tax had been previously passed.

Canal Legislation Postponed.

Although all parties favor the speedy authorization of the Berlin-Stettin Canal the government refused today to introduce a separate bill in the Prussian Diet. It declared that the subject of waterways had been adjourned until 1901.

Helps the Meat Packers.

The Berlin Chamber of Commerce has come to the meat importers' assistance by petitioning Chancellor Hohenlohe to defer the enforcement of the importation prohibitions until current contracts with packers expire.

Want Commercial Treaties.

The Moderate Radicals have called a meeting for Monday to agitate for new commercial treaties.

Sir Arthur Sullivan Arrives.

Sir Arthur Sullivan will arrive tomorrow to direct the performance of the Mikado, to be given here on Sunday.

SUICIDES FOLLOW THE DERBY.

Nearly a Score of Self-Murders Reported in London Since the Great Race.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, June 8, 3 a. m.—Nearly a score of suicides have been reported in London the last few days, seven of which have been in the Thames. The supposition is that most of them are the result of the Derby, on which every Englishman, great and small, invariably bets.

Police to Keep Telephones.

After giving the telephones eighteen months' trial the London Police department has notified the corporation owning the instruments that it cannot well get along without them in the future.

Zionists Meet Aug. 13.

The annual internationa l congress of Zionists is to be held in London beginning Aug. 13. Dr. Herzl, Dr. Max Nordau, Dr. Gaster, Dr. Alexander Marmorek, and many other notables are expected to be present.

Pope Postpones a Reception.

ROME, June 7.—The Pope has postponed until Saturday the reception fixed for tomorrow at St. Peter's. His physician, Dr. Lapponi, says the Pope is not indisposed, but only a little fatigued in consequence of the reception of the Spanish pilgrims yesterday, which lasted two hours and a half.

CZECHS FORCING A CRISIS.

AUSTRO - HUNGARIAN PARLIAMENT OPENS IN A DEADLOCK.

Prime Minister Threatens Dissolution by the Crown in Forcible Language—Kaiser Wilhelm and the Crown Prince to Visit Vienna in the Latter Part of September—King Leopold in Austria—Prince Ferdinand Soon to Go to Constantinople.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY W. L. HUBBARD.]

VIENNA, June 7.—Parliament reopened yesterday, but aside from the speech of the Minister President, wherein he threatened dissolution by the crown more strongly than he has ever before done, the two days have contained nothing save obstruction by the Czechs. Every one believes a crisis is near, but no one can tell when the crown will conclude finally to take the needed decisive step.

To Visit Franz Josef.

It is now stated Emperor William and the Crown Prince will visit Emperor Franz Josef the latter half of September, although the statement yet lacks official confirmation. It is officially announced that the declaration of the German press that Emperor William would come to Vienna for Franz Josef's birthday, Aug. 18, is incorrect, as the latter will spend the day in quiet in Ischl, whither he goes the end of the present month.

King Leopold at Gastein.

King Leopold of Belgium arrived to take the waters at Gastein yesterday. He is expected to be there in strict incognito six weeks. The Count and Countess of Lonyay, it is announced, will arrive on June 18. They have been assigned apartments adjoining the Belgium monarch's.

Complains Against England.

From Odessa comes a complaint of unfair treatment accorded to all non-English vessels in the Suez. English steamers from Bombay are permitted to land without quarantine and their passengers and freight are forwarded at once by rail. Russian and all other non-English boats must be quarantined for ten days.

Cracow University 500 Years Old.

Cracow University celebrated today the 500th anniversary if its establishment in its present form. The city is elaborately decorated, and representatives from all the continental countries, as well as England and the United States, are present. A festival procession moved through the streets this morning to Marienkirche, where during the service a congratulatory message from the Pope was read.

Ferdinand to Visit Sultan.

Replying to the invitation of the Sultan to visit Constantinople, Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria has sent word that in the near future "I will place myself at his Majesty's disposal."

WILL NOT VISIT THE SULTAN.

England Persuades the Khedive of Egypt to Cancel His Promise to Go to Constantinople.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY RICHARD LACHMANN.]

FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, June 7.—The Frankfort Zeitung's correspondent at Constantinople telegraphs the following:

"It is said that England, having ascertained that the Sultan intended dissuading the Khedive of Egypt from his London trip, forestalled the Sultan by persuading the Khedive to cancel his engagement to visit Constantinople.

"The eldest son of the German Ambassador, Von Marschall, died today of heart disease."

MAY RELEASE MANY PRISONERS

Judge Holdom Will Pass on Question Involving the Indeterminate Sentence Law.

The liberty of every prisoner sentenced to the Joliet Penitentiary for an indeterminate period since July, 1895, on conviction for a misdemeanor, may depend on Judge Holdom's decision in Cory Miller's application for a writ of habeas corpus. Miller was convicted of conspiring to commit an assault. His attorney, F. S. Baker, claims that conspiracy, being a misdemeanor and punishable in the alternative by fine or imprisonment, or both, the jury should have determined not only the nature of the punishment, but the time of confinement or the amount of the fine. The writ has been granted and a final hearing will be had next Tuesday.

JUROR M'GRATH FOUND GUILTY.

Convicted of Offering to Receive a Bribe from the Chicago City Railway Company.

James McGrath was declared guilty yesterday in Judge Baker's court of offering to receive a bribe as a juror. Under the verdict returned by the jury the offense is a misdemeanor. McGrath may be fined $1,000 and sent to jail for a term not to exceed one year. The jury could have sent him to the penitentiary for five years. Judge Baker permitted him to go on his original bonds until next Saturday, when the motion for a new trial will be heard. McGrath was a juror in a case in which the Chicago City railway company was defendant and was accused of offering to cause the jury to disagree.

BATTLESHIPS READY FOR SEA.

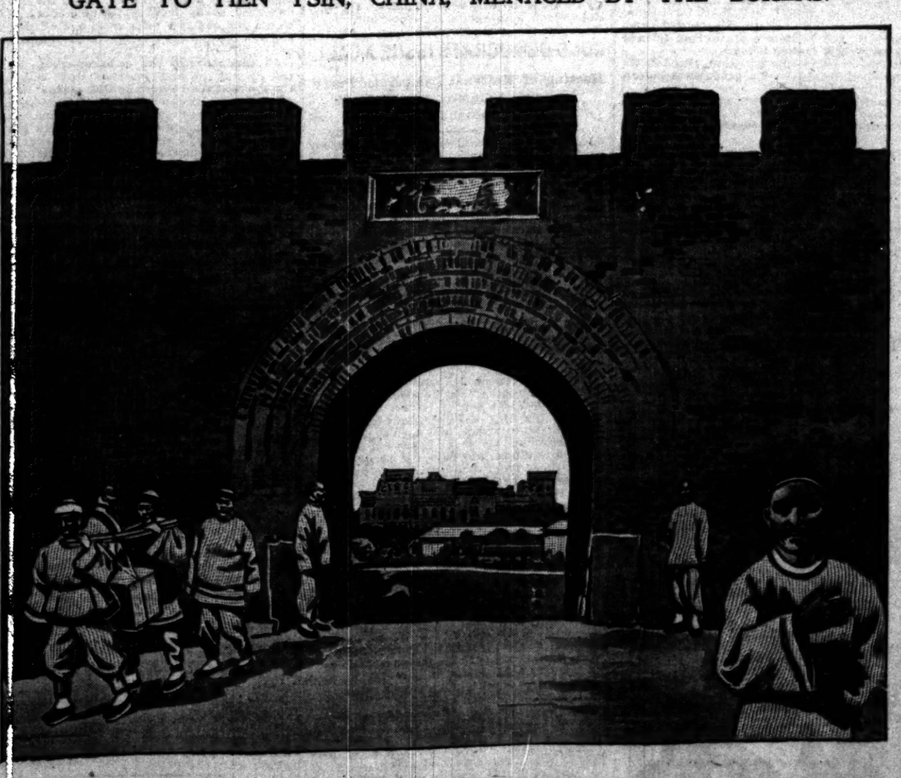
Big Fighters of United States Navy Get Ready for Active Service in Forty Hours.

Washington, D. C., June 7.—The experiment with the battleships Indiana and Massachusetts has been a marked success. A telegram received at the Navy department today from Admiral Silas Casey, commandant of the League Island navy yard, announced that the two big ships were completely equipped and ready for sea.

Thus it appears that these two formidable vessels have been made ready for any required service in the short space of about forty hours, without the slightest warning or notice to the commandant of the League Island navy yard or the commanders of the two battleships.

This little experiment will be noted with interest by other naval powers.

GATE TO TIEN TSIN, CHINA, MENACED BY THE BOXERS.



The structure seen through this gate, which is the principal entrance to the city, is the newly constructed municipal building.

TRAGEDY AT BARN RAISING.

Nine Reported Killed Near Stockbridge, Wis., as Result of Beheading Child in Play—Not Yet Confirmed.

Green Bay, Wis., June 7.—[Special.]—A train crew on the Milwaukee road today brought a report of a child having its head cut off by a playmate and of eight men being killed at a barn raising near Stockbridge. According to the story of the trainmen there was a barn raising near Stockbridge, a large number of the Oneida Indians assisting, one of the tribe who was building a barn.

The woman of the house was desirous of giving the workers a good dinner and began to prepare for it as soon as the men began the work of raising the barn. She killed a chicken, several children, assisting in the hunt for it, and watching her take the chicken to a block and cut its head off with an ax. The children then thought it would be good fun to play chicken. One pretended she was the woman and another was the chicken. All joined in the chase, finally capturing her, they brought her to the block to be slaughtered.

During this time the men were putting in place a heavy beam, to hoist which they had to used a derrick. The father of the child who was playing the part of the chicken had hold of the rope which ran over the derrick, and was holding one end of the beam high in the air. He turned just in time to see the ax held in the air above his child's neck. He dropped the rope as the ax fell and almost severed the child's head. The raised end of the heavy beam being released, it fell on eight men, who were under it, killing them instantly.

Reports of the affair have been received from several different points, but it has been impossible to get a confirmation of it from Chilton, the nearest railroad station. The story was brought to Depere by farmers.

STUDENT DIES OF OVERWORK.

William T. Parker Jr., a Third Year Man in Harvard Law School, Shatters His Health.

Cambridge, Mass., June 7.—[Special.]—William Thornton Parker Jr. of Springfield, a graduate of Massachusetts Institute of Technology and a third year man in the Harvard Law School, died of overwork today at the Cambridge Hospital. Parker was an "A" man in the law school and for weeks had been "grinding" day and night to keep up his standard in spite of the difficulty of his subjects.

A few days ago, while taking an examination in constitutional law, in which he has been making a specialty, he suddenly put his hands to his head and began to shout "Constitutional law!" Then in an agonized tone he followed this with moans and mutterings of the same subject. Today he died with an abscess on the brain, brought on by his intense mental strain.

Parker was a brilliant student. He graduated from the Institute of Technology three years ago, taking the highest honors possible, and then went to the Harvard Law School. He had worked on an average fifteen hours a day, taking scarcely any time for meals and little for sleep. He was 24 years old.

LOOKS LIKE ADMIRAL DEWEY.

For This Reason E. T. Lynch of Detroit Leaves Town to Avoid Embarrassing Mistakes.

Detroit, Mich., June 7.—[Special.]—Eugene T. Lynch of Detroit looks as near like Dewey as two peas in a pod, and since the Admiral's return Lynch has been mistaken for him hundreds of times. He has the same large, characteristic nose, mustache, determined chin, long face, high cheekbones, the same neat, diminutive figure, and facial expression. The resemblance is so startling and the mistakes so embarrassing that Lynch endeavored to lessen it by parting his hair on the side instead of in the middle. Admiral Dewey will arrive in Detroit tomorrow morning, and in order to avoid unpleasant misunderstandings Mr. Lynch left town this afternoon and will be absent until the Dewey celebration is over, Saturday.

BUILDING DROPS SIX FEET.

Four Families Are Startled from Sleep When Rotted Wooden Posts Collapse.

Four families in the frame building at 3318-3320 State street were startled from their sleep last night by the sudden dropping of the building a distance of six feet. The building was erected on wooden posts that had rotted, and these collapsed.

The furniture of the occupants was damaged, and the repairs to the building will cost $1,000. Little noise was made by the falling of the building, but the jolt awakened the occupants. They were at a loss to know what had caused the jar, and called up the Stanton avenue police to ascertain if there had been an earthquake.

No one was hurt, and not one was even rolled from bed.

ONE MAN PROSTRATED BY HEAT

Excessive Humidity Too Much for a Garfield Park Laborer—Showers Predicted for Today.

The excessive humidity of the air yesterday caused one prostration by heat. Louis Seritella, 50 years old, was overcome while working in Garfield Park. He was taken to his residence, 106 Ewing street, and is expected to recover.

A hard shower late in the evening, accompanied by vivid flashes of lightning, caused everybody in the down-town district to seek shelter.

Continued warm weather with thunderstorms is predicted for today.

LED INTO FILIPINO AMBUSH.

Captain Crenshaw and Forty Men of Twenty-eighth Infantry Deceived by a Guide.

MANILA, June 7.—Captain Frank F. Crenshaw, with forty men of the Twenty-eighth Infantry, while scouting near Taal, was led into an ambush by a guide.

Captain Crenshaw was badly wounded in the head and one private was wounded.

The ambushers were scattered, leaving ten men dead and three wounded on the field.

Captain Flint, while scouting five miles east of Biacnabato, Bulacan Province, had a slight brush with the enemy. Flint and two privates were wounded.

NILES INVADER IS ARRESTED.

Neumiller Says He Was Compelled to Join Army as Wife and Children Were Starving.

Policeman Stone of the East Chicago Avenue Station last night arrested G. A. Neumiller of 1035 Forty-second avenue on a warrant sworn out by Captain Baer of the Lincoln Park police. Neumiller is charged with being a member of "Judge" Niles' army when Niles invaded the "District of Lake Michigan" two weeks ago. Neumiller told the police he was compelled to join Niles' army, as his wife and two children were starving. The prisoner also said that for the first time in ten months he had secured employment yesterday morning.

WHEAT CLIMBS UP TWO CENTS.

Board of Trade Pit Sees Liveliest Time in Months on Advance to 70c for July.

ALL REPORTS BULLISH.

Millions of Bushels Sold on Advices of Short Crop Prospects in the West.

SAY PRICE WILL BE HIGHER.

Not since the wheat cornering days of Joseph Leiter, of which the memory is dear to the farmer and the commission merchant, has there been as broad, buoyant, and booming a wheat market as there was on the Board of Trade yesterday. Because farmers of the Northwest are threatened with a short crop from long continued drought, a majority of the local speculators, and many outsiders who have been paying little or no attention to the market, came to the joint conclusion that wheat for July delivery at 68 cents a bushel was a remarkably cheap commodity, and they sent in to the great market of the country buying orders amounting in the aggregate to many millions of bushels. Within an hour July wheat was selling at 70 cents a bushel, an advance of 2 cents, a greater fluctuation in one day than has been known in this market for many dull months.

From the opening of the board at 9:30 o'clock to its close at 1:15 o'clock the wheat pit was packed full of hot and excited speculators, brokers, and trading clerks. For the most part sellers were scarce, and every offer at the current quotation was the signal for a host of would-be buyers to pounce like a pack of hounds on a victim.

Shed Coats and Neckwear.

Neckties, collars, coats, and vests were shed in the excitement. The advance from 68 to 68⅝ was made with some semblance of opposition, the bears contesting every added eighth or sixteenth of a cent. From 68⅝ to 70 the price went up with a rush which converted opposition into support, early short sellers struggling with each other to cover their sales.

A speculator who jumped into the pit to buy wheat at 68¾ had to pay 69¼ before he could make a purchase, and hardly had time to turn around to squeeze his way out of the pit when he had a chance to sell at 69½—and seized it.

Profit taking sales forced the price back three-quarters of a cent, but the market rallied with renewed investment buying, and at the close was only one-sixteenth cent below the top price.

John Cudahy a Heavy Buyer.

Practically the entire local trade bought wheat at some time during the day, some of them to cut off their losses. John Cudahy, one of the heavy plungers of the board, bought hundreds of thousands of bushels, influenced not only by the alarming situation in the Northwest, where many observers predict only half a crop or less, but by reports of an agent in Missouri that black rust is damaging the wheat badly. Lice are on the wheat plants in Nebraska, and the Hessian flies, which have ruined the crops of Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, and in part of Illinois, are making uncertain the past promise of a "bumper" crop in Kansas.

With such news, the speculators thought the farmers ought to get more money for wheat they do raise, and proceeded to make their own profit at once. The old time traders—Hutchinson, Ream, Jones, Kent, and Pardridge—were gone, but a new generation, just as nervy, took advantage of the situation. Frank Dunn, Charles H. Smith, J. C. Gifford, James Patten, James Nicol, M. C. Mitchell, Thomas M. Baxter, and W. C. Comstock were prominent among the buyers.

Orders Pour In from All Points.

Commission houses had orders from all points, but the Northwest sent the greater proportion. Foreign markets did not keep pace with Chicago, and cash wheat did not follow the advance, but the bulls were serenely confident that all markets must dance to their piping. The general opinion seemed to be that wheat would sell higher unless general rains should come to revive the crop in the Northwest, and perhaps in spite of them.

Calls It the "Real Thing."

President William S. Warren, a constitutional bull, looked at the wheat pit with a pleased expression, and said:

"It's a fine, old-time market. It looks like the real thing at last."

"Would it be better if the bucket-shops were shut up?"

"It certainly would. Buying or selling on the open market in this exchange influences prices. Betting against a bucket-shop keeper does not affect them. All gambling is speculation, but all speculation is not gambling, by any means. There is a big difference between a buyer meeting a seller in that pit and betting on a chalk mark in a bucket-shop."

Others Give Views of Market.

Others gave their views of the market as follows:

First Vice President James Nicol—It is a strong market, and legitimately so. The condition in the Northwest is alarming, and the crop here is certain to be a short one.

Thomas M. Baxter—They are getting hysterical in the Northwest now, where they have been trying before to keep up their hopes of a good crop, and that has caused our advance. It is no longer a question of half a crop or an average yield there, it is a question of half a crop or no crop at all.

R. G. Chandler—The drought in the Northwest is the great bull factor, but there are other considerations which may help the market. It is certain that the Hessian fly has done some damage in Kansas, and I see there are reports today that wheat is heading beautifully, but without any kernels. The plant is so far advanced, however, that the damage will not appear until harvest.

William H. Bartlett—It is a strong market, and the Northwest is responsible. People there who have been the most skeptical of any serious damage have been sending bullish reports today.

I. C. Gifford—There is an entirely different tone to dispatches from the Northwest today. The crop there is in so bad a condition that rain cannot save it. I hear, too, that lice have appeared on the wheat in Nebraska.

O. F. Lindman—The advance is legitimate, even if the situation in the Northwest were not as serious as made out. Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, and Illinois will only raise 50,000,000 bushels, and they need 70,000,000. Cables are a secondary consideration.

SAY ALL UNIONS MUST JOIN PARTY

Socialist Labor Delegates at New York Adopt Radical Resolutions.

FIGHT ON OLD METHODS.

War Declared on Organizations That Refuse to Go Into Politics.

TO WHIP ALL INTO LINE.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, June 7.

At the convention of the Socialist-Labor party tonight a resolution offered by Daniel DeLeon, editor of the Socialist-Labor party organ, was adopted by a vote of 63 to 4. The resolution says every member of the Socialist-Labor party who is an officer in a pure and simple British style trade union shall either resign his office in the union or be expelled from the Socialist-Labor party.

Declare War on Old-Style Unions.

This resolution was in the form of an amendment to the article in the newly-adopted constitution relating to membership. The resolution was the signal for prolonged debate, although there was but little opposition. Several delegates admitted they held office in "pure and simple trades unions," but would at once resign regardless of the consequences.

The "pure and simple" union was described as one in which no politics is allowed, and these, it was declared, are dominated by the capitalistic class. The one condition on which labor unions will be recognized by the party is that they affiliate with the Socialist-Labor party by joining the Socialist labor and trades alliances.

"This means war to the knife between the new Socialist trades unions and the old style unions," said one delegate.

Most of the day was occupied with the consideration of the report of the Committee on Constitution, and the constitution was adopted tonight.

Did Not Speak for Years.

The case of Lynch vs. Lynch in the Eighth District Civil Court has developed the remarkable fact that for fifteen years Mrs. Theresa Lynch, the "Queen of Diamonds," and her husband, John Lynch, lived in their home at 268 West Thirty-fourth street and never spoke to each other. On Friday last Mr. Lynch was removed from the house to Amityville, L. I., where he was placed in a private asylum.

Mrs. Lynch, who is reputed to be worth several millions, and for nearly half a century has been prominently identified with the diamond trade in this city, has been for many years past supposed to be a widow. Only her most intimate friends knew of the existence of Mr. Lynch. He lived for the most part the life of a recluse, never appearing at the Union Square store, where Mrs. Lynch still spends most of the day behind one of the counters.

Mrs. Lynch's lawyer, Maurice Meyer, explained today the cause of the long silence which existed between the woman and her aged husband. Up to 1885 Mr. Lynch was a partner with Mrs. Lynch in the diamond business. His conviviality threatened to destroy the business, of which Mrs. Lynch was the mainstay, and the copartnership between husband and wife was ended. After that Mrs. Lynch moved farther up-town on Broadway and gave all her time to the store. Mr. Lynch was given an allowance and did as he pleased. The four sons and daughters were friendly with both parents, but no reconciliation between husband and wife was ever effected.

To Make Its Own Billets.

The steel trade was somewhat exercised today by a seemingly plausible report to the effect that considerable friction had suddenly arisen to disturb the friendly relations entered into by the larger companies, and that, as a result, the harmony now or formerly existing, might be destroyed. The cause of the friction was said to be the position of the American Steel and Wire company, which proposes henceforth to produce all the billets it needs in its business. An internal row among the steel companies would be particularly disastrous to the trade at this period, and hence the alarm occasioned by the report.

An official of the American Steel and Wire company said there was no reason why other companies should be incensed at it for undertaking to supply all its own raw material, since it had been manufacturing billets on a limited scale for a long time. F. E. Patterson, the assistant secretary, said the relations existing between the American Steel and Wire company and competing companies were as friendly as they had ever been, and other steel men also characterised the report as an exaggeration.

The consensus of opinion among steel men here is that the recent cuts in prices will not improve the market, but will make it worse than ever, since by their action the companies have virtually admitted former prices were too high.

F. A. Bell's Will Filed for Probate.

The will of the late Frederick A. Bell of Madison, N. J., has been filed for probate. It names Mrs. Virginia E. Bell, the widow, as executrix, and J. Turnbull executor. To Mrs. Bell is bequeathed $500,000 and the Madison property. Mr. Turnbull inherits $25,000. The remainder of the fortune goes to relatives in amounts varying from $100,000 to $25,000. Mr. Bell's fortune is estimated at $5,000,000. No mention is made in the document of Mrs. Mary Bell, the first wife of the millionaire and daughter of General Asabel Gridley of Bloomington, Ill. She married early in life John A. Bruce of Chicago, but obtained a divorce and married Mr. Bell. Six years ago he obtained a divorce from her and she contested the case, filing a cross-bill. She obtained a divorce and $5,000 alimony. Mr. Bell fought the case and carried it before the United States Supreme Court, where it is pending.

May Failures Break Record.

Dun's Review will say on Saturday: Failures in May were not only the largest ever known in that month since such records were made, but of eighty months covered by these returns only six have shown as large liabilities. Contradictory though it may appear, the report is encouraging. There was not a single failure in the month which was calculated to shake or did shake commercial credits, which were stronger at the end of May than at the beginning.

The large brokerage failure for about $13,000,000 exceeded in amount all failures in any other month except one since 1893, and with it came another for $735,000. Nearly 90 per cent of the total defaulted liabilities was due to five "other commercial" failures, while the ten large failures in manufacturing and trading covered less than $3,000,000 liabilities in all. The number and amount of liabilities of all commercial failures in May compared with last year are as follows: May, 1900, 947; 1899, 681. Liabilities, May, 1900, $23,771,151; 1899, $3,629,695.

The returns for May show an unusually large number of small failures. They exceed those of any other year but one, and this is considered suggestive; also the increase of over an eighth in average liabilities. This, the Review says, is readily traceable to the manufactures, for with the surprising increase in number the smaller failures in trading show lower liabilities than in any other year except two. Manufacturing liabilities have much increased, however, the average for those small firms running close to $12,000.

Report of Railroad Deal Renewed.

Ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed sat in his office, 10 Wall street, today, when a reporter called his attention to the proceedings of the woman's convention at Milwaukee on Wednesday, in which his name conspicuously figured. The ex-Speaker carefully read the newspaper account and asked:

"What about it?"

"Do you remember writing to the President of Sorosis and to Mrs. Brock?"

"I have no recollection," he said, wearily, "of having written to either of these ladies, but it is probable I did so, as it has been my custom, as a matter of courtesy, to answer nearly all letters asking for my opinion on parliamentary questions. The opinion of any man who has been Speaker of the House is presumably of some value on such points, and whenever mine has been asked I have cheerfully given it."

"Yes," said the reporter, "but from Mrs. President Lowe's remarks it would appear that she regards you more as a politician than as a parliamentarian."

Mr. Reed appeared irritated. "I can't help that," he replied. "It's certain that if my name is to be played upon in women's conventions I shall probably cease writing letters to women and others who want me to decide questions for them."

Mr. Reed to Stop Writing Letters.

The latest development of a sensational nature in the peremptory dismissal of Major Clinton H. Smith of the Seventy-first Regiment by Governor Roosevelt is the abrupt resignation of his counsel, Colonel A. S. Bacon, from the National Guard of the State and the savage attack made upon the Governor by that officer in giving his reasons therefor.

The resignation was telegraphed to the Governor at Albany this morning. A reporter was with Major Smith at his office when the information came. Colonel Bacon telephoning the news to Major Smith. "I would not serve under such a man," said Colonel Bacon to Major Smith, referring to the Governor. "He was a coward in Cuba; a coward at home, and an assassin of character."

These are the remarks which Major Smith affirms were made to him by Colonel Bacon over the telephone. Colonel Bacon was seen later in the day and confirmed the fact that he had offered his resignation and had asked for an acceptance by wire.

Colonel Bacon Attacks Gov. Roosevelt.

The report was renewed today in Wall street that the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio are negotiating for a lease or the control of both the Reading and Jersey Central railroads. While the officials of the companies decline to confirm the story it is generally believed. The Baltimore and Ohio is closely allied now with the Pennsylvania railroad and the opposition which the latter system has always offered to every attempt of the Baltimore and Ohio to acquire convenient passenger terminals in New York harbor has been withdrawn.

Report of Railroad Deal Renewed.

The plan which it is believed will eventually be carried out is for the division of the two railroads between the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania systems. The Baltimore and Ohio will be given control of the double track line between Philadelphia and Bound Brook, N. J., on the Reading system, and also that part of the Jersey Central which runs from Bound Brook to Communaw, including the Broad street depot in Philadelphia and the Jersey Central depot in Communipaw.

The Pennsylvania will acquire the Reading and Jersey Central coal lines.

Mrs. Jones Wants Bar Harbor Scoured.

Mrs. Cadwalader Jones says that Bar Harbor, Me., needs a thorough cleaning. She has sought the advice of Street-Cleaning Commissioner Percy Nagle. "Some of the places about Bar Harbor are simply vile," said Mrs. Jones. "It interferes terribly with our summer enjoyment. I believe we should have some system there to keep the place cleaned. No one seemed interested, so I have taken the matter up. I shall see that Bar Harbor gets a good scouring. I want some of New York's white wings put there, if you can give them to me."

Mrs. Cadwalader Jones called in person to make this request of Commissioner Nagle. He informed her that there was no law under which he would be allowed to send off a squad of white wings on such a summer expedition. Mrs. Jones was not discouraged.

"The place is vile," she insisted. "I will send a letter giving my ideas. I hope you can spare me some of your men. If not, delegate one of your subordinates to supervise the work."

Million-Dollar Dormitory for Teachers' College.

The commencement of the Teachers' College today was made notable by the announcement that plans have been perfected for a $1,000,000 dormitory, to be erected on Amsterdam avenue, between One Hundred and Twentieth and One Hundred and Twenty-first streets. The announcement was made by Dean Russell and was received with enthusiastic applause by the alumni and friends of the college assembled. The building will be begun at once.

The dormitory will be to a limited degree a part of the university system. It will accommodate more than 400 students, besides affording room for thirty-two private apartments.

The banking house of Spencer Trask will finance the affair. It is to be built by a stock company formed of alumni and friends of the college, and the entire block front has been purchased for the building.

Girl Is Bequeathed $4,000,000.

Alletta Natalie Lorillard Bailey, a sunny blond in her 12th year, is a fortunate person. By the will of her grandmother, Mrs. Elisa Bailey, the daughter of the late Jacob Lorillard, filed for probate today, she is made heiress to a fortune of more than $4,000,000.

The fortunate child is the only daughter of Mrs. Alletta R. Bailey of 77 Madison avenue, the widow of James Muhlenberg Bailey, who died three years ago, and who was known as an art connoisseur. He left a fortune of $3,000,000, which his daughter will also inherit.

Both parents of the girl heiress were the only children of their parents. Mr. Bailey's father was Nathan Platt Bailey, who died eight years ago. The mother of the heiress was Miss Alletta Lynch.

CHILD SWALLOWS A NEEDLE.

Doctor Finds the Instrument Passing Out of Oscar Ringman's Right Side, Below the Ribs.

Oscar, the 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Ringman, 9012 Ewing avenue, swallowed a needle some time ago, and yesterday the needle worked its way out of the child's body, below the ribs on the right side. The fact that the child had swallowed a needle was not known to either Mr. or Mrs. Ringman until yesterday, when he complained of pains in his side. Examination revealed the needle breaking through the skin. Dr. Bass of 9000 Ewing avenue was summoned, and the needle, two and one-half inches long, was extracted. The child is in perfect health and no serious results are anticipated.

President Harper to Sail for Home.

President W. R. Harper of the University of Chicago, who has been traveling in Europe for the last three months, will sail today from Cherbourg, France, and expects to reach home on the 16th, in time for the spring convocation. Dr. Harper has made a special study of architecture while abroad, with a view to getting ideas for the structure of the new buildings to be erected on the campus this year.

$10.00

Round Trip to Points in Missouri & Arkansas via Chicago & Eastern Illinois R. R.

On June 11 the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad will place on sale round trip tickets to points on the Cotton Belt route in Missouri, Arkansas, and to Shreveport, La., at $10 for the round trip. Tickets are good returning until June 28. City ticket office, 151 Adams street. Telephone Central 555.

WANT MAN FOR SECOND PLACE.

Leaders Are Looking for a Suitable Candidate to Run with Bryan.

TO SCOUR THE COUNTRY.

Chairman Johnson's Latest Figures on Delegates for the Nebraskan.

HE NOW HAS 454 SURE VOTES

Convinced that Bryan's nomination is assured now, Democratic leaders are turning their attention to the selection of a suitable running mate for him. Chairman J. G. Johnson of the Executive committee said yesterday that the action of the New York and Indiana conventions in instructing the delegates of those States for Bryan removed all doubts as to whether or not he would be nominated at Kansas City.

There will be 930 delegates in the convention. Under the two-thirds rule it will require 620 votes to nominate. Within 186 of that number have been instructed for Bryan already. Returns received at headquarters show that twenty-five States and Territories, having a total of 490 delegates, have held their conventions. All except Maryland and New Jersey, with thirty-six delegates, passed resolutions instructing for Bryan, so his sure strength at this time is 454 votes. The States to hear from, both Chairman Johnson and Secretary Walsh say, are certain to instruct many more than enough to make the 186 votes needed to nominate.

Illinois Counted for Bryan.

Illinois is counted in this list. While it probably will follow the lead of Indiana and New York, developments in the Gubernatorial situation forecast trouble for the Bryanites. There is a deal of talk that the Cook County machine will demand from the countrymen Adlai Stevenson's nomination for Governor as the price of Bryan instructions. Thomas Gahan, Robert E. Burke, and others declare there is no truth in the stories that the Springfield convention will try to force the 16 to 1 issue.

The search for a suitable Vice Presidential candidate has been started, and, it is said, probably will extend over the entire country. The list of available aspirants thus far mentioned includes Judge Alton B. Parker, Judge Augustus Van Wyck, O. H. P. Belmont, William F. Mears, and Congressman William Sulzer of New York; Carter H. Harrison and Adlai E. Stevenson of Illinois; George Fred Williams, Massachusetts; B. F. Shively of Indiana, John J. Lents of Ohio, D. J. Campau of Michigan, Colonel L. Victor Baughman of Maryland, General Fitzhugh Lee of Virginia, Governor Benton McMillian of Tennessee, and ex-Governor Robert E. Pattison of Pennsylvania.

New York May Make Demands.

It is believed that New York will insist upon the nomination going to one of its candidates. The leaders say it would be good politics to name a New-Yorker. They profess to believe that the State would then give its electoral vote to Bryan.

Jacob J. Kern has been offered the Democratic nomination for State's Attorney. He has the matter under consideration and will decide within a day or two whether or not he will accept.

Want to Be Delegates.

There is great flurry among the Democratic politicians as to who will go as delegates to the Kansas City convention. Mayor Harrison, Dr. Walker Watson, and M. F. Dunlap are slated as three of the four delegates-at-large. The fourth one undoubtedly will be the nominee for Governor. Thomas Gahan and John P. Hopkins expect to represent the First District, and Thomas Carney and John J. Stone the Second. Alderman Coughlin wants to go as one of the Third District delegates. John J. McCarthy, Congressman George Foster, and Pat White have the same ambition. Robert E. Burke expects to go from the Sixth District. It is not known who his colleague will be, though Alderman Goldzier, V. H. Perkins, and Charles Walker are talked of.

Revolt Against Machine.

Revolt, caused by Ortseifen's candidacy, that threatens to split the local Democratic organization is manifest. William Loeffler's friends support Samuel Alschuler, and are planning a scheme to boom Ortseifen for Treasurer on the ground that he is better fitted for that place than for Governor. The Ortseifen steering committee will open headquarters today.

Frank Wenter was indorsed last night for Sanitary Trustee by the Thirty-fourth Ward club.

ANOTHER BOOM FOR CULLOM.

Friends, It Is Said, Work for Him for Vice President on Strength of McKinley's Sentiments.

According to the statement of a politician Senator Cullom's friends have received information from Washington that the Senator's nomination for Vice President would be entirely satisfactory to McKinley, and that on this strength of Mayor Wheeler, Otis Humphrey, and others of the Senator's Springfield friends are starting a Cullom boom.

It was said yesterday that the Illinois delegation would hold a conference before going to Philadelphia.

The convention will have enough available material from which to make a good selection. The Vice Presidential possibilities mentioned are:

Governor Roosevelt, Cornelius N. Bliss, Elihu Root, Lieutenant Governor Woodruff, and Andrew D. White of New York; General Horace Porter, Ambassador to France; Joseph H. Choate, Ambassador to Great Britain; Secretary John D. Long of the Navy, Attorney General Griggs, John Wanamaker, Senator Stephen B. Elkins, ex-Governor William Bradley of Kentucky, Congressman John P. Dolliver and Governor Shaw of Iowa, Senator Fairbanks of Indiana, Senator Spooner of Wisconsin, Senator Cushman K. Davis and ex-Senator A. R. Washburn of Minnesota, Governor Scofield, Wisconsin; Senator Wolcott, Colorado; ex-Senator Charles F. Manderson of Nebraska, and Bartley Tripp of South Dakota.

ROBT. STEVENSON JR., HANDSOMEST MAN IN YALE

ROBERT STEVENSON JR.

Robert Stevenson Jr., who has been voted by his classmates "the handsomest man in Yale 1900," is a son of Robert Stevenson, head of the firm of Robert Stevenson company, 92 Lake street, and resides at 825 La Salle avenue. He is 21 years old and has been a student at Yale for three years, going there from Andover, where he was a member of the class of '99.

He is a member of the Yale Glee club, chairman of the Yale Senior "Prom." committee, and a member of several college societies. He is also President of the Yale Chicago club. Mr. Stevenson's début as an Adonis has surprised his brothers, both Yale men and members of his father's firm.

Mr. Stevenson is preparing himself for a legal career.

Mr. Stevenson is a smooth-faced young man, who wears the latest turn-down collar, and is modern and up-to-date in his attire. The fact that a Chicago man has been picked out for this honor is gratifying to the city's admirers, as the envious East must now acknowledge Chicago's supremacy in beauty.

The class book distributes honors to the other students as follows: The class beauty, Alan G. Fox of New York; wit and best-dressed man, Thomas B. Clark of New York; most versatile and brightest, F. B. Adams of Toledo, while Captain Fred Allen is said to have "done more for Yale than any 1900 man."

The class averages 23 years, 2 months, and 5 days in age, and 154½ pounds in weight.

INDIANA'S MODEL PLATFORM.

Many Chicago Democrats Look with Approval on Absence of 16 to 1 in Resolutions.

Local Democratic circles were busily engaged yesterday in discussing the Indiana platform, which is regarded as a species of model or pattern for the national convention. It met with cordial approval in general because the words and figures "16 to 1" were conspicuously absent therefrom. A determined effort will now be made to induce the Illinois Democrats to profit by the wisdom of their Indiana brethren.

It is well known here that Tom Taggart, who will succeed Gil Shanklin as Indiana's representative on the National committee, has aspirations for the chairmanship of that organization. Tom Taggart—or, as he signs his name to bank checks, "T. Taggart"—bears in politics the same comparison to the Joneses and the Stones as does a modern rapid-firing, automatic six-pounder to an old muzzle-loading, smooth-bore gun. He is bright and active, and his methods are quite in keeping with the times.

Shanklin will be beaten because the silverites pure and undefiled demanded his return to the National committee. Taggart has many influential friends among the Democrats all over the country, and his chances of selection for the management of the campaign of 1900 are rather better than fair.

The platform is the direct result of active missionary labors of such men as Mr. Croker, A. P. Gorman, S. E. Morss, Tom Taggart, Major G. V. Menzies of Mount Vernon, Ind.; Sam Hammell of Terra Haute, and Ben T. Cable of Illinois. Quite two years ago Mr. Cable met a number of leading Democrats at the Leland Hotel, Springfield, and at an all night session discussed with them the propriety, if not necessity, of a national platform in 1900 similar to that made in Indiana yesterday. Morss and Taggart have made many politicals leaps into both East and West during the last year.

Taggart dominated the State convention from beginning to end without appearing so to do. The thing was done so artfully that Kern, Taggart's man, was named for Governor. Not only this, but the four delegates-at-large and twelve of the district delegates to the Kansas City convention are either out and out gold men or opposed to the 16 to 1 idea. The old school Indiana Democrats who were trimmed up yesterday may and probably will register a determined kick at the polls, but "T. Taggart" is in the saddle.

THIRD PARTY IDEA FALLS FLAT.

Washington Politicians Say They See Little of Merit in Benedict Suggestion.

Washington, D. C., June 7.—[Special.]—E. C. Benedict's suggestion in regard to the formation of what may be termed a Cleveland wing of the Democratic party fell flat here. The politicians are agreed that the fight during the next campaign will be between the Republican and regular Democratic parties, with McKinley and Bryan as the nominees. Aside from this the ground is taken that it is too late to form another party for the coming campaign.

"There is no room for a new party," said Senator McEnery. "The Democrats are more united now than they were in 1896. There does not exist a disgruntled element, this dissatisfaction of which Mr. Benedict speaks being confined to those Democrats who left the party in 1896 for the gold standard. I do not think that any other platform or principle than that of Chicago will satisfy the Democratic party."

"This talk of a third party is foolish," said Senator Vest. "We must first demolish a party before we can secure the elements out of which to build a new one. Never are all men satisfied with the candidate or platform of any party, but we have to make the best of existing conditions. The Republican party was evolved out of the old Whig party by the question of slavery. There was a reason for a change. I have heard this talk of a third party for forty years, but have not seen anything come of it."

"I don't think there is any likelihood of a third party being formed or called for by the people," said Senator Simon. "The coming contest will, of course, be between McKinley and Bryan. I have no sympathy with a cry for another party. The Republican party is strong enough and brave enough to meet any demand and requirement of the country."

W. S. TAYLOR DECLINES TO RUN.

In Statement to Republicans of Kentucky He Declares It Is Impossible for Him to Be a Candidate.

Louisville, Ky., June 7.—W. S. Taylor today sent from Indianapolis for publication the following statement, in which he declines to be a candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor:

To the Republicans of Kentucky: At one time I thought, and so announced, that if the Republican nomination for Governor were offered to me I should not feel authorized to decline it. But after mature consideration of all interests involved in the contest for civil liberty, and of my duty to myself and to my family, for whom I must provide, I feel that I should sell at your hands rather the exactions which a nomination would impose.

For ten long months I have borne as best I could the burdens which have attended this great struggle. In spite of all this we will do the people's work overthrown and I have not only been robbed but subjected to a merciless political persecution. The coming campaign is one of profound importance to Kentucky. The ballot must be redeemed.

Our only possible redress must come through an appeal to the people. To the end that the appeal should be successfully made you should select for your candidate one who may devote all his time and energies to the prosecution of the canvass. In the light of these considerations it is therefore manifest that some other than myself should be your standard-bearer.

Following the statement from W. S. Taylor saying he will not run again came the announcement of John W. Yerkes of Danville, Ky., saying he will be a candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor.

GOLD DEMOCRATS ISSUE A CALL

Meeting of National Democratic Party National Committee to Be Held in Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 7.—A call was issued tonight by the National Executive committee for a meeting in this city on Wednesday, July 25, of the National Committee of the National Democratic party. The call is the outcome of a conference of the Executive committee held in New York on June 1. The consensus of opinion at the meeting as stated tonight was that the party should again put a national ticket in the field. Members of the National Democratic party in this city who were seen were non-committal as to the action their party organization might take.

ICE TRUST CUTS PRICE ONE-THIRD

Customers of the New York Company Given a Lower Rate.

RESULT OF FIGHT ON IT.

Reduction Quietly Made Without Giving the Public Any Notice.

DILLON GIVES AN OPINION.

New York, June 7.—[Special.]—The ice trust is evidently beginning to weaken. The company has decided to reduce the price from 60 cents per hundred pounds to 40 cents. No public announcement has been made by the trust, but inquiry by consumers brought out the fact that all bills for ice dating from June 1 would be at the rate of 40 cents. The high officials of the company would not be seen today, or answer any questions, but the story was confirmed by the superintendent of one of the large apartment houses, who was told by Mr. Winch, superintendent of the company, that the charge hereafter would be 40 cents a hundred.

A reporter, who has been buying trust ice at 60 cents a hundred, visited the depot manager of the trust at the foot of West Ninety-seventh street this afternoon, and the manager notified him that after June 1 he would be charged only 40 cents a hundred pounds for ice.

Confirms Lower Rate.

Asked if the company would furnish ice all over the city at that price, the trust manager replied: "No, only in the cases of old customers and in big apartment and flat houses. We will not allow other companies to undersell us. Where people make a 'kick' we will give them ice at 40 cents."

De Lancy Nicoll and the other lawyers who have appeared as counsel for the American Ice company, were busy today making ready for Saturday, when they will have to appear in at least four proceedings. It is probable one of these will go over, but arguments will have to be made in the other three, and counsel for the ice company said today they expected to have their hands full until the end of the week.

Former Judge John F. Dillon has given an opinion that ownership of stock in a corporation that has contracts with the city is not forbidden to a city officer, and Controller Coler, who asked for the opinion, has decided that he will not attempt to declare forfeited the American Ice company's pier leases and the contracts under which it supplies ice to the city.

Judge Dillon's Opinion.

"Two questions are raised—viz.: (1) Whether the above fact, if it be true, that the Mayor and Dock Commissioner acquired stock in the ice company as alleged is sufficient to empower the Controller under section 1,533 of the Greater New York charter to declare forfeited and void a pre-existing lease from the city to such company. (2) Does the mere fact, if it be true, that the Mayor owned stock in the ice company on Jan. 17, 1900, when the ice contract was made, and still owns said stock, empower the Controller under section 1,533 to declare forfeited and void the ice contract.

"I answer both of the above questions in the negative. In my opinion, it cannot be affirmed, as a matter of law, that merely because a person holds shares of stock in a corporation he is interested in a legal sense in the contracts of the corporation; for in law these contracts are the corporation's contracts and not his, and in making them the corporation acts through its officers, and not through its stockholders."

Disagrees with Dillon.

M. S. Guiterman of Einstein & Townsend differs with Judge Dillon in his opinion that the Controller has no right to set aside the contracts of the ice company. He said:

"When the proper time comes we will cite cases in the highest courts to show that Controller Coler could and should set aside the contracts between the city and the American Ice company. The opinion of ex-Judge Dillon was simply the advice of a lawyer to his client and must not be taken as a judicial ruling. I believe that in this case his interpretation of the law is wrong. Mayor Van Wyck is a city official. He is interested financially in a corporation which has contracts with the city. Therefore, it is must be inferred that the Mayor is affected financially by these contracts. Section 1,533 is intended to prohibit just such a case as that."

Tomorrow the case of the Mayor before Justice Gaynor in Brooklyn will be called for a hearing. It will be the Mayor's opportunity to let the people know "that their Mayor is all right." It is said, however, that the attorneys for the Mayor will serve notice of appeal from Justice Gaynor's decision. This will postpone the examination of the Mayor.

Trust Wants Bills Paid.

Two weeks ago the ice trust sent out notices to a few of its customers stating that unless bills were paid promptly on presentation by the collectors the contracts would be considered broken. Most of the notices went to saloonkeepers. There were a few objections from customers. The agitation was then started against the trust, and no more notices were sent out. Today the trust delivered many more of these notices. It wants the contract price paid, and no credit is given beyond the time of the presentation of the bill.

Another move by the ice barons today was the placing of inspectors on their wagons for the first time since the war against them was started. Before the ice crusade an inspector went with many of the wagons. His business was to see that the drivers gave no more than the proper weight and that the surplus was not sold for cash, but returned to the company.

ELECTS W. A. JONES PRESIDENT

American Foundrymen's Association Chooses Chicagoan—Wants University Course.

The following officers were elected at the final business session of the American Foundrymen's association at the Great Northern Hotel yesterday:

President—W. A. Jones, Chicago.
Secretary—Dr. R. G. G. Moldenke, Pittsburg.
Treasurer—Howard Evans, Philadelphia.
Vice Presidents—G. B. Buckingham, Worcester, Mass.; William Tagle, Pittsburg; J. P. Golden, Columbus, Ga.; J. A. Fenton, Detroit; William Ferguson, Chicago; W. E. Mosher, Dallas, Tex.; R. Chartrey, San Francisco; T. J. Bast, Montreal.

The Executive committee will take action to induce universities to include a course of foundry work in their curriculum. The convention closed with a trip of the delegates on the drainage canal.

HEAD OF FEDERAL STEEL HERE.

President E. H. Gary Spends a Day in Chicago Conferring with Other Officers—Elections to Be Held.

President E. H. Gary of the Federal Steel company was in the city yesterday with President E. J. Buffington of the Illinois Steel company. He spent the day in conference with local steel and iron people, and returned East in the evening, accompanied by Mr. Buffington. He will meet directors of the company at Johnstown, Pa., where the annual election of officers of the Lorain Steel company of Pennsylvania, one of the constituent companies of the Federal Steel company, will take place.

Gift Causes Sexton's Death.

Claus Olson, sexton of the Swedish Lutheran Immanuel Church for seventeen years, died on Wednesday night a few minutes after receiving a gift of $250, presented by the young people of the church. He had been ill for several months.

Popularity

Nothing eatable or drinkable ever attains lasting popularity without the intrinsic merit of refined quality.

The standard of

Hunter Baltimore Rye

Always Pure Old and Mellow

has made it the most popular whiskey, because it is the purest type of the purest.

WM. LANAHAN & SON, Baltimore, Md.

Burlington Route

Best Line to St. Paul-Minneapolis

The Finest Train in the World leaves Chicago daily at 6.30 p. m. and arrives in St. Paul at 7.45 a. m. Electric lighted, steam heated, with Standard and Compartment Sleeping Cars, Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman Buffet-Smoking Car and a Dining Car à la carte.

Ticket Office, 211 Clark St. Telephone, Main 3881.

TO END QUOTATION CASE TODAY

Board of Trade's Suit Against Commission Company to Be Taken Under Advisement.

The arguments in the Board of Trade's attempt to show that the Christie-Street Commission company of Kansas City is a bucket shop, and not entitled to receive the market quotations, will be finished today before Judge Tuley, who will take the case under advisement.

In the course of the hearing yesterday Judge Tuley said:

"The underlying question here is, whether or not there is a property right in the daily market quotations, vested in the Board of Trade, which right is being infringed. That question being settled in the affirmative, there would still remain the other question—whether the power of the criminal law is inadequate to provide relief for the alleged invaded rights. It is a question whether or not this court has the right to adjudicate these defendants guilty of an offense without a jury."

Judge H. J. Davis, attorney for the Western Union Telegraph company, explaining his client's position in the suit, said he would have made no argument but for the attack of the Board of Trade's counsel on the telegraph company. He said it was beyond the company's power to learn whether or not a man who wanted the service was conducting a legitimate business or running a bucket-shop, and that the company had no right to refuse to sell the service. He declared the statement that the company furnished quotations to 25,000 bucket-shops was absurd, as it furnished the figures to less than one-tenth that number—many of the clients being owners of public places, such as hotels, who took the service to accommodate or attract patrons.

Site for Nancy Hanks Monument.

Rockport, Ind., June 7.—The Spencer County board today voted an appropriation of $600, to buy the tract of land surrounding the grave of Nancy Hanks Lincoln at Lincoln City. A suitable monument is to be erected.

Divorce for Mrs. M. L. Scott.

St. Paul, Minn., June 7.—Mrs. Mary Lee Scott was granted a divorce from Thomas B. Scott of Chicago today. Previous to their separation the Scotts were prominent in social circles of this city.

Perfect Digestion

means health. Both may be secured by a faithful use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is the one medicine that may be depended upon when there is any derangement of the stomach, liver or kidneys. It is the greatest health-builder in the world, and as a blood-purifier cannot be equaled. For fifty years it has cured indigestion, dyspepsia and constipation. See that a Private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

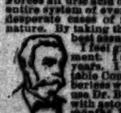
IF YOU VALUE HEALTH AVOID SUBSTITUTES — HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

SIX MONTHS' TREATMENT FOR ONE DOLLAR

DR. BURKHART'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

IN TABLET FORM—PLEASANT TO TAKE.

Forces all uric acid out of the blood and cleanses the entire system of every impurity and purges the most deep-seated case of rheumatism, even of a chronic nature. By taking this famous remedy you have the best assurance of a radical cure.



I feel grateful while making this statement. I suffered from rheumatism for years. I heard of Dr. Burkhart's Vegetable Compound after having tried numerous worthless cure-alls. I began to use Dr. Burkhart's Vegetable Compound with no preliminaries. Was cured in 3 months. Dr. F. G. Geers, Roxbury, Mass.

For sale by all druggists. Thirty days' treatment for $1.00. Sample dose free. Six months' treatment $5.00. 10 days' trial treatment free.

DR. F. G. BURKHART, Cincinnati, O.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Genuine must bear Fac-Simile Signature

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Rely upon Platt's Chlorides as your household disinfectant

An odorless, colorless liquid disinfectant; powerful, safe and cheap.

Destroys disease germs and noxious gases. Prevents sickness. Sold in quart bottles only, by druggists and high-class grocers. Prepared only by Henry B. Platt, Platt-st., New York.

DENVER

Great Rock Island Route

Best Dining Car Service.

Only Depot on the Elevated Loop.

THE TRIBUNE IS A FAMILY PAPER.

CONGRESS ENDS WORK IN SONG.

Final Agreement Reached on Naval Bill and Members Lay Aside Differences.

BACKDOWN IN HOUSE.

Yields to Senate on Survey Issue and Grants More Than Originally Asked.

SOME HOT SHOT FOR CANNON.

Washington, D. C., June 7.—Speaker Henderson laid down his gavel at 5 o'clock this afternoon at the conclusion of one of the most picturesque scenes which have ever taken place in the Hall of Representatives.

During a brief recess, taken within thirty minutes of the time fixed for the final adjournment, a group of members, led by Mr. Mercer of Nebraska, Mr. Ball of Texas, Mr. Fitzgerald of Massachusetts, and Mr. Tawney of Minnesota, congregated in the area to the left of the Speaker's rostrum and began singing patriotic airs. The galleries were banked to the doors. "Columbia, Gem of the Ocean," "Auld Lang Syne," "The Red, White, and Blue," successively rang out. As the singing proceeded members joined the group, until, without regard to age or party, the entire membership of the House joined in the choruses.

Reach a Climax with "Dixie."

The spectators in the galleries applauded each song until the strains of "Dixie" filled the hall. Then their enthusiasm broke out in wild cheers. But the enthusiasm "Dixie" evoked was not to be compared with the remarkable demonstration which followed when, in a clear, ringing tenor, Mr. Fitzgerald of Massachusetts started the national anthem. In an instant all the men, women, and children in the galleries were on their feet joining in the singing.

The mighty chorus from thousands of throats reverberated through the hall, making the pulses leap and the blood tingle. It was a magnificent and inspiring spectacle.

Speaker Adjourns House.

After Speaker Henderson had made a graceful farewell speech thanking the members for their courtesy, and had declared the House adjourned, the members testified to his popularity by singing "For He Is a Jolly Good Fellow," and the newspaper correspondents in the press gallery sang the doxology.

The principal feature of the closing day in the House was the reversal of its action last night in turning down the conferees on the naval bill for yielding on the item relating to ocean surveys. It was a distinct victory for the old conferees, Messrs. Foss of Illinois, Dayton of West Virginia, and Cummings of New York. The amendment as thus agreed upon will read as follows:

Ocean survey—including the waters of Cuba and the Philippine archipelago, but not the coast thereof, and for the purchase of nautical books, charts, and sailing directions, and freight and express charges on the same, $50,000.

This is a compromise in all respects. The original provision in the House bill was for ocean surveys only, and it appropriated $10,000.

One feature of the day was the resentful obstruction of Mr. Lenz of Ohio to legislation by unanimous consent because he could not secure the publication of the Coeur d'Alene inquiry report.

Proceedings Are Resumed.

When the House had resumed business shortly after noon, and a bill had been passed to amend the car coupler law so as to require railroads to report monthly under oath to the Interstate Commerce commission all accidents to their employés, and to make reports as to all collisions between trains, Mr. Cannon, on behalf of the conferees on the naval appropriation bill formally reported another disagreement.

The naval conferees, who were superseded last night, after a bitter fight, evidently were ready to resume the struggle. Mr. Cannon moved that the House recede and concur in the Senate amendment with an amendment, which struck out the word "hydrographic," and provided for ocean surveys, including the waters of Porto Rico, Cuba, and the Philippines, except the coasts thereof.

Mr. Dayton [W. Va.], who was one of the superseded conferees, moved to recede and concur in the Senate amendment in order to bring the question squarely before the House.

Mr. Cummings [N. Y.], one of the conferees, explained the difficulties under which the old conferees had labored. He contrasted the result of their work with that of the new conferees. He somewhat startled the House by referring to a "junketing trip" which Mr. Cannon had taken as the guest of the coast survey, and then paid his respects to the chairman of the Appropriations committee.

He pictured Mr. Cannon, the chairman of the great Appropriations committee, as a lion lashing his sides and roaring, while the crowd of jackals followed as they smelt fresh meat. Then he described how the House, following blindly the lion's leadership, had done everything it could to degrade its conferees, despite their appeals that they were powerless.

"I told you," said he with great vehemence, "that we were up against a stone wall, but you turned us down, and turned the controversy over to the Appropriations committee to settle. And they went up against the same stone wall, with the result they are back here crawling before this House with another proposition."

Calls Cannon a Toy Musket.

"Why, if you were so loyal, did you come crawling back into the House?" he asked, addressing Mr. Cannon. "Why did you not continue your opposition?" Then, with sarcasm and a contemptuous wave of his hand he said as he took his seat: "You have been misnamed; you are no cannon, you are a toy musket." This shot convulsed the House, and it was several minutes before order was restored.

Mr. Foss again defended the action of the old conferees.

Cannon Meets Defeat.

Mr. Cannon asked the House to stand by him. "I can give assurance," said he "that if the House adopts my motion we can adjourn without day in an hour."

The vote was then taken first upon Mr. Dayton's motion to recede and concur in the Senate amendment. On a rising vote it was carried, 77 to 71. Mr. Cannon demanded the yeas and nays, which were ordered, and the clerk announced 118 to 96. After this Mr. Cannon turned the management of the other item still in dispute between the two Houses over to Mr. Dayton. This related to the course of the naval cadets at Annapolis. Mr. Dayton moved that the House recede and concur in the Senate amendment continuing the six years' course for cadets but providing that a cadet at Annapolis from each Congressional district should be appointed every four years. The motion was agreed to.

This action removed the last stumbling block and finally passed the naval appropriation bill.

Then followed a scene of confusion. A number of conference reports on private pension bills were put through with great rapidity, while the engrossing clerks rushed back and forth in their efforts to get belated bills to the President before final adjournment.

At 3:30 the Secretary of the Senate arrived, and announced the action of the Senate for adjournment at 5 p. m. There was a warwhoop from the floor, and Mr. Payne moved to concur in the Senate's action.

"This House ought not to adjourn until the Senate has acted upon the anti-trust bill," said Mr. Sulzer [N. Y.].

The Republicans attempted to howl him down, but the Democrats, rising en masse, forced a roll-call on Mr. Payne's motion.

The Senate amendment to the adjournment resolution was adopted, 115 to 73.

The Speaker then appointed Mr. Payne of New York, Mr. Bingham of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Richardson of Tennessee a committee to wait on the President and inform him that the House was ready to adjourn.

At 4:50, after a recess, when the Speaker attempted to call the House to order the members were singing. As they made their way to their seats the Speaker observed good-naturedly: "The choir will come to order." Mr. Payne then announced that the President had nothing further to communicate.

Speakers' Parting Words.

As the hands of the clock approached the hour of 5 o'clock Speaker Henderson arose and amid profound silence delivered his valedictory in these words:

"Gentlemen of the House of Representatives: We will in a few moments have completed our session's work. It has been a session of earnest, patriotic effort, of unremitting toil. This House has demonstrated that men may meet on great fields of contest and part as friends. This body has considered many great, novel national questions. That fervor which enters into debate on the eve of a great national conflict has been present, but guided by intelligence and manly courage.

"At the opening of this session I took the chair with that fear and apprehension which every conscientious man should feel. I appealed to you for support and kindly aid. Not for one moment have you forgotten that appeal, but your sustaining influence has made it possible to consider these mighty problems of the hour and never allow the legislator and the gentleman to sink below the high level of manhood.

"In parting I wish you from my heart a pleasant vacation, and that you may all return to the duties of the next session refreshed in body and mind.

"And now, in pursuance of the concurrent resolution adopted by the two Houses of Congress, I declare this session adjourned without day."

As the gavel fell, which ended the first session of the Fifty-sixth Congress, the members cheered again and again.

DAY OF WAITING IN SENATE.

Final Agreement on Naval Bill and Adjournment Reached After Long Delays.

Washington, D. C., June 7.—It was a day of waiting for the Senate. The naval appropriation bill—the stumbling block to final adjournment—could not be agreed to by the conferees of the two Houses and the disagreement was reported to the Senate early in the day. The report was accepted by the Senate, which refused to request another conference, although Mr. Hale expressed the belief that an agreement might be reached.

At 3 o'clock, after several recesses had been taken, it became known to the Senate that the House had concurred in the Senate amendments remaining in controversy.

It was not until 4:40, twenty minutes before the hour fixed for adjournment, that the President pro tempore of the Senate (Mr. Frye) announced the signature to the naval bill. With some other measures it was hurried to the President, who was in waiting in his room in the Capitol, and was signed by him a few minutes later.

When the Senate reconvened at 12:45 Mr. Hale reported a further disagreement on the naval appropriation bill. He moved that the Senate insist upon its amendments and ask for a further conference. The only matters still in controversy, he said, were the length of the course at Annapolis and the Senate amendment regarding the ocean surveys.

Ask No More Conferences.

Mr. Bacon then presented the proposition that the position of the Senate conferees would be made stronger by not asking for another conference.

Mr. Hale said he recognized the force of the suggestion and so modified his motion as not to request a further conference.

The report and motion were agreed to.

The Senate then took a recess until 2 o'clock, when a bill amending the act incorporating the Supreme Lodge of the Knights of Pythias was passed.

After a recess till 3 o'clock Mr. Beveridge [Ind.] asked for consideration of a joint resolution to donate a condemned cannon to the Sons of Veterans.

"I object," shouted Mr. Sullivan.

"I'd like to know," inquired Mr. Pettigrew, "if that resolution has any reference to the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives."

The laughter which this sally created gradually swelled into applause as the full significance of it dawned upon the auditors.

In a facetious speech Mr. Wolcott withdrew his objection to Mr. Sullivan's bill and Mr. Sullivan withdrew his objection to Mr. Beveridge's measure. The latter was passed, as also was the bill called up by Mr. Sullivan to pay for corn seized by troops during the civil war.

Mr. Lindsay Defends Todd.

Mr. Lindsay [Ky.] resented the attack made in the House last night by Mr. Cannon upon Commander Todd, chief of the Hydrographic bureau of the Navy department. He said that the letter sent out by Commander Todd in support of the naval hydrographic survey might have been intended to influence legislation, but the trouble with Mr. Cannon was that the letter stated truths.

"The official reports of the proceedings of this Congress," said Mr. Lindsay, "impute falsehood to Commander Todd. If anybody is to be so charged it is not Chapman C. Todd. I make this statement so that in the record the antidote may go with the poison."

Mr. Lodge made a statement to show that the attack upon Commander Todd had been made in an effort to break down one of the government surveys that another might be built up. He declared the effort reflected no credit upon those responsible for it.

Mr. Chandler, in concurring in the remarks of Mr. Lodge, expressed the hope that Congress soon would deal effectually with the various surveys of the government. He thought Commander Todd had violated the naval regulations in sending out his letter, but that he had suffered enough he was assured. He regarded Commander Todd as one of the best officers in the navy, and hoped the Secretary of the Navy would find it in the part of kindness to relieve him from suspension as soon as the present session of Congress should expire.

A recess was then taken until 4:30 o'clock, when the chair announced his signature to the naval appropriation bill and various other measures.

The usual resolution was adopted for a committee to inform the President that Congress was prepared to adjourn unless he had some further business to propose. Messrs. Allison and Cockrell were named as the Senate committee.

In a few minutes the committee reported that it had waited upon the President; that he extended to Congress his felicitations on the great amount of work accomplished in so short a time, and replied that he had no further communications to make.

Mr. Cockrell [Mo.] then offered a resolution extending the thanks of the Senate to the presiding officer (Mr. Frye), who made an appropriate reply, and then declared the body adjourned.

Prisoners Taken to Joliet.

Jailor Whitman yesterday took fourteen prisoners to the Joliet penitentiary. Among them was Charles C. Lamb, sentenced for life for the murder of his father-in-law, Charles Neubert. Lamb shot and killed Neubert in the latter's residence in Englewood last December during a dispute over Lamb's treatment of his wife.

Safer to invest money in diamonds than in some banks; easy terms. Lottie Bros., 103 State.

CANNON BEATEN; CONGRESS ENDS.

Fight in House Over Ocean Surveys Results in Victory for Conferees.

SHARP DEBATE DEVELOPS

Members Sing Popular Songs and Pay a Tribute to Speaker Henderson.

QUIET DAY IN THE SENATE.

(Continued from first page.)

ed the sound of the voices of those who were singing. When this demonstration had ceased there was a commotion in one of the galleries when a crank arose, and attempted to make a political speech. He was howled down and ejected from the gallery without ceremony. This is the same man who disturbed the House some time ago, and he was escorted from the Capitol grounds and warned not to return to the building.

"Farewell, My Own True Love," was the next song the Congressional opera company rendered, and the next number of the program was the "Star Spangled Banner." At the beginning of the national anthem the occupants of the galleries arose, and remained standing until it was finished. When the chorus was reached several members turned to the galleries and shouted, "All together," and the representatives of the people and those in the galleries joined together and sang the national hymn in a manner which would put to shame those who charge the American people with not knowing the air and words of this piece of music. At its conclusion there was an outburst of applause which made those that preceded it seem but weak efforts.

Tribute to Speaker Henderson.

At this moment a stalwart newspaper correspondent who was standing in the gallery directly over the Speaker's chair threw himself over the railing, tore from its fastenings a huge American flag, which adorned the space above the Speaker's chair, and waved it to and fro. This action caused another demonstration. The members then turned their respects to the ladies in the gallery and sang "Good Night, Ladies." The fair ones appreciated the compliment and they frantically waved their fans, handkerchiefs, and parasols, and bowed gracefully to the national legislators. "Tenting Tonight on the Old Camp Ground," "Suwanee River," and "Maryland, My Maryland" were then rendered, and at this moment Speaker Henderson entered the chamber and started towards the rostrum.

When he had taken his chair and called the House to order he was greeted with "He Is a Jolly Good Fellow." Although the House was in session the Speaker made only feeble efforts to call it to order and stood in his place until the song sung in his honor had been finished. He then delivered a speech, in which he thanked the members for their cooperation during the session, wished them a pleasant vacation, and hoped they would return refreshed in body and mind. His remarks were listened to amid profound silence, and when he had concluded the Democrats and Republicans vied with each other in applauding them. It was manifest that all the bitterness which had marked the session had been wiped out.

When the applause had died the correspondents in the press gallery sang the "Doxology," some of the members standing in a prayerful attitude with their hands clasped and their heads bowed until this was finished. Then the members applauded and began leaving the chamber, many of them going directly to the trains. Before they left, however, each one shook hands with the Speaker. Most of them left the Capitol by the west entrance, and that they were glad their duties were over was evidenced by the shouts and snatches of song heard as they left the building.

Senators Cullom and Mason and nearly all of the members of the Illinois delegation will remain here for a few days, straightening up matters of interest to their constituents in the departments. Most of the Republicans will go to the convention at Philadelphia on June 19, and will remain in this section of the country for that purpose. Senator Cullom will attend the convention, but Senator Mason has not yet decided as to his movements. Representative Graff, who has been present at every meeting of the House this session with one exception, is in a hurry to get home, and will leave tomorrow night.

Cummings Chaffs Joe Cannon.

"You are misnamed. You are no Cannon; you are a toy musket," said Amos Cummings today to Uncle Joe Cannon in criticising the latter for the part he took in taking the naval appropriation bill out of the hands of the Naval committee and placing it in the control of the Appropriations committee. Mr. Cannon had yielded the same point to the Senate in regard to ocean surveys, which had been conceded by Mr. Foss and his associates on the conference commitee. For this Mr. Foss had been criticised by Cannon and Moody. The latter apologized to Foss and the House and received a round of applause. While Amos Cummings, who was one of the conferees from whom the bill had been taken, was paying his respects to Mr. Cannon there was much confusion, applause, and laughter, and the House seemed to relish it, as there are few men in that body who care to cross swords with the Illinoisan. Mr. Cannon did not reply to Mr. Cummings, and apparently was overcome by the way in which the House threw him down after he had held Congress in session for an extra day without accomplishing anything.

Uriah Heep Secures a Pension.

When Representative Payne, who was chairman of the Committee of the House which waited upon the President to inform him that the House was ready to adjourn, and asked if the President had any further communications to make, reported to the House, it was noticeable that the President did not send a complimentary message, as has been his custom in the past.

In reading the list of the bills approved by the President just before adjournment the clerk of the House said:

"An act granting a pension to Uriah Heep." This caused a ripple of laughter, as almost everybody seemed to think it rather amusing to grant a pension to a man having the same name as one of Dickens' characters. Hardly had the laughter subsided, when the clerk, who had continued the reading, said: "An act granting a pension to Andrew Jackson." This announcement was met with laughter and applause, especially on the Democratic side, where it was thought a great joke that this illustrious name should be placed upon the pension rolls of the government.

Colonel Marsh was more conspicuous in the House today than ever by reason of a huge red rose he wore in the left lapel of his coat. Some one presented a member with a large bouquet of jacqueminot roses, and he generously distributed them among his friends. Colonel Marsh was given the largest one of the bunch, and as it was as big as a small-sized head of cabbage it attracted considerable attention, and some of the members enjoyed themselves by having fun with Colonel Marsh about it.

To Consider Reduction of War Taxes.

It has been determined by Representative Payne not to call a meeting of the Ways and Means committee until late in the fall for the purpose of considering the reduction of the war taxes. It will be remembered this committee was authorized to sit during the recess of Congress for the purpose of formulating a bill for the reduction of war revenues. The committee will probably meet two or three weeks before Congress reassembles, as by that time it will be determined how much reduction there can be made in the revenues.

Mr. Payne does not believe there will be much difficulty in determining the proper distribution of the reduction. A number of hearings have already been held, and the committee is in possession of considerable data furnished by the Treasury department which will guide it in its deliberations. No general hearings will be held, although the committee may summon a few persons before it to give information on some points on which it is in doubt.

Secretary and Mrs. Gage have gone to Boston, where they will be the guests of honor at a banquet given by the Commercial club.

Valuable Grants to Paper Companies.

Reports to the State department say the government of the Province of Ontario has recently granted to the Spanish River Pulp and Paper company the right to select as a reserve fifty square miles of spruce and other woods suitable for pulp, with the further privilege of cutting pulp wood on territory five miles on either side of the Spanish River and its tributaries. It is said this practically gives the company control over 2,500 square miles of territory. In consideration of the grant the company agrees to erect within three years pulp and paper mills costing $500,000. The grant is for twenty-one years, and the mills are to be located on the Canadian Pacific railway, about 100 miles east of Sault Ste. Marie.

Another grant for forty square miles was given to the Blanch River Pulp and Paper company, and an additional right to cut pulp wood on the Blanch River and tributaries. The company agrees to erect within three years mills costing $250,000. These will be located on the Canadian Pacific railway, about 314 miles west of Montreal.

A grant was also given to the Nipigon Pulp, Paper, and Manufacturing company on the Nipigon River, near the north shore of Lake Superior. All the above companies will use water power from the falls on the rivers on which they are located. Citizens of the United States, together with Canadians, are interested in each of the companies.

Trouble Ahead of Senator Wolcott.

"Senator Wolcott will not have an easy thing of it," said a leading politician of Colorado, "when he comes up for re-election by the next Legislature, and women promise to be the cause of all his troubles. Out in our State women have a right to vote for members of the Legislature, and for some reason the fair suffragists have set their faces against our handsome Senator. Already there have been discussions at numerous pink teas and other informal gatherings of women, the trend of which has been decidedly inimical to the reelection of Wolcott as one of the Senators from the Centennial State. Clubs are being organized for the purpose of devising and raising means for bringing about his defeat, and altogether the outlook is promising for a warm time in the next contest for the Senatorship from Colorado, for which a Legislature will be elected this fall."

Tim Campbell Smites W. J. Bryan.

"All this hullabaloo about Bryan makes me sick," said ex-Congressman Tim Campbell of New York, famous among other things for his suggestion to an Appropriations committee that the constitution of the United States should not count "between friends." "As a Tammanyite from start to finish I cannot see where we can consistently support Bryan and his silver theories. One thing is certain, however, and that is unless the Nebraskan wins on the first ballot or so he will never be the choice of the Kansas City convention. Chief Croker knows his business, and he will not return to this country until it is about time to go to the convention. By this arrangement he will rid himself of lots of bother and importunities to come to the help of Bryan, just as Cæsar called to Cassius to save him from sinking, according to the immortal bard of Avon.

"New York's delegation going uninstructed means that just so sure as it becomes evident that Bryanism is on the wane just so surely will another name be sprung on the convention, and we boys are rooting for Arthur Pue Gorman for our standard-bearer. We have had enough of Bryan, who stands for nothing and nobody, and he should have sense enough to pull out and let somebody be nominated at Kansas City who at least can put up a good stiff argument and fight. My sentiments are those of a majority of Tammany, and at the proper time this will be demonstrated."

MAJOR HARTIGAN IS PRAISED.

Colonel Gardener, in Letter, Commends His Men for Night Attack and Defeat of Insurgents.

According to a letter received from Sergeant Thomas P. Ryan of Company L, Thirtieth Infantry, United States Volunteers, yesterday by his brother, Captain J. F. Ryan, Adjutant of the Seventh Regiment, Major Thomas L. Hartigan and his command are distinguishing themselves in their efforts to suppress the Philippine rebellion in Luzon.

A communication from Colonel Gardener reads in part:

"Headquarters Thirtieth Infantry, United States Volunteers, Tayabas, Luzon, P. I., April 18, 1900.—Major Thomas L. Hartigan, commanding the Third Battalion, Thirtieth Infantry, United States Volunteers, Tayabas, Luzon, P. I.—Dear Sir: As regimental commander I desire to express to you and through you to such officers and soldiers of your battalion as participated in the late campaign against insurgent Colonel Maloles and his force my appreciation of the valor displayed by you and your men.

"This wily insurgent chief had gathered his force on the very top of one of the highest and steepest mountains of the province, in a position hitherto considered impregnable and unscalable by white troops. Leading with Captain Newberry the attack, which was made at dawn, after a fatiguing march of six hours, surprised the insurgents and defeated them, with the results, as we now know, of capturing one Major, three Captains, two Lieutenants, and twenty-two enlisted men prisoners, killing five officers and thirty-eight enlisted men, and wounding seventy-one, besides capturing thirty-three rifles, a large number of bolos, and 2,000 rounds of ammunition, and all the headquarters correspondence and personal effects of Colonel Maloles, who escaped. The surprise was so complete, it practically ends the revolution in this province.

"Captain C. P. Newberry, First SergeantC. C. Richmond, Company L; Sergeants S. C. French, Company M; L. J. Wood, Company K; A. C. Rupp, Company I; Corporals Miller, Company L; Thompson, Company M; and Kohrer, Company M; Privates Dillon, R. Smith, Robinson, Company L, and Applegate, Company M, are especially commended for the courage they displayed in this fight.

"CORNELIUS GARDENER,
"Colonel Thirtieth Infantry, U. S. V., commanding."

BENJAMIN HARRISON TO BE HERE

Former President to Appear in Federal Court Next Friday as Counsel in Cynthia Hart Case.

Former President Benjamin Harrison will come to Chicago on June 15 to argue in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals as counsel for George F. Harding against Cynthia C. Hart. Justice Brown of the Supreme Court will sit with Judges Woods and Seaman in the case. The litigation dates back to May 5, 1876.

TO FORCE HONEST STREET PAVING.

Real Estate Board Plans Union of Improvement Associations.

BUSINESS MEN ON CAUSE.

Contention Made Concerted Action Would Check Fraudulent Methods.

TAXPAYERS MAKE DEMANDS

Members of the Chicago Real Estate board contemplate an organized plan of action toward forcing honest street paving by uniting the various improvement and business-men's organizations now existing in the various wards and divisions of the city. With these forces centralized it is insisted that power could be brought to bear which would force the present municipal authorities to radically change the prevalent methods which admit of paving "steals" right and left.

Following up the exposures made by THE TRIBUNE and Alderman Frank T. Fowler's evidence that "Chicago's taxpayers have been robbed until they are black in the face," the realty men are preparing to outline formal warfare on Wednesday next at the adjourned meeting of the board.

Improvement associations exist in nearly every ward in the city, while the North, West, and South Sides have organizations of business-men of these districts, banded together to fight for the interests of these respective divisions.

Advocates Arousing Clubs.

"Arouse these various clubs and associations," said J. B. Galloway of the Real Estate board, "and bind them together, and such a force can grasp the problem of street pavement that fraudulent work can be checked effectively for all time. Every member could take up the work of inspection, and, if possible, property-owners might be allowed to engage inspectors on each work, to be paid for by the city, which now employs inspectors who do not seem to have done their full duty. The unity of these organizations as the first step would develop tremendous power."

"The source of all trouble and bad work," said W. W. Baird, "is that we have inspectors who do not inspect. The city must be forced to right this condition."

"The best way out of the trouble that I see," said Robert C. Givins, "is to invest in gatling guns and see that the material and the work called for is put in the streets."

Taxpayers' Plans of Campaign.

One of these organizations, the Taxpayers' association of Cook County, has outlined plans of campaign to be prosecuted by its 1,400 members. Many of the largest corporations of the city have aligned themselves with this body. Efforts are to be exerted to have the next General Assembly amend the special assessment laws. Among the changes sought for are:

Ten years time on all special assessments, property-owners to have the right to pay before this time limit expires and save interest after the date of payment.

That 4 per cent interest shall be allowed on bonds issued for paving purposes, as where 6 per cent has been allowed contractors have sold them at a premium.

That interest on special assessments shall not begin until after the work is completed and accepted by the city. The Real Estate board will begin injunctional proceedings to test this point.

Special assessments shall not be levied on property from six months to two years before the city is ready to actually perform paving contemplated.

No improvement shall be ordered except on the petition of a majority of the frontage owners in each block or sought to be improved.

That each owner shall be furnished with specifications and estimates of the cost, the estimated cost of material, labor, and other parts of the work being fully itemized.

The city shall bear all expenses of spreading and collecting the assessments, 6 per cent now being charged to property-owners.

The city shall pay for the paving of all street intersections and a certain percentage of the cost of the entire improvement.

President Givens of the Association asserts these demands will be fought for, and the General Assembly and not the city authorities will be appealed to to relieve present conditions.

City Council May Investigate.

There is a possibility that the City Council may investigate paving methods and the letting of contracts by the Board of Local Improvements. The showing by THE TRIBUNE that certain politicians, including Robert E. Burke, are interested in contracting firms is pointed out as revealing violations of the city ordinances.

The Assyrian Asphalt company has admitted its liability and will repair a number of streets in Hyde Park which are held to show that bad work was done.

GETS WAR PAY AFTER YEARS.

Captain William L. Orr, Who Served with Porter, Allowed $1,583 for Services as Engineer.

Captain William L. Orr, 349 Chestnut street, after thirty-five years of patient waiting, has received word that his services to the government during the civil war will be rewarded.

In September, 1863, Mr. Orr offered himself as an engineer, leaving a wife and four little children, at Alton, Ill. He figured the salary he would receive each quarter would be enough to support them. But he did not figure on the time his firs. installment of pay would be received, and for two years he asked in vain for recompense for his work.

Mr. Orr's papers had been mislaid in the Navy department at Washington, and appeals were sent in plenty, but the Navy department officials said no William L. Orr was ever mustered into government service at St. Louis. Meanwhile Engineer Orr was helping make the name of Admiral Porter great.

The war ended, and Captain Orr had received no pay. His claim was taken up by Senator Palmer, and then General Logan took a hand. Congressman Cooke of the North Side took up the work where General Logan left off, and all but had the measure passed when death again intervened.

Finally, through the efforts of H. S. Boutell, a bill allowing Captain Orr $1,583 for his services passed both Houses on Wednesday morning and was signed by the President.

Receiver for Metal Bed Company.

On petition of several creditors, Edward B. McKay yesterday was appointed receiver of the Chicago Iron and Brass Bed Manufacturing company by Judge Kohlsaat. He gave a bond for $50,000. The petitioning creditors are the Inland Steel company and Percy G. and Sarah Hinkley. Their claims aggregate $1,600.

Federal Civil Service Examination.

The United States Civil Service commission announces that a special examination will be held by the Chicago Postoffice Board of Examiners on July 16 for the position of mailing clerk. Applications must be on file by July 3.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

E. & W. Nipsio. E. & W.
The new fold collar.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.

BAD LAKE VIEW. BAD CHICAGO AVE. BAD 14TH ST. BAD HYDE PARK.

[Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets and also the Stock-Yards. Hyde Park station supplies all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock-Yards.]

Friday June 8.

Striped flannel suits for summer outings; cool, inviting, comforting; very popular.

Light and dark grays with blue, brown or pale green stripes.

They're skeleton coats, single and double breasted, with trousers, $15 to $20; or sold separately. No vests with outing suits.

There's hardly a negligeshirt preference that can't be satisfied here; $1 to $2.75.

Straw hat head-coolers, $1 to $3; ample assortment of latest fads.

THE ROGERS, PEET & CO. CLOTHING
F. M. ATWOOD
"ATWOOD BUILDING,"
Northwest Corner
Madison and Clark Sts.

CLOSING OF MAILS AT CHICAGO.

EUROPEAN MAILS — Friday, June 8.—For Italy, Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, British India, Lourenzo Marques, Austria, Belgium, Netherlands, Russia, and Cape Colony, via New York, close daily at 12 p. m. and 4:30 p. m.

Direct mails for France, Great Britain, Germany, Denmark, Sweden, and Norway will close Sunday at 4:30 and 12 p. m., via S. S. Lahn.

WEST INDIES—For Cuba, daily at 2 a. m. and 1 and 6:15 p. m.

For Porto Rico, daily, via New York, 2, 8, and 10 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

For Hayti, final close Sunday at 4:30 p. m.

For Jamaica, via New York, final close at 12 p. m. today.

For St. Thomas, St. Croix, Leeward and Windward Islands, Martinique, and Barbadoes; final close Sunday at 4:30 p. m.

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA—For southern Pacific ports, via Colon, final close Monday at 4:30 p. m.

For Argentine Republic, Uruguay, and Paraguay, final close today at 9:45 a. m.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS — For Philippines, China, and Japan, via San Francisco, daily at 2 a. m. and 9 p. m.; final close June 10, 12 p. m.

For Hawaii, via San Francisco, daily at 2 a. m. and 9 p. m.; final close June 9, 12 p. m.

For Samoa, New Zealand, Fiji Islands, New Caledonia, and Australia, via San Francisco; final close June 9, 12 p. m.

CHARLES U. GORDON, Postmaster.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., June 7.—Forecast for Friday and Saturday:

For Illinois and Indiana—Fair Friday and Saturday, cooler in northern portions Friday, fresh westerly winds.

For Lower Michigan—Fair Friday, with cooler in western and northern portions, Saturday fair, brisk westerly winds.

For Upper Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, and Missouri—Fair and cooler Friday, Saturday fair, westerly winds, becoming variable.

For Nebraska—Fair Friday and Saturday, cooler Friday, northerly winds, becoming variable.

Place of observation. Time taken: June 7, 8 p. m.

	Height of barometer	Thermometer	Mean temp.	Direction of wind	Precipitation	State of weather
Abilene	29.68	96	68	S.E.	....	Clear
Albany	29.80	72	62	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Alpena	29.64	68	80	N.E.	.20	Fair
Atlanta	29.80	74	80	S.W.	.15	Clo'dy
Amarillo	29.78	88	62	E.	....	Clear
Battleford	29.86	58	60	N.W.	.tr.	Rain
Bismarck	29.86	68	72	N.W.	....	Clear
Buffalo	29.70	68	74	S.W.	.24	Clear
Boston	29.90	62	78	S.	....	Fair
Cairo	29.74	70	82	N.W.	2.96	Fair
Calgary	29.76	58	60	S.	....	Clo'dy
Charlotte	29.88	74	78	S.W.	.tr.	Clo'dy
Cheyenne	29.98	70	74	S.E.	....	Clear
Chicago	29.78	78	80	S.	.06	Fair
Cincinnati	29.80	76	80	S.	.tr.	Clo'dy
Cleveland	29.78	62	80	N.W.	.50	Rain
Concordia	29.74	90	100	N.	....	Fair
Davenport	29.68	88	90	S.W.	....	Fair
Denver	29.88	78	82	E.	....	Clear
Des Moines	29.74	82	88	N.W.	.tr.	Fair
Detroit	29.80	74	80	S.	1.84	Fair
Dodge	29.72	90	96	N.	....	Fair
Dubuque	29.66	84	90	N.W.	....	Fair
Duluth	29.56	74	76	W.	.02	Fair
El Paso	29.72	88	98	W.	.tr.	Clo'dy
Edmonton	29.78	58	62	N.	....	Fair
Galveston	29.86	82	86	N.	....	Clear
Grand Haven	29.68	68	74	S.W.	.tr.	Clear
Green Bay	29.68	74	82	S.W.	.60	Fair
Havre	29.88	70	74	N.	....	Clear
Helena	29.80	78	78	W.	....	Clear
Huron	29.84	74	82	N.W.	....	Clear
Indianapolis	29.80	72	80	N.E.	.02	Rain
Jacksonville	29.92	74	90	S.E.	.76	Clo'dy
Kansas City	29.74	86	88	S.W.	.34	Clo'dy
Lander	29.90	60	82	E.	....	Clear
Little Rock	29.78	90	86	S.W.	.26	Clo'dy
Los Angeles	29.84	68	84	W.	.tr.	Clo'dy
Marquette	29.84	70	74	S.W.	.34	Clear
Memphis	29.78	76	78	S.W.	.58	Fair
Minnedosa	29.80	48	52	N.W.	.04	Clo'dy
Montgomery	29.80	74	82	N.W.	.06	Clo'dy
Montreal	29.70	..	74	S.E.	.16	Clo'dy
Nashville	29.78	72	80	S.	.80	Clo'dy
New Orleans	29.90	82	86	S.W.	.44	Clear
New York City	29.88	62	72	S.E.	....	Clear
Norfolk	29.86	76	80	S.E.	....	Clear
North Platte	29.92	76	84	N.	....	Clear
Oklahoma	29.68	94	98	N.	....	Clear
Omaha	29.76	82	90	N.	....	Clear
Oswego	29.74	64	70	N.	.35	Rain
Palestine	29.82	86	92	S.	....	Clear
Parkersburg	29.80	76	78	S.	.22	Fair
Philadelphia	29.82	72	80	S.	....	Clear
Pittsburg	29.76	70	78	W.	.tr.	Clo'dy
Pueblo	29.84	80	86	S.E.	....	Clear
Qu'Appelle	29.88	54	56	N.	.04	Clo'dy
Rapid City	29.84	72	76	N.	....	Clear
San Francisco	29.96	60	62	S.W.	.01	Clo'dy
St. Louis	29.74	74	78	S.W.	.01	Clo'dy
St. Paul	29.70	70	78	W.	.tr.	Fair
Salt Lake City	29.82	80	86	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Ste. Marie	29.84	72	74	S.W.	.12	Fair
Springfield, Ill.	29.72	82	82	W.	.tr.	Fair
Springfield, Mo.	29.74	84	86	S.	.52	Clear
Vicksburg	29.78	82	86	S.E.	.06	Clo'dy
Washington	29.82	78	86	S.	....	Clear
Williston	29.90	66	70	N.	....	Clear
Winnipeg	29.74	50	64	N.W.	.10	Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature, as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 68 East Madison street, Tribune Building, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 76 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 77; 10 a. m., 79; 11 a. m., 80; 12 m., 80; 1 p. m., 78; 3 p. m., 80; 6 p. m., 80. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.22; 6 p. m., 29.22.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the Health department:

Boyle, Peter, 51; 590 W. North-av., June 7.
Benisek, Dozena, 6; 771 Alport-av., June 6.
Bendl, Anna, 56; 609 Gilpin-pl., June 7.
Clear, Patrick, 67; 6416 Aberdeen-st., June 6.
Clou

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily, single copy ..... 2 cents
Sunday, single copy ..... 5 cents
Daily, per week ..... 12 cents
Daily and Sunday, per week ..... 17 cents
Daily, per month ..... 50 cents
Daily and Sunday, per month ..... 75 cents

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Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

WILLIAM B. WARREN LODGE, A. F. & A. M.—Emergent communication Saturday, June 9, 1900, 12:30 p. m., to attend the funeral of our late brother, Louis H. Schaefer. By carriages to residence, 1969 Warren-av.; thence to Waldheim Cemetery. Members of sister lodges invited. By order of
GEO. W. BOLLER, W. M.
D. S. O'CONNELL, Secretary.

FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1900.

A Police Superintendent's "O. K."

Charges by no means creditable have been made from time to time against the administration of Mayor Taggart of Indianapolis. It is said that many persons are showing small cards upon which is written "O. K. J. F. Q." J. F. Q. are the initials of James F. Quigley, Superintendent of Police, and it is said that the bearers of the cards have no fear of arrest when the card is shown to policemen. When gambling-houses, shady hotels, and winerooms are raided the bearers of these cards are said to be allowed to go unmolested upon showing them to the police who make the raid. Nearly all young men in Indianapolis of sporting proclivities possess these cards, which also secure immunity from arrest for violation of the ordinance which requires bicycle owners to pay a license for their wheels. There must be a lax state of public morals in Indianapolis if the people will permit the issuing of such licenses to violate the law. Even in New York they do not do things so brazenly. It is to be hoped that no other Superintendent of Police will adopt the Indianapolis idea.

Two Compliments to Chicago.

Chicago blushingly acknowledges this morning two compliments, the receipt of which might well cause any other city to be overcome with surprise and gratification. This metropolis, however, realizes that they are simply a formal recognition of qualities which it has always modestly possessed, and accepts them both without undue elation or astonishment. Thus when the students of Yale met in solemn conclave to decide who is the handsomest man in the university it was quite a matter of course that the distinction should fall to a Chicago man. In fact, it is reported that the only difficulty experienced by the judges was that of deciding between the various Chicago candidates. There is about the average Chicago man a breadth of shoulder and a depth of chest which most connoisseurs of manly beauty greatly prefer to the pigeon-chested, cream-puff type found so abundantly on the island of Manhattan. Equally a matter of course was the announcement that the President of the Waukegan Bachelors' association, a formidable aggregation of stony-hearted woman-haters, had succumbed to the smiles of a Chicago girl, and had asked her to name the day. Chicago girls have a way with them which no bachelor, no matter how confirmed, is justified in thinking he can resist. In the line of either handsome men or beautiful and accomplished women Chicago holds firmly to the supremacy dependent in no way on the depth of water in the river, the condition of the labor market, the price of wheat, or any other extraneous and comparatively unimportant matter.

Fuel for the Fire.

Mr. William E. Curtis has just received a circular from Manila in which Aguinaldo calls upon his followers to continue their resistance of the Yankees until "McKinley" is defeated for reelection, when Bryan will give them independence. Aguinaldo says his friends in the Senate have assured him that Congress will sustain Bryan and order the Yankee troops withdrawn from Manila. Another page of the circular is made up of extracts from speeches by ex-Senator Boutwell, Edward Atkinson, and other anti-expansionist leaders. But the most interesting feature of the leaflet is a letter dated in last August and purporting to come from Washington, in which the announcement is made that "Mr. W. J. Bryan, the Democratic candidate for the Presidency of the United States, has achieved a veritable triumph, having been vociferously applauded before the National Democratic convention of Chicago, which was composed of more than 10,000 persons." After exploiting this vein it closes with the statement that "the triumph of Mr. Bryan is also that of the Filipino cause, for Mr. Bryan will declare the independence of the Philippines, as he has repeatedly set forth in his speeches." It needs no great discernment to perceive that Mr. Bryan's speeches and the false hopes based upon them are serving as fuel to keep the Filipino insurrection alive. The Filipinos cannot be expected to know that Mr. Bryan, even if he were President, could not alienate the Philippine territory if he would, and would not if he could. The only effect of agitation of this kind is to keep the ignorant Filipinos under arms and to cause the death of more of them and of the American soldiers.

Obituary.

Mrs. Ellen Hall.

Mrs. Ellen Hall, wife of Dr. Edward Hall, died yesterday at her home, 3000 Michigan-av., after a long illness. She was born in Ireland sixty-seven years ago, and came to this country when a child. She was married to Dr. Hall in 1854, and they lived in Chicago for many years. Mrs. Hall was a member of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Chicago Medical society. She is survived by her husband and two children, Mrs. Frank Hall and Edward Hall, jr. The funeral will be held at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Mary Ann Hall.

Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, wife of Thomas Hall, died yesterday at her home, 1000 Fifty-first-av., after a short illness. She was born in Ireland sixty-seven years ago, and came to this country when a child. She was married to M

SOCIAL EVENT IN CAPITAL

BOARDMAN - KEEP WEDDING CELEBRATED WITH PRETTY CEREMONY.

House of Bride's Parents Decorated with Flowers for the Occasion—Service Read by the Rev. Dr. Mackay-Smith—Rich Array of Wedding Gifts Sent the Bride—All the Prominent Society People of Washington Attend.

Washington, D. C., June 7.—[Special.]—Most of the society people have been staying on here, waiting for the marriage of Miss Florence Boardman to Mr. Frederick A. Keep of Chicago. The wedding took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William J. Boardman, one of the notable residences on Dupont Circle. The wedding was celebrated in the library, an immense room, well adapted for such an occasion, around which are the drawing-rooms, reception and dining rooms.

The usual ornaments surmounting the low book shelves had all been removed, and in their place was a jardiniere effect of maidenhair ferns, studded with pink peonies, forming a band of color entirely round the spacious room. The bridal bower at one end was festooned with asparagus draperies, dotted with orchids and white roses. A single cluster of roses held sway in each of the adjoining rooms, American beauties being in the drawing-room.

Service Read by Dr. Mackay-Smith.

When the wedding march sounded the bride came down-stairs, escorted by her father and preceded by her younger sister, Miss Josephine Boardman, as maid of honor. William Keep, brother of the groom, was his best man, and the service was read by the Rev. Dr. Mackay-Smith.

The bride's dress was of point lace and chiffon, combined with heavy white satin. Her point lace veil was that worn by her mother, and was fastened by pearl ornaments. Other fine jewels were worn, and a bouquet of lilies of the valley, sprayed with orchids and having a shower effect of the lilies and orchids, tied with narrow white velvet ribbon, was carried.

The dress of the maid of honor was also in white, of chiffon and lace, and the touch of blue—as sentimental accompaniment to most wedding finery—was repeated in her bouquet, which was of white sweet peas, forget-me-nots, and gardenias. It had shower streamers of pale blue velvet, tying little bunches of the forget-me-nots. Gardenia blossoms were worn by the bridegroom and best man.

Many Rich Wedding Gifts.

The wedding gifts, which were displayed in one of the large rooms on the second floor, were not only the most numerous but probably the most valuable seen in this city for many years. The collection of jewels and personal ornaments is particularly beautiful.

At the completion of the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at small tables, which were brought in ready for serving and were decorated by pink roses and daisies.

Mrs. Boardman received in a gown of white crêpe de chine and lace. Mrs. William Boardman of Cleveland, O., wore white crêpe de chine, and Miss Nina Boardman, also of Cleveland, wore white tulle.

Some of the Notable Guests.

Among the 175 guests who were present on this occasion were:

The British Ambassador and Lady Pauncefote and the Misses Pauncefote; the German Ambassador, Baron Gen Holleben; the French Ambassador, M. Jules Cambon; the Spanish Minister and the Duchess d'Arcos; Baron von Hermann of the German Embassy; the Danish Minister, Mr. Constantin Brun; Secretary and Mrs. Hay; Postmaster General and Mrs. Smith; Mrs. William McCormick, Miss Mary McCormick, Robert McCormick, James Deering, and Charles Deering of Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. William Boardman, Miss Boardman, Mrs. Sheffield and Mrs. Henry Sheffield, of Cleveland, O.; Colonel and Mrs. Tyler of Plainfield, O.; Mr. and Mrs. Goodwille of Baltimore, Md., and Mrs. A. J. Cassatt of Philadelphia, Senator and Mrs. McMillan, Senator Wolcott, Senator Hale, Senator Dubois, Miss Paulding, Representative and Mrs. Hitt, Mrs. Reynolds, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page, and numbers of prominent resident society people.

Mr. and Mrs. Keep left for Canada early in the afternoon. They expect to go to Chicago in July for a visit, but beyond that they have no immediate plans.

PRETTY WEDDING AT TUXEDO.

Miss Mary Crocker and Francis Burton Harrison Married in St. Mary's Church.

New York, June 7.—[Special.]—The wedding of Miss Mary Crocker, the daughter of the late Charles F. Crocker of San Francisco, and Francis Burton Harrison occurred at noon today in St. Mary's Church at Tuxedo. The bridesmaids were Harriet Alexander, Miss Jean Reid, Miss Jeannie Crocker, Miss Susan Alexander McCook, and Miss Mary Scott. Frank Lyon Polk acted as Mr. Harrison's best man, and the ushers were Archibald Harrison, Frederick D'Hauteville, Albert Fairfax, Gouverneur Morris, William Sloane, and Benjamin Cable.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. W. F. Brand, the grandfather of the bridegroom, and the Rev. George G. Merrill, the rector of St. Mary's Church. Mr. D. O. Mills, the great-grandfather of the bride, gave her away.

The bride wore a wedding gown of plain white satin with a train. The bridesmaids dressed in plain light gowns and wore pink and white picture hats made of soft white tulle and trimmed with pink roses and simple bows.

After the ceremony the bridal party drove at once to the summer house of Mrs. C. B. Alexander, the bride's aunt, where the reception was held. After the reception the bride and bridegroom left Tuxedo for this city.

The bride is a daughter of the late Charles F. Crocker of San Francisco, and the bridegroom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Burton N. Harrison. Mr. Harrison is practicing law in this city.

EVENTS IN CHICAGO SOCIETY.

Mrs. Clark Heald Bennett Gives a Tea for Miss Brophy and Miss Copeland, Brides-to-Be.

Mrs. Clark Heald Bennett, 907 West Monroe street, gave a tea yesterday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock for Miss Florence Brophy and Miss Maud Copeland, who will be brides this month. Miss Brophy's marriage to Dr. W. H. G. Logan will take place on June 20. Miss Copeland will be married on June 27 to Mr. Charles A. Heninger at the home of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. W. L. Copeland, 913 Warren avenue.

Mrs. Charles Barnes of Redlands, Cal., and Mrs. W. H. Nash of Oak Park, assisted Mrs. Bennett in receiving. At the tea tables were

Miss Elizabeth Marshall, Miss Carolyn Earle, Miss Ethel Bedford, Miss Belle Copeland, Miss Edna Jean Mason, Miss Jessie Waters, Miss Helen Marshall, Miss Avery.

The wedding of Miss Marie Louise Seaverns, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William S. Seaverns, and Mr. Warren Read Bennett of Boston took place last evening at 8 o'clock at the family residence, 748 Forty-sixth street, the Rev. John R. Crosser performing the ceremony. Only relatives and a few intimate friends were present. The attendants were the bride's sister, Miss Georgia Seaverns, and Mr. Frank Preston. The bride's gown was of white silk muslin and she carried lilies of the valley. Mr. and Mrs. Bennett will live at 5 Brewer street, Jamaica Plain, Boston. Among the out-of-town guests present were the groom's mother and sister, Mrs. C. O. Bennett, and Mrs. Fred Dewey of Boston.

The annual meeting of the Association of Young Women's Clubs will be held tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock in Assembly Hall, Fine Arts Building. A reception will follow in the rooms of the Woman's club. Mrs. Sarah Platt-Decker of Denver will speak.

Mr. John King will give a dinner this evening for Mr. John Crerar in his apartments at 188 Lincoln Park boulevard.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Ryerson have gone to their country place near Cooperstown, N. Y.

Mrs. Lorenzo M. Johnson and family of Las Vegas, Mexico, and Winnetka, Ill., will spend this month, to be absent until Sep-

SHORT STORY OF THE DAY
A NARROW ESCAPE

It could not help thinking that it would be the best, as well as the quickest, way out of his difficulties: Jennie and the baby would be provided for; for himself, his one desire was their welfare.

Everything had gone wrong with him lately. A few months back he had been traveling for an apparently successful manufacturing company, earning a salary which sufficed amply to maintain his wife and child in comfort, and, with the expectation of a speedy partnership as agent, which would allow him to live at home.

His troubles began with a severe attack of grip, which, with the resulting weakness, laid him up for weeks. The company was generous, and continued his salary, until one night the factory was burned to the ground and all hands, consequently, turned out of work. Then came the astonishing discovery that the concern had been shaky for some time and needed only this to complete its ruin.

It was a season of universal business depression, and he had sought continuously, in vain, for a situation which would enable him to support his family. Sickness had made heavy inroads on his small stock of savings, and that morning he had given Jennie his last five-dollar bill. Nor did he know where to look for another. Fate seemed against him. A year ago he had proudly reckoned himself a man who could always make his way in the world; now he had learned the bitter lesson that those who are able and willing to work may yet stand idle in the market places, because "no man hath hired them."

He thought of all this, of the unpaid grocer's and butcher's bills, and, with difficulty, restrained the groan which might have attracted unpleasant attention from the passing crowd.

Moreover, the rent was overdue, and the premium on his life insurance must be paid within the coming week. If the insurance lapsed it would be hard to effect another policy, and the thought made him desperate. Some weeks ago, how many he could not remember, he had written to his best friend stating his plight, and asking aid. It was by no means the least of his woes that he had had no reply to that letter. They two had been closer than brothers, and if Keene were ill or had failed him, there was no help in man. The strain of so many anxious days and wakeful nights had been too much for him, and he felt sick and dispirited in body and brain. God had forgotten him, would the devil help him to commit the crime which would send him to hell?

He stood on the curb watching cable cars as they swung round the curve packed with passengers. It was just at their busiest time, when all the working world was going home to dinner or supper, according to its station in life. There came to his memory a quaint saying of his old nurse, "Them that takes the wrong road into the next world can't expect to get to the right place." Well, his sacrifice for Jennie and the baby would be all the greater. He saw no other way to provide for them.

"O, God, pity and forgive me," he breathed; then he rushed forward in front of the clanging car as it turned the corner. It was raining, the drops freezing as they fell, and the crossing was slippery as glass. He stumbled and fell on the ice. People shrieked, the car pulled up with a sudden jerk, barely touching him as the big policeman dragged him almost from under the wheels. He heard a confusion of noises, and knew that he had failed; then he felt himself losing consciousness, and hoped that he was dying after all. The doctor had told him that his last illness had left his heart weak.

Then all was a blank until he opened his eyes to find himself in the nearest drug store, with a physician feeling his pulse.

"There are no bones broken. He has merely fainted from the shock," were the first words he heard.

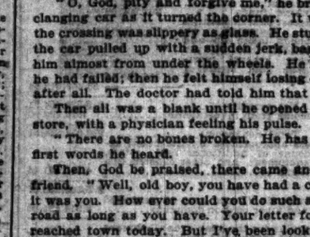
Then, God be praised, there came another voice, the cheery tone of Keene, his best friend. "Well, old boy, you have had a close shave. I saw you fall, but had no idea it was you. How ever could you do such a foolish thing? A man who has been on the road as long as you have. Your letter followed me from Japan to Frisco, and I reached town today. But I've been looking out for you, and was just going out to your house. We need a new man at our place, and you can have the berth if you want it. They'll be glad to get anybody whom I indorse."

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

[Copyright, 1900, by the Marquise de Fontenoy.]

TWO of the grandest castles in England are for rent, and are being advertised as such, not only in English but likewise in the American papers. One of them is Chillingham Castle, the seat of the Earls of Tankerville, one of the finest of the old border castles, situated in the beautiful Glendale district, near the Cheviot Hills, and surrounded by an extensive park, famous for its herd of wild white cattle. The present Earl of Tankerville used to be well known in this country prior to his father's death by the name of Lord Bennet, and is married to an American girl, who hails from Tacoma, and who, like himself, is profoundly interested in evangelism, Christian science, faith cure, and other similar movements. Inasmuch as the fortune to which Lord Tankerville succeeded at his father's death was ample enough to admit of his living on his estate, despite the heavy debts which he had contracted during the course of a particularly rapid youth, his action in endeavoring to rent his ancestral castle must be ascribed to religious grounds—that is to say, to a notion that the occupancy of a magnificent castle is not altogether in keeping with the calling of a street preacher, and that the money obtained by renting the place could be well employed in furthering the cause of the Christian science cult.

The other castle for rent is Inverary, and the American millionaire who chooses to lease this place will have the satisfaction of having a Duke for a landlord and a royal Duchess for a landlady. For Inverary Castle, a princely abode in every sense of the



INVERARY CASTLE.

word, and worthy in every respect of the grandest and most influential of Scottish nobles of royal descent, belongs to the Duke and Duchess of Argyll. If they are offering it for rent it is not so much that they need money, although for people of their rank they are far from rich, but it is because, having no children of their own to succeed to the estates, and being both considerably over 50 years of age, they do not see the advantage of paying out the large sum of money which would be needed in order to put Inverary into a proper state of repair, and to arrange it according to their own sense of what is artistic and luxurious, seeing that their own tenure of the place cannot be a long one.

Inverary has undergone but little change during the last hundred years. It is grand, but it is likewise also somewhat barbaric, and lacks many of those comforts and conveniences which at the close of the nineteenth century are regarded as indispensable to the daily life of the well-to-do. You can imagine haggis being served at Inverary Castle; but you cannot picture to yourself the gastronomic masterpieces of a French chef appearing at the ducal table. Somehow or other they would clash with the surroundings. The late Duke of Argyll liked haggis, and there is even a story told of a head butler, a second butler, and four footmen being in attendance one day when he was lunching in solitary grandeur off this homely and peculiarly Scotch dish of "haggis." Princess Louise does not like haggis any more than she does iribe, and when you have said that you can understand why she does not care to take up her residence at Inverary, which she would have to surrender to her brother-in-law, Lord Archibald Campbell, the moment that her husband died, Lord Archie being the next heir.

In order to realize the sensation created by the Beckett suit, now in progress in England, it is necessary to explain that the late William J. Beckett, Denison, M. P., stood a double life is now for the first time publicly exposed, was the younger brother of the almost nonagenarian Lord Grimthorpe, who, of all the members of the House of Lords except the spiritual peers, is most profoundly versed in ecclesiastical matters, being regarded as a sort of lay Bishop, an impression which is confirmed by the fact that he is not only Chancellor but likewise temporal Vicar General, of the Archbishopric of York.

His brother William, who is now shown by the "cause célèbre" to have squandered colossal sums on the woman who is now suing his sons for an annuity, and who was married to a sister of old Lord Feversham, and was an uncle, therefore, of the beautiful Duchess of Leinster, of Lady Helen Vincent, and of Lady Ulsica Duncombe, who it may be remembered, last year the Anglican Bishop of Stepney. Old Mrs. Beckett died only three years ago, having survived her husband by nearly eight years.

Ernest Beckett, who is one of the plaintiffs in the present suit, and who proposes to have the defendant prosecuted criminally for conspiracy when the present suit is brought to a conclusion, is heir to his uncle's peerage of Grimthorpe, and is an intimate friend of the Prince of Wales, whom he has frequently entertained at his beautiful country seat, Kirkstall Grange. He represents Whitby in the House of Commons, and has several children by his American wife, Lucy Lee of New York. Inasmuch as Lucy, who died some nine years ago, was the only child of William Tracey Lee of New York, there is no truth in the statement which has been made that she was a sister of William Henry Hurlbert, or that the latter was a brother-in-law of Ernest Beckett.

Considerable astonishment has been expressed that the Becketts, who are so colossally rich, owning, as they do, the old Leeds banking firm of Beckett & Co., should have disclosed the side of the life of their father, a man reputed far and wide for his piety and ultra-respectability, rather than continue paying to them so trifling a sum as $5,000 a year to the woman who lived under his protection during the last twenty years of his life, which, it may be remembered, was brought to a tragic and horrible close through his being ground to pieces by an express train while walking along the track towards the railroad station when staying at Lord Wimborne's place at Dorchestershire. But the Becketts have doubtless been prompted in the matter by a determination to punish the woman who had not only robbed their father but likewise rendered him the victim of an odious conspiracy. Moreover, there is every reason to believe that, rightly or wrongly, they consider that by gullying upon their disinclination to permit the sullying of their father's memory, she had attempted to blackmail them.

The Becketts are handsome men, fine specimens of Yorkshiremen, and Lord Grimthorpe's father had half a dozen brothers, each like himself six foot six high and broad in proportion.

Lord Grimthorpe is nothing if not eccentric. He is a leader of the anti-vaccination movement, a vigorous opponent to the remarriage of divorced people, a famous amateur ecclesiastical architect, and probably the greatest clockmaker in England. Moreover, he seems to consider it to be his particular mission in life to keep the Bishops in proper order in the House of Lords, and nothing is more amusing than to hear him occasionally sermonise them in the most vigorous language on the subject of their duty as spiritual peers of the realm.

TALKS OF PARIS' FAIR.

R. HALL M'CORMICK SAYS IT MAY BE READY AT CLOSING TIME.

Returns from Abroad with the Opinion That the Statue of "Remorse" May Be a Fit Symbol for the City Unless Haste Is Made — Finds Much to Praise, but Regards Exposition as a Commercial Enterprise — Compares It with Chicago's.

That the great statute, "Remorse," one of the most striking objects at the Paris exposition, will become a fit symbol of the City of Paris unless haste is made in completing the great fair is the opinion expressed yesterday by R. Hall McCormick. During his recent trip abroad he spent two weeks in Paris studying the exposition. He criticises the Paris fair as incomplete and in many respects disappointing. It is—or will be when completed—he says, a great show, planned and carried out with commercial ends in view. While he thinks its exhibits, when all placed, may prove more interesting than those seen in Chicago in 1893, his conclusion is that Paris is carrying out simply a great business proposition, while Chicago gave to the world a great ideal in architecture.

"The first thing that interests the public, I suppose," said Mr. McCormick to a representative of THE TRIBUNE, is the question: 'When will the exposition be completed?' I would say, probably by the time it is closed, but not much sooner. I reached Chicago last Friday, but when I was in Paris three weeks ago comparatively few of the exhibits were ready for inspection. Many of them, I understood, were not even on the grounds. I was told that owing to the difficulty of getting goods shipped from Havre a considerable number of exhibits had been altogether withdrawn. The thoroughfares about the grounds were not completed. Everything was dirty and dusty, and it was almost impossible to get about the grounds with any degree of comfort.

Difficult to Get Over the Ground.

"The movable sidewalk—one of the important features of the exposition, and American at that—erected with a view to aiding visitors in getting about the grounds, is not provided with chairs or settees, and makes such a long circuit that it is tedious and, therefore, little used. The revolving sidewalks or stairs found in the principal buildings, however, are deservedly popular.

"A visit to the exposition reminds one more of an English steeplechase than anything else, for to cover the ground one is continually climbing over fences. The grounds are spread over several city squares, thus compelling the sightseers to cross the streets on bridges.

"The American Building is too much like a reproduction of the Administration Building at the Columbian Exposition. They have added to it a porte-cochère, supported on the outer edge by columns, between which stands a statue of Washington on a magnificent charger, designed by St. Gaudens, that looks as if ready to plunge into the Seine. The spectator involuntarily holds his breath for fear the charger will take the fearful leap.

Describes Statue of "Remorse."

"The thing that struck me more forcibly than anything else at the exposition was a colossal piece of statuary representing "Remorse"—the figure of a man with every nerve strained and eyes protruding, unable to dislodge a demon which has fastened itself upon his back with claws firmly imbedded in his flesh. It is a most powerful work, and I am fearful that it will be symbolic of Paris unless its exposition is soon completed.

"The Swiss village was most interesting, with its lofty mountains raised, as it were, in a night in the heart of an immense city, and studded here and there with the characteristic chalets. The Swiss dairy is an interesting part of this exhibit. But they have nothing that compares with our glorious old Midway, with its ever-sounding tom toms and the cries of 'hot, hot, hot.'"

Praises the Art Palaces.

Mr. McCormick's comments on the exposition were not all strictures. The art palaces and the electrical exhibit he thinks especially worthy of praise. He regards the American exhibits, both in sculpture and painting, as exceedingly creditable.

"The English exhibit is also good," he said, "and, by the way, I see that there has been an objection raised by the English to having Whistler, Abbey, and one or two others classed with the American exhibitors. They might just as well claim Benjamin West and Copley Fielding, who, while Americans, did most of their work in England. I know of English artists who have studied and painted on the continent, and who are thoroughly foreign in their work, whom the English never hesitated to claim as their own.

Calls It a Commercial Enterprise.

"One is particularly impressed by the energy and thrift displayed by the French in this colossal undertaking, but, taken all in all, cannot escape the feeling that the exposition is a purely commercial enterprise. This view is borne out by the fact that everything is made to pay, and little is done to satisfy pride or glory. Paris has profited by the experience of Chicago and has not overbuilt in preparation for the exposition. There are but few new hotels, and even the steamboats on the Seine have been remodeled or repainted for the occasion.

"When fully completed the exhibits at the Paris perhaps will be of greater interest than those at the Columbian Exposition. As far as the buildings are concerned the Paris show is a purely business proposition, while Chicago gave to the world an ideal."

DAILY HINT FROM PARIS.

Tan batiste gown, trimmed with cluny lace; waist tucked and black satin belt.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Endeavorers Meet in Peoria.

Pekin, Ill., June 7.—[Special.]—The Peoria district Christian Endeavor union is holding its tenth annual convention at the Christian Church in this city. The district is made up of the Counties of Peoria, Marshall, Woodford, Tazewell, and Mason. The opening meeting was held this evening, the feature being an address on endeavor work by the Rev. G. H. Van Arsdall of Peoria. There are nearly 200 delegates in attendance.

$16.00

Round Trip to Mobile and Pensacola via Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad.

Tickets on sale June 11, limited for return June 25. Stop-overs allowed at any point south of Montgomery, Ala. For full information apply city ticket office, 181 Adams street. Telephone Central 858.

BAILEY & CO. 147 State-st.

"No Breaking In."

The shoe that requires "breaking in" is, usually, soon "broken out"—or "broken down" altogether—while the foot that has to wear it becomes badly "broken up."

The Perfect Fitting

Walk-Over

Shoes for Men are so skillfully designed that every joint, muscle and vein of the foot is free to do its work naturally. These shoes combine **style** with **comfort.**

Get Shoes that Fit.

We are pleased to have people inspect and try on these shoes, whether they buy or not.

Every Up-to-Date Style.
All the Fashionable Leathers.

American Leathers, Black or Tan, $3.50

Imported Patent and Enamel, $4.00

RAPS TEXT BOOK TRUST.

TRUSTEE KEATING OPPOSES DELAY OF COMMISSION'S REPORT.

Tells School Management Committee That Postponement Asked by Superintendents Simply Means Playing Into Hands of Companies Whose Agents Are Busy Trying to Influence Members—His Stand Thought to Be Inspired by Mayor Harrison.

Trustee John R. Keating of the Board of Education took a strong rap at the school book trust yesterday, declaring that representatives of the school book companies were trying to persuade the trustees not to accept the report of the Text Book commission. The School Management committee wanted to postpone action on the matter, which Mr. Keating declared was merely playing into the hands of the trust. He strenuously objected to allowing the superintendents an additional week in which to consider their report, as requested by Acting Superintendent Delano.

"I don't propose to have this matter deferred for the benefit of the school book companies," declared Mr. Keating. "This postponement means that some one is going to gain by it. The members of the board have been driven from pillar to post by the representatives of the book companies, who in their efforts to exploit their wares have not stopped at anything. I am tired of being harassed by book agents, and I want this matter taken up at once. We should not stop for any individual member. The superintendents are supposed to have a pedagogical training, and should be able to settle this matter promptly."

Book Agents Wait to "Buttonhole."

Over a dozen book agents were in the room when Mr. Keating was talking, all patiently waiting for him to get through so that they might buttonhole members of the committee again. A proposition was made to lay the matter over until next Wednesday, but Mr. Keating opposed this strongly and insisted on Monday. Trustee Sherwood said he could not be present on Monday as early as Mr. Keating wished, but after some debate the committee decided on a compromise and decided to take up the matter on Monday at 8 p. m.

Trustee Keating had called on Mayor Harrison earlier in the day, and it is thought that his gingery remarks were more or less inspired by the Mayor.

During the debate on the text book question the acting Superintendent told the committee that the district heads had given much thought to the matter, but had not been able to make up their minds on anything definite. They were receiving books daily for examination. The Mayor is said to have talked to Mr. Keating in regard to the matter because he was growing weary of hearing the imputation that members of the School committee were at the beck and call of the book companies.

College Graduates Get No Favors.

A scheme was brought before the board in the form of a recommendation from the superintendents that any college graduate who had served as a cadet for four months should be given a teacher's certificate and not be made to spend four years in gaining experience, as is now required.

Mr. Sherwood led the opposition to this. He insisted that four years was not too much experience for a Chicago teacher, even with a college diploma hanging on the wall of his or her room. Other trustees thought the plan offered an unfair advantage to the college graduate, and the proposition was unanimously defeated.

To Test Pension Law.

The High school council met and decided to ask high school teachers to contribute one-half of 1 per cent of their salaries to provide a fund to test the constitutionality of the pension law in the courts. A convention of the pension delegates has been called by Miss Catherine Goggin to meet in Handel Hall at 10 a. m. tomorrow, and the proposition of the High School council will be laid before that convention.

The proposition to establish a summer school in the John Quincy Adams Building was carried, in spite of the opposition of citizens of that neighborhood, who were present to lobby against it.

Franklin P. Fisk's name was mentioned as a candidate for Superintendent. He has been teaching in Chicago for twenty-two years and is the principal of the Northwestern Division High School.

Recruits for the Navy Sent East.

Captain Blocklinger, commander of the naval recruiting station in the Masonic Temple, sent forty-four landsmen East yesterday. The party left at 10 o'clock for League Island navy yard, Philadelphia, where the recruits will be assigned to duty on board the United States receiving ship Richmond.

Cahill Unable to Appear in Court.

Mrs. Louisa Neddow, cashier in a restaurant at 230 Halsted street, who shot John Cahill early yesterday morning, was in Desplaines police court during the forenoon. Cahill was unable to appear and the hearing was set for June 16. He will recover.

Excursion to Philadelphia, Pa.

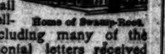
June 14 to 18, inclusive, the Baltimore and Ohio railroad will sell tickets, Chicago to Philadelphia and return, at $18 for the round trip, good to return June 26, with stop-over at Washington, D. C., and Baltimore. Ticket office, 344 Clark street.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

HEELS OF VIRGIN RUBBER

Virgin Rubber is expensive. The more that goes into a rubber heel, the less profit goes to the dealer. That is why dealers who are compelled to keep O'Sullivan Heels for those who insist, will attempt to substitute something "just as good" for those who don't. In every case the substitute is junk rubber—it is not as good—it is four cents poorer—but costs you the same money.

Your dealer will attach O'Sullivan Heels to the shoes you are now wearing for 25c—the same as for the poor heels that won't last half as long—when you encounter substitutes send 35c and outline of heel for sample pair to our Chicago agent, Carl J. Salomon, 316 Lake-st. "Say Golf Heels if you mean it—Price is the same. Say Golf Soles and make remittance 75c."

O'SULLIVAN'S

UNQUESTIONED SUPERIORITY

BLATZ BEER

★ THE STAR MILWAUKEE ★

Each brand, in its respective class, is substantial evidence of the superiority of the "BLATZ" brews.

Blatz Malt-Vivine
(Non-Intoxicant)
Invaluable Summer Tonic.
ALL DRUGGISTS.

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CORNER UNION AND ERIE-STS.
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THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.

Chair, Parlor, Buffet Parlor and Dining Cars and Sleepers.

3.00 AM **LIMITED MAIL.** Fox River points, Ashland Escanaba, Marquette, Copper Country.
3.00 AM **FAST MAIL.** Beloit, Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneapolis, St. Paul and South Dakota. Dinner only.
9.00 AM **BADGER STATE EXPRESS.** Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
9.00 AM **GREEN BAY EXPRESS.** Fox River points, Green Bay.
10.00 AM **COLORADO SPECIAL.** One night to Denver. Daylight Omaha, Rock Island, Davenport, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines and Iowa.
11.30 AM **WISCONSIN MAIL.** Fox River points, Green Bay, Green Lake.
3.00 PM **WISCONSIN SPECIAL.** Fox River points, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee.
5.00 PM **ASHLAND LIMITED.** Fox River points, Ashland, Northern Minnesota.
5.30 PM **IOWA AND DAKOTA EXPRESS.** Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Sioux City, Iowa, South Dakota.
6.30 PM **NORTH-WESTERN LIMITED.** St. Paul, Minneapolis.
6.30 PM **OVERLAND LIMITED.** California in Three Days. All points on Union Pacific, Salt Lake City, Omaha, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles.
8.00 PM **PENINSULA EXPRESS.** Fox River points, Green Bay, Ishpeming, Marquette, Copper Country.
10.00 PM **DULUTH AND ST. PAUL FAST MAIL.** Janesville, Madison, Eau Claire, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth.
10.15 PM **NIGHT EXPRESS.** Janesville, Madison, Eau Claire, Winona, Lacrosse, Dakotas, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
10.30 PM **PACIFIC EXPRESS.** Davenport, Omaha, Black Hills, Denver, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland.
10.30 PM **IRON RANGE EXPRESS.** Fox River points, Green Bay, Menominee, Iron Mountain, Florence, Marley.
MILWAUKEE EXPRESS TRAINS.
1.30 a. m., 7.30 a. m., 8.00 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 2.00 p. m., 4.30 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 11.30 p. m.

SUMMER RESORTS.

EASTERN.

ISLES OF SHOALS.
TEN MILES AT SEA.
APPLEDORE HOUSE.
OPENS JUNE 20.
Beautifully situated on an island off the coast of N. H. Good table. Bowling, tennis, sailing, bathing, and GOLF. Climate unrivaled, excellent for hay fever. As a health resort it has no equal. Take the steamer, visiting Isles of Shoals, fitted with trains leaving Boston at 8.30 a. m. and 3.30 p. m., arriving at Island at 12.10 and 6.30. For circulars address
LAIGHTON BROTHERS,
Appledore, off Portsmouth, N. H.

ON THE EDGE OF THE OCEAN
HOTEL PRESTON
BEACH BLUFF, MASS.
OPENS JUNE 15.
Finest Appointed Hotel on the Massachusetts Coast. Newly appointed, remodeled, enlarged. Private bathrooms, elevator, broad verandas. Near trains and electrics. Address
H. W. PRIEST, Proprietor, Beach Bluff, Mass.

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DIRECT LINE TO PORTLAND, MAINE.
Connecting with all railroad and steamship lines to all Summer Resorts. Steamer "Portland" (new) and "Manhattan" leave Pier No. 36, N. R., foot Market street, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5 p. m. Staterooms fitted with every modern improvement for the comfort and convenience of passengers. Ticket offices No. 290 Broadway, corner of Reade, and general office, No. 222 South-st., opposite the Pier.
HORATIO HALL, G. P. M., 222 South street.

THE EDGEMERE,
EDGEMERE, L. I.,
will open June 23.
J. C. Matthews, Mgr. J. H. BRESLIN.

NARRAGANSETT PIER.
THE NEW ROCKINGHAM HOTEL.
The finest and largest hotel of the Pier, situated between the baths and the beach; all modern appointments; unexcelled cuisine.
Booklets, plans, rates, etc., from
J. G. BURNS & SON,
Narragansett Pier, R. I.

Heart of the Adirondacks.
Stevens House, LAKE PLACID, NEW YORK.
Special rates for June; golf grounds. Booklet free

WESTERN.

Avery Beach Hotel,
SOUTH HAVEN, MICH.
Enlarged to 200 rooms. Dining room seats 600. Situated directly on the lake front, and only 5 hours ride by steamer from Chicago. Fine, sandy beach for bathing. Good boating and fishing on river and lake. Rooms with bath, $2 per diem, $9 to $15 per week. Send for illustrated folder.

SUMMER HOMES in Pilgrim's Rest, Michigan Park.
Best place in Michigan to build a cottage; one mile from St. Joseph, one hundred feet above the lake; within sound of the surf. 200 acres of choice lots, surrounded by woods, lake and river; away from crowds, smoke and dust. See this property and you will want to build. Write for booklet and plat giving full description.
JOHN RUGMAN, St. Joseph, Mich.

THE FOUNTAIN SPRING HOUSE
WAUKESHA, WIS.
The largest, most substantially built (construction stone and brick) and most attractive summer resort hotel in the northwest. Opens June 20th. For rates, illustrated booklet, address
W. C. WALKER, Manager.

THE PENNOYER. The Ideal Resting Place. A Sanitarium of the highest grade for the better class of people. Luxurious accommodations; spacious grounds (seventy-five acres); cool summers; Lake Michigan views and breezes; best sanitary conditions for the sick or well. Send for illustrated prospectus.
KENOSHA, WIS.

LAKE LAWN HOTEL
DELAVAN LAKE, WIS.—Cottages and steamboats in connection. All new modern improvements. 25 acres of lawn and shade trees. Grand facilities for comfort and enjoyment.
R. F. & C. W. PHILLIPS.

Bluff Lake Resort, GRASS LAKE, ILL.
L. A. Paddock, Prop.
Terms $1 per day. Boats free to guests. Good fishing. Wisconsin Central to Antioch.

HOTEL IMPERIAL Petoskey Mich.
An ideal summer hotel; all modern conveniences. Under my own management. W. R. MARSH, Prop.

HOTEL GLENWOOD.
[NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON.]
Desirable cottages for rent. Located on Lake Geneva, Wis. Fronting on Wis.
MARSHALL BROS., Proprietors.

The New North Shore Hotel Moraine
AT HIGHLAND PARK NOW OPEN.
City office, 87 Board of Trade. Tel. Harrison 1853.

CUNNINGHAM'S AUDITORIUM.
Brown Lake, Burlington, Wis., now open. Special rates for June. Booklets sent on application.
P. H. CUNNINGHAM, Prop.

ALMA SANITARIUM, ALMA, MICH. — A delightful resort for seekers after health and rest. Modern. Alma-Bromo Spring water. Wonderful. All the best electrical treatments. Send for booklet.

HOTELS.

LEXINGTON HOTEL Michigan-blvd. and Twenty-second street.
High-class transient, tourist, and residential hotel; 500 rooms, 200 private baths. ABSOLUTELY FIRE PROOF. American and European. Take Wabash-av. cable cars. Five minutes from Auditorium. Away from noise, dirt, and heat. GEORGE H. ROSS, Proprietor.

THE ONTARIO North State and Ontario Streets.
High-class family and transient hotel. Special attention to families wishing to stop a short time in the city. H. P. HARLOW, Prop.

FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL
AMERICAN PLAN.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
MADISON SQUARE, NEW YORK.

ILFRACOMBE (England).
ILFRACOMBE HOTEL.
All good Americans stay there before they die.

EDUCATIONAL.

ILLINOIS, LAKE FOREST—FERRY HALL SEMINARY for Young Women—31st year. College Preparatory, Junior College. Elective courses. Vocal and instrumental music, art, elocution, physical training. Certificate admits to Smith, Vassar, Wellesley, Mt. Holyoke, Lake Forest College. Box 112. MISS SABRA L. SARGENT.

**TODD SEMINARY F

GAIN IN BANK DEPOSITS.

GROWTH IN LAST FEW WEEKS MAKES NEW RECORDS.

Steady Increases May Lead to Shipments of Currency to New York the Latter Part of This Month—First National to Have Fifteen Directors After Consolidation with Union—Local Stock Market a Little Lower in Nearly All Issues.

Deposits in Chicago banks have increased considerably in the last few weeks. The gain in several of the banks has been large enough to carry them ahead of their previous high records. The accumulation of funds is reported by both State and national banks. The gains in the State banks are due largely to increases in savings deposits, which have grown a great deal lately. In the last year banks that devote themselves to this business have had largely increased deposits, indicating the prosperity of the people. The gains in the national banks are from country correspondents principally. The steady growth in the deposits of the country banks may lead to shipments of currency from here to New York the latter part of this month. There is talk of shipments about that time, and if deposits continue to increase on the present ratio some money probably will be sent East.

First National's Plans.

The First National Bank, after being merged with the Union National, will have a board consisting of fifteen directors, on which representation will be divided between the present First National and Union National interests. August Blum, cashier of the Union National, will accompany Mr. Forgan to the First National Bank, and will become one of the assistant cashiers under the new arrangement. The committee of directors appointed to act on the amalgamation are to meet next week, and afterwards the proposition will be submitted to the stockholders. Special meetings will be called for that purpose.

Local Stock Market Lower.

The local stock market was a little lower for nearly all issues yesterday. Lake Street dropped ¼, and the certificates lost ½ on the day's trading, although sales were light. Biscuit common was weak again, selling at 28¾ at one time. The preferred held around 85. Small lots of Strawboard preferred sold around 80. Small lots of Standard Gaslight, in addition to the previous quotations, one trade being made at 31. A lot of fifty shares of National Carbon preferred sold at 118. Street's Stable Car common, in small lots, sold at 19½. The bond list, which has been active for the last few days, did not develop much trading yesterday. The directors of Northwestern road has declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent on the common stock and a quarterly dividend of 2 per cent on the preferred, both payable on July 6. Books close on June 13 and reopen on June 18.

Railroad earnings are reported as follows:

NEW YORK CENTRAL.

	1900.	1899.	Increase.
Month May	$ 4,050,377	$ 4,321,316	$ 327,061
From July 1	40,948,200	45,746,301	6,201,899

GREAT NORTHERN.

	1900.	1899.	Increase.
Month May	$ 2,220,000	$ 2,020,923	$ 269,120
From July 1	27,845,717	23,717,250	3,250,459

Closing Curb Prices.

Closing prices of curb securities in New York yesterday were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated Copper	91¼	91¾
Brooklyn Woolen	14	17
Do pfd	71	72
Bay State Gas	1	1¼
Buffalo Gas	41	43
Do pfd	41	47
Chicago and Alton subscriptions	104½	107
Detroit Company of America	6¾	7¼
Do pfd	19	19½
Electric Vehicle	24	29
Illinois Pipe Line	1¼	1¾
International Pump	17	18
Do pfd	63½	65¾
National Salt	40	42
Do pfd	67½	70
National Sugar Refining	100	104
Do pfd	28	29
Otis Elevator	37	37½
Do pfd	87	90
Royal Baking Powder	150	160
Standard Oil Co.	548	552

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Sales	High.	Low.	Close.
American Linseed	713	11¾	11¼	11¾
Do pfd	90	35	34¾	34¾
American Strawboard	70	31¾	31	31¾
Chicago City Railway	4	290	290	290
Chicago Union Traction	225	15¾	15¼	15¼
Do pfd	60	69	69	69
Diamond Match	5	122¼	122½	122¼
Lake Street Elevated	100	31	30¾	30¾
Lake St. Elevated Certif.	245	10	9¾	9¾
Metropolitan Elevated	50	31¾	31¼	31¼
Do pfd	75	87	87	87
National Biscuit	1,015	29	28½	28¾
Do pfd	297	80	79½	80
National Carbon pfd	50	118	118	118
Standard Stable Car	15	19½	19½	19½
West Chicago	243	106½	106	106¼
Western Stone	10	34	34	34

BONDS.

$ 5000 Lake deb 5s	94¾	$10000 Chi Gas 5s	107¾
1000 do	94¾	5000 W Chi con 5s	103½
5000 Met El 4s	97½	1000 W Chi deb 5s	104¼

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week were:

	June 7.	May 31.
New York	$156,743,274	$178,564,538
Chicago	24,107,332	24,843,808
Boston	19,940,161	20,030,745
Philadelphia	16,478,329	17,179,420
St. Louis	5,300,149	7,116,341
Baltimore	3,273,976	3,458,450

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 10c premium; St. Louis, par bid, 20c premium asked.

MARKET DULL AND IRREGULAR.

Volume of Business Yesterday Falls Far Below the Corresponding Day Last Year.

[BY E. W. HARDEN.]

NEW YORK, June 7.—[Special.]—Trading today continued dull and the market was irregular. The total transactions for the day were under 200,000 shares. Some idea of the small volume of business transacted during the present year as compared with last year may be gained from the figures of sales up to today, as compared with the sales for the corresponding period of last year.

From Jan. 1 to date sales of stock have reached 61,261,300 shares, as compared to the same date in last year they amounted to 93,207,291 shares. Sales of bonds are almost as unfavorable in comparison. The total bond sales on the Exchange since Jan. 1 amount to $257,279,000, as compared with sales up to this time last year of $200,564,000. A year ago today transactions in stocks on the Exchange reached a total of 275,000 shares, or nearly four times the amount of sales today.

Today's market was without feature. Sugar was one of the issues which there was an advance, but the total transactions in Sugar amounted to only 14,750 shares at a net advance of 1¼ points.

IN THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash and Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Absolute stagnation characterized the stock market today. The selling of stocks for London was sufficient to cause a fractional advance in cable transfers on London. The weekly statements of the foreign government banks disclosed a conservative policy still in force. As the Bank of England is still losing gold for export, the governors refrained from reducing the rate of discount. The Bank of France has resumed its policy of both note and loan contraction, which was interrupted last week, and in spite of a gain in gold of $2,120,000 it has decreased its circulation over $25,000,000 and contracted its outstanding loans over $10,000,000. In New York, on the contrary, money continues in high demand and increasing supply.

The bond market was quiet and irregular. Total sales, par value, $1,400,000. All U. S. issues declined ¼ per cent in the bid price except the 2s.

Money on call easy at 1½@2 per cent; last loan, 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487¾ for demand and at 484¼ for 60 days. Posted rates, 486½ and 488¼. Commercial bills, 483¾@484.

Silver certificates, 59@61. Bar silver, 60. Mexican dollars, 46½.

Government bonds weak; State bonds strong; railroad bonds irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing June 7.	Closing June 6.
Amn. Sugar	18,500	119¾	118¾	119¾	118¾
Amn. Tobacco	4,900	91¾	91	91¾	91¾
Amn. Tinplate	300	21¾	21¾	21¾	22
Do pfd	100	73	73	73	74
Amn. Steel & Wire	3,100	37¾	37¼	37¾	37¾
Do pfd	400	90¾	90¾	90	90
Amn. Steel & W. s	3,100	24¾	24¼	24¾	24¾
Do pfd	1,000	74	74	74	74
Atchison	5,500	25¾	25¼	25¾	25¾
Do pfd	18,100	72¾	72¼	73¾	73¾
Amn. Steel Hoop	100	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾
Do pfd	100	73	71	71	71
Anaconda	1,800	40¾	40	40¾	41
Amn. Malt	1,200	11¾	11¼	11¾	11¾
Amn. Malt. Co. pfd	200	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
Amn. Car Foun	900	16¾	16	16	16¾
Do pfd	1,000	64¾	64	64¾	64¾
Balt. & Ohio	400	31	31	31	31
Do pfd	200	62	62	62	61
Brook. Rap. Tran.	8,100	69¾	69¼	69¾	69¾
Brunswick	100	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
Balt. & Ohio	5,500	79¾	79¾	79	79¾
Can. Pac.	1,000	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾
C., B. & Q.	11,000	129	128	129¾	128¾
C., R. I. & P.	11,900	116¾	115¾	115¾	115¾
C., R. I. & P. s	1,000	116¾	116¾	116¾	116¾
Canada Southern	100	52	52	52	51
Ches. & Ohio	300	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾
Chi. Ind. & L.	2,800	122¾	121¾	122¾	121¾
Chi. & N. W.	300	59	58¾	58¾	59
Do pfd	100	193¾	193¾	193¾	190
Chi. Gas (N. Y.)	4,200	101¾	100¾	101¾	100¾
Chicago Terminal	300	12	11¾	12	11¾
Colo. & Southern	100	6¾	6	6¾	6
Do 1st pfd	100	18	17¾	17¾	17¾
Colo. & Iron	1,400	35¾	34¾	35¾	35¾
Cons. Gas	1,800	203¾	202¾	203¾	203¾
Cont. Tobacco	800	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
Do pfd	400	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾
D., L. & W.	100	175	175	175	175
Del. & Hud.	100	90	90	90	90
Den. & R. G.	100	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Do pfd	100	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾
Distillers' Securities	4,100	33¾	33¼	33¾	33¾
Erie	1,000	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾
Gen. Electric	100	184	184	184	184
Gt. North. pfd	300	154	154	154	155
Interborough	100	34	34	34	34
Interborough pfd	100	117¾	117¾	117¾	118
Iowa Central	100	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
Iowa Central pfd	100	20	20	20	20
Jer. Cent.	200	182	182	182	182

Int. Power Co.	1,000	36¾	36¼	36¾	36¾
Louisv. & Nash.	2,900	78¼	77¾	78¼	78¼
L. E. & W. pfd	400	89¾	89¾	89	89
Laclede Gas	200	73	73	73	73
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	200	94	93¾	93¾	94
Manhattan	1,550	144¾	143¾	144¾	144¾
M., K. & T. pfd	400	33	33	33	33
Met. St. Ry.	1,800	154	153¼	153¾	153¾
Missouri Pac.	4,700	44¾	44¼	44¾	44¾
M. & St. L. 1st pfd	100	95¼	95¼	95¼	95
Do 2d pfd	100	90	90	90	
N. Y. C. & H. R.	51	211¼	211¼	211¼	211¼
National Biscuit	100	29	28	28	29
Northern Pac.	7,300	59¾	59	59½	59¾
Do pfd	900	77¾	74¼	74¼	74¾
National Steel	400	28	28	28	28¼
Do pfd	200	87½	87	87½	87½
N. Y. Central	1,100	135¾	134¾	135¾	135¾
Norfolk & West	1,800	34¾	33¾	34	34¼
North. Amn. Co.	200	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
N. Y. Out. & W.	600	27¾	27¼	27¾	27¼
National Lead	200	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
N. Y. Air Brake	1,300	150	139¼	142¾	137¼
N. Y. C. & St. L.					
2d pfd	100	32	32	32	32
Nat. Tube	100	44	44	44	43¼
Do pfd	1,000	90¼	90	90	90
People's Gas	3,600	99¾	98¾	99¼	98¾
Penn. R. R.	5,600	129¾	129¾	129¾	129¾
Pacific Mail	300	27¾	27¼	27¾	28
Pullman	200	183	182	182	183
Pressed Steel Car	100	46¼	46¼	46¼	46
P., C., C. & St. L. pfd	100	83	83		
Pere Marquette	100	24¼	24¼	24¼	
Peoria & Eastern	100	40	40	40	
Pac. Coast 2d pfd	100	60¼	60¼	60¼	
Reading	1,000	17¾	17	17	17¼
Do 1st pfd	4,700	68¾	67	67¾	67¾
Do 2d pfd	200	52	52	52	52
Republic Steel	1,400	13	12¾	12¾	13
Do pfd	800	57	57	57	57
Southern Ry.	200	12	12	12	12
Do pfd	1,200	54¼	53¾	53¾	54
St. L. & S. F.	400	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
Southern Pacific	5,400	34¾	33¾	34	33¾
St. L. S. W.	50	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Do pfd	500	26	25	25	25
St. L. & San Fran.	100	10	09	10	10
Do 2d pfd	500	34½	33¾	34¼	33¾
S. R. & T.	200	5¼	5¼	5¼	5
Texas Pacific	300	16¾	16¼	16¼	16¾
Third Ave.	200	112	111¼	111¼	112¼
Tenn. Coal & Iron	2,600	71¼	70¾	71¼	70¾
Union Pacific	2,600	54¾	53¾	54¾	54
Do pfd	1,800	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾
Union Bag & Pa.	90	12	11¾	12	11¾
Do pfd	100	93	93	93	93
U. S. Rubber	200	25½	25¼	25¼	25½
U. S. Leather	1,000	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Do pfd	100	80	80	80	80½
Wheeling & L. E.	300	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼
Do 2d pfd	200	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾
Wabash pfd	1,200	30¾	30¼	30¾	30¾
Wis. Cent. pfd	100	46¼	46	46¼	46¼
Western Union	400	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾
Total sales	192,017 shares.				

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	115	United States	45
American	150	Fargo	117

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. 2s, reg. w i	103½	U. S. new 4s, coup.	134½
Do coup	103¾	U. S. old 4s, reg.	113¾
U. S. 2s, reg	103¾	U. S. old 4s, coup.	115¾
U. S. 3s, reg	109	U. S. 5s, reg	113¾
U. S. 3s, coup	109	U. S. 5s, coup	113¾
U. S. new 4s, reg	134¼	Dist. of Col., 3.65s	113

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS —10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

$2000 Atch gen 4s	100¾@104	$4000 do g m	117
10000 do adjmt	84	1000 L Unif 4s	95¾
$30000 do adjmt	84¼	5000 M-St L 1st 4s	97
50000 Albany & Sus	114¼	4s	93¼
2000 A-N W 1st	98¾	2000 Mo P con 6s	116
2000 B & O 5s	110¾	3000 M-K-T 1st 4s	93¼@94
20000 do 4s	101¾	2d 4s	91¾@91¾
15000 B-O S W 3½s	100½	5000 Man con 4s	101
2d 6s	108¾	11000 N Y C-L 4s	108¾
2000 B W-W 1st tr 8s	120	5s	99¼@99¾
2000 B H Tun	103	5000 N Y C-M 4s	97
5000 Brdwy-7th Av	108¾@108¾	2d 4s	97
2000 Brdwy-7th Av con	121	9000 N Y G-E 4s	92¾@93¼
32000 Bkln Un 5s	109¾@110	6000 do 5s	109¾@110
1st 5s	94¾@95	1000 N Y O-W 4s	105¾
5000 Can So 1st	107¾	1000 N Y C-St L	106¾
2000 do 2d	104¾	4s	97¼@97¾
2000 Cen Ga 1st 5s	110	41000 N-W con 5s	130¾
2000 do con 5s	91¼	4s	97¼@97¾
2000 do 1st inc	42¾	17000 do Mo 1st 4s	97¾
14000 C N J gen 5s	121¼@122	9000 N Y Gas 5s	92¾@93¼
5000 do reg	121	98000 N Pac gen 3s	67¾@67¾
42000 C Pac 1st 4s	99¼@100	2000 do prior 4s	104¾@105
10000 C & O gen	90¾@90¾	20000 Rdg gen 4s	87¾@88
4000 do R-A 1st	104¾	10000 R G W 1st 4s	90¾
25000 C & Q W div	110¾@110¾	25000 do 4s	81¾@82
3000 do Dep div 4s	101¾	2000 St L-S F gen	104¾
5000 C-M-St P gen 7s	132¾@133	5000 do 4s	112¾
2000 C M-St P gen 4s	112¼	3000 St P M-M con	130
119000 C R I-P 4s	103¾@103¾	1000 So P 4s	80¾
112000 C C C-St L	103¾	13000 St P-S C 1st	110
5000 do con	95¼	4000 St P-D W 5s	98¾@99
34000 Chi & E Ill 6s	109¾@110	28000 do 2d	61@61¼
18000 D M-M L 4s	91½@92	16000 Tex & P 2d	99¾
16000 D-R G con 4s	95¾	5000 So Pac Ariz 1st	114¾
2000 E T V-G con	113	5000 do gen 5s	110¾
25000 Erie 1st con	116¾	2000 do 2d div 5s	111
2000 do 1st con	117¾	68000 T St L-K C	70
2000 F W-D C 1st	71	1st tr	129¾@129¾
10000 G H-S A-P 5s	107	7000 U Pac 4s	104¾
1st	90¼	5000 Tex P 1st 5s	113¾
7000 H-T C gen 6s	85¼	109000 U P 1st 4s	103¾
7000 H & St J 6s	110¾	2d 4s	103¾@106¾
10000 K C-P 1st	81	4000 Va Mid gen 5s	111¼
5000 Leroy-Caney	94	4000 Wab 1st 5s	115¾
1st 5s	111¾	2d 5s	111¾@115¾
1000 L E-W 1st 5s	123	5000 do 2d	102
1000 L-Mo Riv 1st	102¾	57000 do deb ser B	103¾@103¾
125000 L-N unif 4s	107¾@108	10000 Wis C 4s	91¾@92¼
1000 do gold bds	111		

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash and Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., June 7.—[Special.]—The market was featureless today. Coppers were rather active but irregular. There was good buying of home railroads at unchanged prices. Traders were selective at the advance last all day.

Call loans, 2@2½ per cent. Time loans, 3@4 per cent. Clearing-house rate, 2 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Opg.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amer. Sugar	3,600	119¼	119¾	119¼	119¾
Do pfd	115	115	115	115	115
Amal. Copper	760	89	89	88¾	89¼
Atlantic	100	26	26	26	26
Atchison	400	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
Do pfd	2,000	72¾	72¾	72	72¾
Bost. & Alb.	100	257	257	257	257
Bost. & Mont. Min.	200	297	299	297	299
Bonanza	50				
British Col.	1,200	10¼	10¾	10¼	10¾
Boston Elevated	75	139¾	139¾	139¾	139¾
C., B. & Q.	100	128¾	128¾	128¾	128¾
Centennial	50	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Elm River	50	3	3	3	3
Michigan	50	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾
Mex. Tel	50	2	2	2	2
Pagosa	1,200	49	49¾	49	49¾
Pullman	75	183	183	183	183
Santa Yavbel Min	1,500	100	100	97	97
Union Pacific	250	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾
Do pfd	100	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾
United States Oil	200	15½	15½	15	15

BONDS.

$1000 Atch 4s	100	$10000 C-W M 5s	102¾
1000 Atch adj	84	1000 Mex. 4s	77½

IN THE FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

Tendency of Cash and Securities in London, Paris, and Berlin.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Commercial-Advertiser's London financial cablegram:

Fear of the Chinese situation continued today to dominate the markets here. Business was insignificant, and prices were generally lower.

American stocks were dull and apathetic, receiving no support from New York.

Coppers were weak, closing at the lowest.

Money was easy, and in the last hour unlendable. Little was doing all day, because everybody was waiting for the effect of the June 15 payments due tomorrow. The bank sold £5,000 gold for export to a destination not stated.

LONDON, June 7.—American railway shares opened dull on the lower overnight prices from New York. Later prices partially recovered, but the market was easy and inclined to wait further for New York's lead. Business was limited to professional traders. At the close the tone was steady. Spanish 4s closed at 70¾.

The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance today was £5,000.

Consols for money, 101⅝; do for the account, 101 15-16; Atchison, 26¼; Canadian Pacific, 95½; St. Paul, 119; Illinois Central, 116; Louisville, 80¾; Union Pacific preferred, 76; New York Central, 133½; Erie, 12⅝; Pennsylvania, 60⅝; Reading, 19; Erie 1st preferred, 36½; Northern Pacific preferred, 77¼; Grand Trunk, 7; Anaconda, 6½; Rands, 40¾. Bar silver steady, 27⅝d per ounce. Money, 2½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2⅝@2¾ per cent; do three months bills, 2¾ per cent.

The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes: Total reserves decreased £1,004,000; circulation increased £218,000; bullion decreased £816,000; other securities decreased £120,000; other deposits increased £484,000; public deposits decreased £1,639,000; notes reserve decreased £1,080,000; government securities unchanged.

The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liabilities is 43.22 per cent; last week it was 44.37 per cent.

Rate of discount unchanged, at 3½ per cent.

PARIS, June 7.—There was a fresh reaction on the Bourse today. Realizations in traction stocks adversely affected the whole list, and this was intensified by apprehensions regarding the situation in China. At the close of the day there was a slight recovery. Spanish 4s weakened on the rise in the rate of exchange in Spain. Rio Tintos were freely offered, owing to the decline in price of copper. Kaffirs were depressed.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation decreased 25,000,000 francs; treasury accounts current decreased 37,500,000 francs; gold in hand increased 13,000,000 francs; bills discounted decreased 241,375,000 francs; silver in hand increased 2,700,000 francs.

BERLIN, June 7.—Business on the Boerse today was flat, under the influence of a sharp break in mines, owing to large forced sales. Towards the close prices partly recovered on satisfactory London advices. Funds and bank shares were depressed, foreigners were maintained, and Americans were weak.

IN THE LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep.

Following is a statement of Chicago receipts and shipments of live stock, the receipts including stock received direct by packers:

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, June 4	10,950	300	40,052	13,781
Tuesday, June 5	9,916	2,054	35,659	12,191
Wednesday, June 6	18,119	846	40,015	14,183
Thursday, June 7	8,000	500	31,000	10,000
Total	51,984	4,016	134,803	49,428
One week ago	42,061	3,172	126,377	39,295
Shipments—				
Monday, June 4	2,951	4	8,104	1,098
Tuesday, June 5	1,234	163	1,844	529
Wednesday, June 6	4,270	30	3,654	
Thursday, June 7	4,000	30	4,500	1,000
Totals	12,355	227	17,102	2,224
One week ago	10,455	227	16,744	2,524
One year ago	12,047	307	30,936	1,524

Combined receipts at Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, and St. Louis:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Thus far this week	82,940	250,000	81,000
Same period last week	106,000	282,000	70,000
Same period 1899	84,000	240,000	84,000

Cattle—This week's receipts of cattle will hardly reach 45,000, being the smallest week's total in two months, and nearly 11,000 less than the previous week, and 1,000 less than a year ago. Thursday's receipts were 8,000 against 12,000 a week ago. This week's receipts fall 23,000 short of the same number as last week. The market was active and prices ruled strong to 10c higher all week up Wednesday, or 15@20c higher than the close of last week. Export cattle sold at $5.25@5.60, with the bulk of sales at $5.40@5.50; fair to good shipping steers sold at $5.10@5.40; butchers' cattle, $3.25@4.90; bulls of all kinds, $2.50@4.90; bulk of sales, $3.50@4.20; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.90; cows and heifers, $2.25@4.75; canners, $1.50@2.25; calves, $3.00@6.00; Texas fed steers, $3.75@4.60; Texas grass steers, $3.00@4.00; Texas bulls, $2.25@3.10.

Hogs—There was a moderate supply of hogs, and several hog markets. Prices averaged the same as on Monday, and fluctuations were narrow. Comparatively few sales were made at 5c higher than Monday's closing prices, and the bulk of the 2,000 remained in the pens unsold. There was a good buyers' competition, and the bulk of sales brought from $4.90@5.00, with a few choice lots of 200@250 lbs at $5.05@5.10. Native butchers' hogs sold principally at $5.00@5.05, and Texas hogs steady for good and ordinary grades.

Hogs—There was no material hog market. Prices averaged the same as on Wednesday, and fluctuations were narrow. Comparatively few sales were made at 5c higher than Monday's closing prices, and the bulk of the 2,000 remained in the pens unsold. There was a good buyers' competition, and the bulk of sales brought from $4.90@5.00, with a few choice lots of 200@250 lbs at $5.05@5.10. Native butchers' hogs sold principally at $5.00@5.05, and Texas hogs steady for good and ordinary grades.

Sheep—Prices were steady; the market was slow and about unsold. A good many Kentucky were consigned, and weakened the sale. Most of the spring lambs sold at $6.25@6.40; lower than on Monday, going largely at $6.00@6.25. Good to choice shorn natives and Western sold at $5.00@5.60. Sheep sold at $4.50@5.60; bulk at $5.00@5.25.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS ELSEWHERE.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Beeves—Receipts, 857, all for exporters and 1 car; nothing doing; market unchanged. Shipments, 4,840 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 400; market steady for veals; $6.75@7.50; buttermilks and culls, $4.50@5.50. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 5,036; 20 cars on sale; sheep and lambs active; good yearlings and sheep steady; others slow; top lambs, $7.50@7.60; top sheep, $5.50@5.75; culls, lambs, $2.50@3.00; culls, sheep, $2.00@3.00; culls, lambs, $4.00@5.00. Hogs—Receipts, 656, and three decks for the market; transactions reported.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 7.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,100, including 1,000 Texans; market steady for native and shipping steers; Texas beef and grass steers under 1,000 lbs, $4.00@4.90; cows and heifers, $2.75@4.65; canners, $1.75@2.75; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.90; bulls, $2.75@4.00; calves, $3.50@6.00. Hogs—Receipts, 5,700; market opened stronger; heavy, $4.95@5.00; mixed and butchers, $4.92½@4.97½; light, $4.90@4.95; pigs, $4.92½@4.97½. Sheep—Receipts, 1,200; market steady; yearlings, $5.00@5.10; stock sheep, $3.25@3.60; lambs, $4.75@5.25.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 7.—Cattle—Receipts, 8,300 natives, 700 Texans; 10c higher; native steers, $4.70@5.30; stockers and feeders, $3.25@4.80; native cows and heifers, $3.25@4.80; bulls, $3.00@4.50; calves, $3.75@4.75; Texas fed steers, $3.75@4.65; butcher cows and heifers, $3.25@4.80; canners, $2.00@3.00; stockers and feeders

JUMPERS IN CLOSE RACE.

STEEPLECHASE AT HAWTHORNE PROVES INTERESTING CONTEST.

Timber Toppers, Contrary to the Usual Performances, Have No Accidents and Finish in a Bunch—Bangle Wins Cleverly in the Opening Sprint from Hermoso—Great Bend Has an Easy Victory at a Mile and a Sixteenth—"Texas" Smith Secures a Colt.

A program of purse events and a heavy, sticky track that caused many withdrawals were features that militated somewhat against the racing at Hawthorne yesterday. Still, fields of liberal proportion went to the post in most of the events, and the contests were as a rule close and exciting in spite of the going. The steeplechase was the most attractive and best race of the afternoon. It was expected to result in a series of accidents on account of the heavy state of the course, but the horses, who are now gradually getting schooled to the jumping game, not only cleared the obstacles safely, but they ran so closely bunched, with so many changes of positions, as to make the race intensely interesting as a spectacle. Tinkler, who made his first start across country in some time, refused at the water jump, but all the others went over the obstacles like veterans at the business.

Viking and Zufallig were the leaders in the early part. At the end of half the journey Viking tired, and then Zufallig went on. Durwad and Van Brunt, however, keeping him close company. In the stretch Durwad got in front, and, although closely pressed by Van Brunt and Myosotis for a time, he won handily, Van Brunt second and Myosotis third. Durwad is a horse that last winter showed some form in California. He has started two or three times at the meeting, but the conditions did not seem to suit him as a betting proposition for his connections. He is a good mud goer, and yesterday his people got down, backing him from 15 to 1 to 6 to 5. More money was won over Durwad's victory than on any other single event of the day.

Ben Magen, Princess Tatyana, and Dandy Jim were the best backed horses in the opening race. Ben Magen sprinted out at top speed in the first part, but Dandy Jim got him on the stretch bend and he stopped. He had done all his racing. Just before the race locked to be at the mercy of Dandy Jim Princess Tatyana stole up and beat him out by a drive. Zack Phelps, an outsider but quite well played across the board, was third.

Bangle, despite his inglorious defeat the other day, had another try. He was a 5 to 2 favorite for the second event, a sprinting affair at six furlongs, with Hermoso next in demand, and Ben Hall and Ed Garland both nibbled. Bangle acted ugly at the post and in the beginning he appeared to suffer. Hermoso was the pacemaker. At the end Yorbush got up and beat him out in a drive. Josephine ran the fourth home, but she seemed at several times, but, besides that, he was fairly outrun and could not have won with an even break as to luck in the running.

Bishop Reed, favorite for the last, at 9 to 5, was all the running, with Braw Lad chasing him some distance. The latter took a jump which held him in the stretch. He was winning easily until right at

FUNDS TO FIGHT DOWIE.

PROTECTIVE AGENCY MANAGERS VOTE TO BACK PROSECUTION.

Women Decide to Give Not Only Moral Support but Financial Aid to Project to Secure Justice for Alleged Maltreatment of Millie Logan, the Insane Girl—Alderman Alling Tells of Plans—"Zion Lace Industries" Incorporated.

The Board of Managers of the Protective Agency for Women and Children reached a final decision yesterday to use not only its influence, but its funds, to prosecute John Alexander Dowie and his "divine healers," who are held responsible for the treatment of Millie Logan, the insane girl who was kept for five weeks in one of the "Zion" institutions. Alderman Charles Alling, attorney for the board, was instructed to begin criminal proceedings as soon as he obtained all the evidence pertaining to the alleged maltreatment of the girl.

A week ago the board decided to take up the case. After seeking evidence, however, Alderman Alling concluded that the prosecution would entail much expense and time, and to make sure of the agency's wishes he asked that body to reconsider the plan. The board's final decision was that if need be all its present funds and all of Alderman Alling's available time should be used in prosecuting the case.

"There is nothing for me to do now but to go ahead and prosecute," said Alderman Alling. "Aside from obtaining justice for the insane girl, it appeared to the women that this case offered such opportunities to disclose Dowie's methods that a charitable body could not afford to neglect it. My plan is to bring the case directly before the grand jury. If, however, the State's Attorney thinks best, he will first institute proceedings before a magistrate."

The board meeting was held in the agency's quarters, room 604 Unity Building. The women decided that, while they would give their influence and time to prosecuting the case, their names should not be connected with it.

"Zion's Lace Industries" is the title of a corporation of which papers were filed during the day with Recorder Simon. The capital stock is $1,000,000, and Dowie, H. Worthington Judd, and Samuel W. Packard are given authority as commissioners to organize the industries. The object stated is to manufacture lace and linen goods, to spin cotton, and weave wool, and to manufacture machinery necessary for these processes, at "Zion City," in Benton Township, Lake County. Dowie subscribes 9,996 of the 10,000 shares, and Judd, Packard, Carl F. Stern, Charles J. Bernard one share each. The principal office is stated to be at "Zion," 1201 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

Charles Craig, Leonia A. Kisner ..... 22—22
Frank W. Bradley, Virginia Wyeth ..... 20—20
Andrew Sorpnce, Selma Johnson ..... 21—21
Joseph J. Campbell, Mary C. Crouse ..... 24—24
John Crerar, Marie G. Gwens ..... 21—18
Adam Daniel Miller, Augusta Swader ..... 21—18
George Olsen, Ignes Hombek ..... 21—19
Wasil Bukup, Mary Grap ..... 21—19
Charles Mathews, Jessie Newton, Ia.: Maria Dewsnah, same ..... 37—37
Archer Bever, Esther Blogg ..... 27—18
Henry Benndier, Elisabeth Riesenschneider, Evanston ..... 21—24
George B. Elliott, St. Paul, Minn.; Emma Gross, Chicago ..... 42—29
Ike Cohen, Jennie Levy ..... 21—18
Ivar A. Randel, Agnes H. Lacky ..... 21—21
Henry Shakman, Hattie Mandel ..... 21—21
George Rosenthal, Esther Burbaum ..... 21—18
Anton G. Gustafson, Augusta Gustafson ..... 21—21
Charles Baker, Minnie Elizabeth Bachran ..... 21—21
Wilhelm Wehmsister, Marie Laske ..... 24—24
Joseph Stanton, Rose Poper ..... 29—29
John J. Kelly, Rebecca A. Foley ..... 24—20
George R. Gasking, Newburgh, N. Y.: Lottie Stead ..... 30—27
Alexander M. Ross Jr., Emily Milling ..... 21—21
John Kaias, Sadie Roberis ..... 21—18
Charles F. Streeper, Bertha Wilson ..... 21—18
Charles Ogden, Jessie Ogden ..... 26—19
Abraham M. Kerr, Anna Newman ..... 21—19
John A. Simpson, Delia Delefano ..... 21—19
Claus St. Dorn, Dora Bolt ..... 21—21
Gustav Nelson, Annie Evenson ..... 29—29
John Dalotowska, Francisca Pierscialska ..... 21—21
Joseph S. Rands, Louis Rang ..... 21—21
Wilber W. Quinn, Clara Batchelder ..... 21—18
John Conway, Bridget A. Lawler ..... 29—29
Troy D. Shaffer, Mary Maude Cook ..... 21—21
Frank Dale, Estella McDonald ..... 21—18
James C. Geddes, Eva M. Bluett ..... 21—21
Charles J. Fischer, Emma Wurnick ..... 25—20
Joseph Krause, Tillie Fasternek ..... 29—20
Waclaw Mik, Anna Sinor ..... 21—21
Richard Kuhn, Clara Hahn ..... 40—41
Oscar Richter, Anna Fubyle ..... 21—21
Frank M. Tolliver, Etta Thomas ..... 21—21
Fred Deutzher, Emma M. Henry ..... 21—21
William Flindt, Mary Thymess ..... 26—20
Andrew E. Poirue, Elisabeth Hoszyeck ..... 24—21

TRIBUNE READY REFERENCE DIRECTORY

Art, Beveled and Stained Glass.
The Flanigan & Biedenweg Co., 57 to 63 Illinois-st.

Assayers and Refiners.
DICKMAN & MACKENZIE, 1224 Rookery. M. 4515.
GOLDSMITH BROS., 63 Washington-st. Bullion bought and sold. Prompt & accurate assay of ore.

Automatic Trousers Hanger.
Only correct hanger. Chicago Form Co., 123 LaSalle.

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Ask your grocer for ERCH'S STAR BREAD.
PALM'S HOME BAKERY, 1178-81 W. Harrison.
PIPER'S MA-MA BREAD. Like mamma made it.

Birds and Taxidermy.
KAEMPFER'S BIRD STORE, 88 State-st.

Books, Maps, Etc.
GEO. M. BECKWITH, 214 Clark-st., Room 413.

Building, Curb, and Sidewalk Stone.
Charles L. Boyd, Receiver, 205 Chamber of Com.

Buyers of Old Gold and Silver.
LIPMAN, 99 Madison. Cash for all precious metals

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GUNTHER, C. F., Bonbons and chocolates. Send for wholesale or retail catalogue. 212 State-st.

Cement Sidewalks.
STAMSEN & BLOME, Unity Bldg. Central 12.

Cleaners and Dyers.
COOK & McLAIN, 80 Dearborn. M. 3047. Oak. 832
SCHWARZ BROS., 57 Madison and 59 Dearborn. 3 stores: 168 Illinois, 126 Dearborn, 505 W. Mad.

Detective Agencies.
Furlo's Detective Service, 124-126 Dearborn-st.
Metropolitan—Rose Hendrick, 87 Washington.
Mooney & Boland Detective Agency, 110 La Salle.
Secret Service. Culleton. 160 Washington-st.

Druggists.
DYCHE'S PRESCRIPTION DRUG STORE—N. W. cor. State and Randolph-sts. Tel. Central 2554.

Expert in Handwriting and Inks.
H. L. TOLMAN, 929 Opera-House Bldg.

Fire Insurance.
MAITLAND & McAVOY, 146 La Salle. Tel. M. 2582.

Florists.
A. LANGE, 51 Monroe-st., cor. State. Tel. C. 2525.
JOHN C. SCHUBERT & CO., S. W. COR. Monroe and Wabash-av. Telephone Main 2358.

Gas and Electrical Fixtures.
E. BAGGOT CO., 169-171 E. Adams-st.

Hot Air Pumps.
FOR FLATS, RESIDENCES & STOCK FARMS. Rider-Ericsson Eng. Co., 86 Lake. Cable. T. 1.

Information Bureau.
Tax Information Bureau. 160 E. Washington-st.

Loan Offices.
ABE LIPMAN, 99 MADISON. Private entrance.

Mandolin Instruction.
S. Tomaso. Central Music Hall, Randolph and State

Opium, Morphine, and Cocaine Cure.
Dr. J. C. Hoffman, 46 Van Buren; pamphlet free.

Opticians.
BEEK, 22 Washington. Eyeglasses, artificial eyes.
BOERLIN CO., LOUIS, 88 Washington-st.
BORSCH & CO., scientific opticians, 103 Adams.
MANASSE, L., Tribune Building, 88 Madison-st.
$1 BUYS BEST SPECK. F. Morgan, 93 Madison.

Paper Dealers.
Empire Paper Co., 177-179 Monroe-st. M. 5049.

Parquet Floors.
B. B. MOORE & CO., 48 Randolph. Tel. M. 7709.

Patent Lawyers.
LOTZ, R. W., 163 Randolph-st. Pamphlet free.

Physicians.
J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D., specialist skin, blood, and nervous diseases, 107 Dearborn-st.

Photography.
J. B. WILSON, studio, 380 State. Tel. Main 2411.

Pianos.
J. A. BRYANT, 144 WABASH-AV.

Picture Frames, Mats, and Regilding.
W. W. ABBOTT, 235 Wabash. Tel. Central 2067.
F. A. BRYDEN & CO., 331 Wabash. Tel. H. 1957.

Printers and Binders.
RYAN & HART CO., 22 and 24 Custom-House-st.

Rubber, Brass, and Steel Stamps.
C. L. SAFFORD, 177 Madison. Tel M. 2037. Catalog
A. W. Martin & Co., 200 Clark. Phone Cent. 1660.

Signs and Letterers.
GROUT, FRANK R., 173 Madison. Tel. 5337 M.

Stationers, Printers, Blank Book Makers
GEO. E. COLE & CO., 86 and 88 Dearborn-st.

Typewriter Copying and Stenography.
M. D. & E. HUTCHISON, 107 Dearborn. Room 50.

Trusses, Deformity Apparatus.
R. WOLFERTZ, 60 5th-av. Ruptures positively cured with no pain or detention from business. Trusses from $2 to $15. Elastic stockings, etc. Catalogue.

Uniforms, Military Society Goods.
FOSTER, G. F. SON & CO., 174 E. Madison-st.

Wood Mantels, Tiles, and Grates.
The Peerless Mantel Works, 213 E. Chicago-av.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECORD Thursday, June 7, 1900:

Humboldt-st. 100 s of Armitage-av., w f. 50x120. Dec. 12, 1899 [C. O. Olson to Willie Olson] 1
Albany-av. 34 n of 24th-st., e f. 50x125, and other property. June 4 [W. M. in C. to Anna Lothian] 4,000
39th-st. 25 e of Justine-av., n f. 20x125, and other property. June 4 [W. F. Manning to Mary Dobson] 2,000
Dobson-av. 112 n of 75th-st., w f. 20x125. June 6 [Michael Tynan to Mary Tynan] 1,500
Wood-st. 25 s of 78th-st., w f. 25x125. May 14 [J. De] to J. Wisniewski] 1,500
Troy-st. 100 s of 30th-st., w f. 25x125. May 14 [J. Kralovec to Peter M. Antonson] 1,400
Loomis-st. 240 n of 62d, w f. 25x116. May 12 [S. W. Aris to L. P. Clark] 1,100
Homan-av. 201 n of Foster, e f. 50x124. May 23 [Real Estate Bank of Chicago to A. Bjork] 1
Homan-av. 566 n of Foster, e f. 50x124. May 26 [Mary Lea] to E. Bjork] 1,425
52d-st. 130 e of Western-av., s f. 17x125. May 28 [J. B. Wagner to C. Clausen] 1,750
Western-av. 75 n of 52d-st., w f. 50x130, more or less. May 28 [J. B. Wagner to C. Clausen] 1,500
63d-st. 250 w of St. Louis-av., n f. 25x124. June 3 [J. F. Eberhart to I. McCann] 1,500
54th-ct. 100 e of Lowe-av., s f. 25x124. Jan. 24 [C. P. Dewey to B. Jackson] 1
Campbell-av. 275 n of Diversey-av., w f. 25x125. May 29 [Equitable Ln. & T. Assn. to H. J. Falkenberg] 1,100
Dickson-st. 258 s of Blanchard-st., e f. 24x100. June 1 [Thomas Dolan to John Dumek] 6,000
Southport-av. 75 n of Hamilton, e f. 50x130. June 5 [S. Brown, Jr. to Charles F. Halsey] 4,500
Lawndale-av. 200 n of Irving Park, e f. 50x125. June 5 [P. J. Kain to George W. Lowdale] 12,919
Lewis-st. 24 s of Marianna-av., w f. 24x124. March 27 [W. J. Zinn to William Fiester to Walter Lister] 2,880
Park-av. 186 e of N. 40th, n f. 8x1x5, June 5 [Charles Jones to Jennie Jones] 3,000
Bessie-av. 66 n of Byron-st., e f. 33x124. Oct. 6, 1899 [estate of Edwin H. Sheldon to John W. Thiel] 4,500
Mott-st. 313 n of North-av., w f. 50 ft to R. R. right of way. June 1 [E. Behr to A. Behr] 1,700
Paulina-st. 144 s of Emily, e f. 24x120, June 6 [M. Reintz to John Hlavacek] 2,300
Ellis-av. 66 n of Chicago-av., e f. 22x 125 6. June 6 [L. J. Liesmer to Ada N. Liesmer] 1,000
Grand-av. 50 e of Robey-st., s f. 24x99. June 6 [N. J. Leoni to Victoria Leoni] 4,000
Albany-av. 50 s of Fillmore-st., w f. 25x 124. May 31 [C. C. Schumacher to John Weiser] 1,500
Congress-st. n w cor Hermitage-av., e f. 100x17-100[3] m June 6 [J. A. Leoni to Victoria Leoni] 6,000
Lake-st. 244 s of Harrison-st., w f. 31x 100. June 6 [F. Dyer by T. to the American Trust and Savings Bk.] 14,000
Lake-st. n w cor Jefferson, s f. 82x110; and other property. June 6 [F. Sox] to und ¼ int. Oct. 5, 1898 [Cornelia A. Miller et al., by M. in C., to Frederick W. Woodhull and others] 80,530
52d-st. 174 w of Wood, n f. 24x100. May 25 [W. J. Thomas et al., by M. in C., to M. Goodkind] 3,500
Union-av. 25 s of 20th-st., e f. 25x121. June 6 [J. Madera to Joseph J. Vancura] 4,700
Princeton-av. 181 s of 35th-st., e f. 25x125. May 31 [H. J. Wallingford to Henry C. Kern] 4,000
Fulton-av. 257 ft. Leavitt-av., s f. 25x 125. May 28 [F. C. Curtis to Annie Tarr] 5,000
111th-st. 96 w of Wentworth-av., s f. [22 15-16 ft] June 6 [J. A. Hallett to Jacob F. De Jong] 1
112th-st. 150 e of Princeton-av., n f. 50x 124. May 28, tax incumbrance $4,000 [J. A. Hallett to Jacob F. De Jong] 1
Halsted-st. 240 n of 120th, e f. 24x120. June 6, tax incumbrance $2,000. April 28 [R. J. Boersina to Jacob F. De Jong] 1
Irving Park-av. 47 west Lincoln-st., s f. 50x125. June 6 [J. W. C. Thiel to Edwin R. Sheldon] 2,400
Vincennes-av. n e cor 42d-pl., w f. 40x 130. May 18 [L. Pisco to John H. Dold] 18,000
Carrie Cuthbert, widow, of Waukegan, quitclaims and assigns to Lucie H. Barber all of the shares of the capital stock of the Grand View Hotel Company, a corporation of Illinois, and all her right, title, and interest in said Grand View Hotel company, and in said to the Lehigh Hotel Building in Chicago, and in and to the land upon which said building stands. Revenue stamps 17.50
Congress-st. 219 e of California-av., n f. 25x156, incumbrance $4,000. April 2 [John Cuthbert to Carrie Cuthbert] 6,000
Walnut-st. 69 w of Robey, s f. 40x124, incumbrance $6,500 (error in deed, date of mortgage, May 26, 1900) [Mary Jane Hanrahan to Frank Gregory] 9,000
Clarence-av. 175 s of Le Moyne-st., e f. 25x125, incumbrance $2,500. June 5 [Kling to A. Kwiatkowski] 5,000
Same property, incumbrance $2,826. June 5 [Joseph Kwiatkowski to Josephine Kling] 5,000
Keeler-av., n w cor. Park, e f. 100x100.9, incumbrance of $30,-000, which grantee does not assume or agree to pay. May 18 [James Corse and wife, Rachel Wilk, John Jaffrey and wife, Chicago, to N. Golden Elliot, Manistee, Mich.] 69,500

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — ON WABASH-AV., NEAR CONGRESS-st., leather pocketbook containing money, fine picture, and Maccabee tickets. 849 Marquette Bd.

LOST—A PEARL AND EMERALD PIN, TUESday, on S. S. Elevated or N. State-st. car. Please return to 6154 Kimbark-av. and receive reward.

LOST—BUNCH OF KEYS. RETURN 1833 INdiana-av. Reward.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—C. W. G.: MUST HEAR FROM you at once; cannot and will not wait longer. What do you propose to do about settlement? J. D. L.

PERSONAL—LA FRANCE: POSTPONE. SEE letter.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—THE ZANCIGS PALMISTS—Expert palmists—4 always in attendance. Readings 50c; with chart $1. Special offer this wk. To prove that palmistry is a true science we read your character, etc., by the hand only. WE ANSWER THREE QUESTIONS FOR 10C. Send self-addressed stamped envelope with print of hand and date of birth.

HOW TO TAKE PRINT OF HANDS.

First—Smoke the paper thoroughly over a lamp until it is entirely black, not forgetting to remove the chimney before; avoid burning the flame high; move rapidly to and fro to keep paper from burning.

Second—Place the hand softly down on the blackened paper, remembering to put a towel underneath to fill in the usual hollow. Take a pencil and draw the outline, but do not move the hand during the operation.

Third—Submerge the blackened paper into alcohol or gasoline slowly, the smoked side up; then put to dry.

Address THE ZANCIGS' TEMPLE OF PALMISTRY, 185 Michigan-av., Chicago, Ill.

PERSONAL — KNOWLTON, THE CREDIT TAILOR.

Gives credit at cash prices to salaried people; a nice suit of clothes, overcoat, or pair of trousers, best of goods, latest patterns, fit and workmanship guaranteed; one price to all; goods marked in plain figures; you can pay for the same in small weekly or monthly payments.

7TH FLOOR, HARTFORD BUILDING, 160 DEARBORN-ST., CORNER OF MADISON. OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7 O'CLOCK.

PERSONAL—" ON SPECIAL CREDIT AT CASH PRICES."

"From head to toe" we clothe a single person or a family complete.

"From parlor to kitchen" we furnish a home. We operate a special credit department store for salaried people and those in moderate circumstance, and invite your inspection.

Established 1865. R. SHOWERS & CO., 217 and 219 State-st., 35 and 37 Dearborn.

PERSONAL— SKIN FOOD for the face and hands removes wrinkles and makes the flesh firm and solid; a perfect beautifier; pure and harmless; mailed free upon receipt of 25 cents in silver or stamps.

MADAME GOODWIN, ROOM 75 HARTFORD BUILDING, CHICAGO, ILL.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the Building department yesterday:

Chicago Home for Incurables, 1-story brick add., 8331-35 Ellis-av. ..... $ 1,000
W. Baner, 1-story frame cottage, 5742 Marshfield-av. 1,300
A. H. Hill & Co., 1-story frame cottage, 2629 Eberly-av. 1,100
James McMahon, 1-story frame cottage, 5703 Lowe-av. 1,300
John Pfoss, 2-story frame store and dwelling, 2231 Lincoln-av. 2,500
F. Jaeger, 1-story brick bowling alley, 258 Western-av. 2,500
P. Havella, 1-story frame store, 794 W. 14th-st. 1,400
Thos. Holland, 2-story frame flat, 3722 S. Kedzie-av. 1,000
Sam Jacobs, 1-story brick store, 55 W. Van Buren-st. 1,800

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT SPRINGfield yesterday licensed the following corporations:

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TRIBUNE READY REFERENCE DIRECTORY

Art, Beveled and Stained Glass.
The Flanigan & Biedenweg Co., 57 to 63 Illinois-st.

Assayers and Refiners.
DICKMAN & MACKENZIE, 1224 Rookery. M. 4515.
GOLDSMITH BROS., 63 Washington-st. Bullion bought and sold. Prompt & accurate assay of ore.

Automatic Trousers Hanger.
Only correct hanger. Chicago Form Co., 123 LaSalle.

Bakery Goods.
Ask your grocer for ERCH'S STAR BREAD.
PALM'S HOME BAKERY, 1178-81 W. Harrison.
PIPER'S MA-MA BREAD. Like mamma made it.

Birds and Taxidermy.
KAEMPFER'S BIRD STORE, 88 State-st.

Books, Maps, Etc.
GEO. M. BECKWITH, 214 Clark-st., Room 413.

Building, Curb, and Sidewalk Stone.
Charles L. Boyd, Receiver, 205 Chamber of Com.

Buyers of Old Gold and Silver.
LIPMAN, 99 Madison. Cash for all precious metals

Candies.
GUNTHER, C. F., Bonbons and chocolates. Send for wholesale or retail catalogue. 212 State-st.

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WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPER—ACCURATE, RAPID, FOR short while; state salary. B 459, Tribune office.

DRUGGIST—REGISTERED; GERMAN-AMERican. Address E C 839, Tribune office.

MAN—YOUNG, AGE 19, FOR SHIPPING-ROOM; German preferred; bring references. $6. C. RATNE, 263 Dearborn-st.

MAN—YOUNG, FOR COMMISSION HOUSE; strong and active; North Side; $6. L. HOWARD, 19 Plymouth-pl.

OFFICE CLERK; GOOD PENMAN; NORTH Side; $6. 210 Boylston Bldg.

YOUNG MAN—IN JEWELRY DEPT. OF LARGE house to fill orders; must be thoroughly experienced in jewelry and watches; state age, experience in above lines, and where last employed. Address F N 723, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—IN LARGE OFFICE, TO ASSIST in books; must live at home and come well recommended; $6 per week to start; good chance for promotion. Address F N 726, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—TO ASSIST IN OFFICE WORK; good penman. R. 2, 162 Dearborn-st.

Salesmen. Solicitors, Etc.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS—AT ONCE—20 first-class on program work; prompt pay. Apply to A. T. WILSON, Friday or June 8 from 12 to 1 o'clock at the Executive Committee Room, 122 La Salle-st.

DRUMMER—SIDE LINE FOR STATIONERS. REED, 315 Dearborn-st.

GENTLEMANLY SALESMEN—2; UNEQUALed specialty; no competition; energetic workers exceed $50 weekly; refs. required. 3523 Cot. Grove.

"HOW TO CONTROL SEX." GOING LIKE wild fire; book salesmen making $10 a day; sells without talk; particulars free. Zemo Pub. Co., 154 Monroe-st., Chicago.

INSTALLMENT MEN—GOOD, TO SELL OUR cameras; city or country; $1 down, 25c per week. Metropolitan Camera Co., 375 Wells-st.

MAN—MIDDLE-AGED, WITH SOME EXPERIence, as solicitor and organizer, of address, giving particulars, F N 728, Tribune officers.

RELIABLE RESIDENCE SOLICITOR — PERcentage, weekly. Room 212, 185 Dearborn.

SALESMAN—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, in cut glass; one who has had city experience and who can give unquestioned references. Apply Superintendent's office. MARSHALL FIELD & CO., retail.

SALESMAN—A HUSTLING SALESMAN ON AN established territory for one of the largest coffee houses; give age and experience; all communications strictly confidential. Address B 136, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH fine china, and who has had city experience. Apply Superintendent's office. MARSHALL FIELD & CO., retail.

SALESMAN—OF GENERAL BUSINESS EXperience and good address. Call 9 a. m. 926 Monadnock.

SALESMAN—AN EXPERIENCED, TO WORK the saloon trade; refs. required. Address H 103, Tribune office.

SALESMAN — RETAIL CLOTHING, FOR northern Michigan town; Swede; name salary, references. B 940, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—THREE FIRST-CLASS, HUSTLing salesmen, who have had experience in the grocery business and able to sell goods to the best trade on exceptional proposition for large specialty jobbing grocery house; the right parties will receive good salary and permanent position; give age and experience. Address B 964, Tribune office.

SALESMEN — EXPERT FOR INDIANA AND Illinois, to represent high-class enterprise for leading New York concern; experienced d'luxe subscription, advertising or insurance men accustomed to large incomes preferred; advantages unusual; prompt action imperative. EDWARD R. MARSH, 1308 Fisher Bldg.

SALESMEN — THREE GOOD, HUSTLING salesman for Indiana and Michigan; must be intelligent, well dressed, and able to mingle with best people; salary and commission; steady contract; worth $2,500 per year to right man; references required. Address F J 316, Tribune office.

SALESMEN — GOOD, HUSTLING, WELL-APpearing, intelligent men to handle Richard's Lectures; most satisfactory book proposition on market; liberal advances to men with good references. T. D. KENYON, 1508 Fisher Bldg.

SALESMEN—BY ESTABLISHED CHICAGO tea, cigar, and spice jobbing house, a few more first-class salesmen; state age, territory experience, average sales, salary or commission expected. Address C X 681, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—TAILORING SALESMEN IN EVery county in the U. S. to take orders for strictly high-grade tailoring; liberal arrangements to parties furnishing A1 references. World's Tailoring Co., 717 Medinah Temple, Chicago.

SALESMEN—TWO GOOD MEN, WORK IN VIcinity of 40th and Cottage Grove-av; experienced salesmen preferred. Address F J 506, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—BEST SIDE LINE FOR STATIONery, drug and art stores; mornings. R. 30 McVicker Building.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN—FOR CITY WORK among merchants and manufacturers; references required. Address V 601, Tribune office.

SOLICITORS—LIBERAL COMMISSION TO SOlicitors of large city acquaintance; attractive savings bond proposition. X 426, Tribune office.

TRAVELING MEN—WITH ESTABLISHED trade, to carry high grade side line; large demand. Big profits paid weekly. Ask for Mr. Wood. The Dominion Company, third floor, 334 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

TRAVELING SALESMAN—WHO IS EXPERIenced in selling specialties; state age; full particulars; good opening. B 953, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—FAMILIAR WITH HOUSE TO house soliciting, for special work on large daily newspaper; references required. Address F N 704, Tribune office.

Boys.

BOY — IN REAL ESTATE OFFICE; MUST have experience in driving horses and be at least 16 years old; give references and experience in full. Address B 421, Tribune office.

BOY—BRIGHT, CLEAN, ABOUT 15 OR 16 YRS. of age, to hold a horse while I am out. Call at 193-194 E. Washington-st., between 8 and 9:30 a. m.

BOY—15 TO 16, FOR DOWN-TOWN STORE; strong, active, reliable, good habits; $3.50 to $4.50 week; permanent; none other. B 929, Tribune office.

BOY — $4; STRONG AND BRIGHT; WILLING to work. Call 148 State-st., 4th floor.

BOY — ABOUT 17 TO LEARN DRUG BUSINESS. SUYDAM, 109 Oak Park-av., Oak Park.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—LENOX FLATS, 5-4 ROOMS, STEAM, $15-$18. 3533 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT — 4714 EVANS-AV.; 5 AND 6 ROOM flats; heat, hot water, janitor, etc.; $22.50, $30.

TO RENT—FLATS FURNISHED FOR HOUSEkeeping. 94 39th-st. HUTCHINS.

West Side.

TO RENT—FINE NEW 7 R. STEAM H. FLAT, $25. 1257 Fulton-st., 2 minutes' walk to the L. Open daily.

TO RENT—CALIFORNIA-AV. station; 4-r. modern steam heat flat, $15; 281 W. North-av. A. B. TERRILL, 3 Washington-st.

TO RENT—2D FLAT, 7 ROOMS. JANITOR; gas, hot water, gas range, high grade; on account of change of business of party holding lease flat will be made to good tenant. 1 Harrison-st., 852 W. Monroe-st.

TO RENT—CONGRESS BLDG., NEW, EXTRA high grade 3-room flats; nothing finer; look at them $22 to $30; corner Congress-st. and Western-av. N. ATCHISON, 90 Washington-st.

TO RENT—SEE THE NEW, MODERN, ATTRACTIVE flats and houses, select district opposite Garfield Park. H. HETTLESON, 1644 Monroe-av.

TO RENT—LIGHT 8-ROOM FLAT; STEAM, HOT water, janitor; 19 Ashland-blvd., 7-r. flat, furnace, porcelain bath. 1172 Washington.

North Side.

TO RENT—MODERN, LIGHT 6-ROOM FLATS, hot water heat and supply; near elevated station; $28 and $28. 176 Fremont-st.

TO RENT—NEW, MODERN 5, 6, AND 7 ROOM flats; every convenience; telephone, etc.; $30 to $42.50. 1739 Oakdale-av.

TO RENT—FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED FLAT; 7 rooms, bath and toilet room; walking distance. Address B 467, Tribune office.

TO RENT—8 AND 4 ROOM FLATS; MODERN; north west corner La Salle and Superior; janitor.

TO RENT—STEAM-HEATED FLAT, PALACE Apartments, $35. 1907 Deming-pl., near park.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES—ALL OVER the city. Call or send for printed list. H. O. STONE & CO., 208 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—FOR DRUG OR STATIONERY store, southwest corner 31st-st. and Cottage Grove-av. ESTATE F. C. PORTER, 3118 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—FINEST STORE ON DEARBORN-st., for saloon or restaurant. BAKER, 47 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—STORE, 163 EAST 43D-ST., STEAM heat, good location for harness shop.

West Side.

TO RENT — SEE 1031 W. LAKE-ST., NEAR Western-av.; 2 stories, $8 and $12; with barn $20.

North Side.

TO RENT — FINEST LOCATED STORE, 3 LIVing rooms, bathroom; elegant decoration; large show window; especially adapted for first-class millinery, dressmaking, tailor, etc. 152 N. Clark-st.; low rental. For terms apply photographic studio.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—STORE, 31X80, WITH LIGHT BASEment, adjoining best corner in city of 5,000; 60 miles s. w. Chicago. A. D. SMITH, Morris, Ill.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—PRIVATE OFFICE WITH DESK and telephone; very reasonable. Manhattan Bldg., 213 Dearborn-st., Room 1505.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE STEAM HEATED OFfice in Haymarket Theater Building. Elevator all 11 p. m. daily. See janitor.

TO RENT—DESKROOM; STEN. SERV.; PHONE. Dan's, desk, vault, all $10. 620 Ashland Block.

Floors and Lofts.

TO RENT—LOFTS IN NEW FACTORY building, 105-9 S. Jefferson-st.; everything first-class; passenger and freight elevators; steam heat, electric power; good light; building open for inspection. JOSEPH DOWNEY, owner, 123 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—FOR STORAGE PURPOSES, CENtrally located business property. 184 Clark-st.

TO RENT — BUILDINGS, STORES, AND floors in all parts of the city. Send for list. WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 104 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—COMPETE LIST OF BUILDINGS, stores, flats, etc., in the down-town district. S. LOUDENBACK & CO., 95 Dearborn.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

WE INVITE YOU TO CALL AND SEE US. OVER ONE HUNDRED NEW SPRING STYLES IN

COVERT TRAPS.
BASKET PHAETONS.
PONY CARTS.
STATION WAGONS.
CANOPY CABRIOLETS.
ROAD CARTS.
GOLF CARTS.
PONY BREAKS.
EXTENSION TOPS.
STANHOPE BUGGIES.
VICTORIAS.
ETC., ETC.

THEY ARE ALL HANDSOME DESIGNS, PERFECT WORKMANSHIP, AND SOLD ON MODERATE PRICES.

H. H. BRADLEY & CO.,
315, 317, 317 MICHIGAN-AV.

N. B.—Also a large stock of second-hand carriages in fine condition for sale cheap.

FOR SALE—ONLY ONE WISHING TO PURchase a handsome, highly bred family horse, 5 years old, 15¾ hands high, weight 1,050 pounds, perfectly sound, stylish, and showy; fearless, perfectly broke; any lady can drive or ride; almost entirely for family use and road driving; sense and gentling, and an inexperienced driver can handle him at once. Owner has a new horse; reason that wants him for their own use can have him for $100 or $150; would prefer to dispose of him to some one who will take him out of country. This horse will be guaranteed every way as represented. Also a very fine end-spring leather-top buggy and an under-cut surrey, both as new; both are hand made by the most reliable workmen and purchased new in January; also fine set of surrey and harness. This last article will be sold singly or as a whole; investigation desired. Can be seen at 31 de Koven-st., groom, private barn, rear 3231 Michigan-av.

FOR SALE—AS MY FAMILY INTENDS SPENDing the summer in Paris, I will offer for one-third or less the following articles to encourage an immediate sale. One fashionable trap, all of the finest surrey, seats four; one rubber-tired trap, seats two or four; one rubber-tired runabout; made to order; one new pair of high-stepping bay mares, young; four sets of surrey, trap, and light road harness; also a fine gentleman's road team; one a horse only, they have been driven by a lady in the city for the last two years, and will guarantee safe, sound, and reliable in every particular and allow a reasonable trial. Also a pair of fine bay surrey property is in first-class condition, having very little use; will sell together or separately at almost any reasonable offer. Apply or address at residence, 645 W. Adams-st. GEORGE BAKER, Groom.

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE, IN ORDER TO close an estate, list of 24-hand vehicles must have the room:

2-hand spider, in good order, Kimball make.
2-hand piano box buggies.
2-hand doctors' stanhopes of Columbus and well-known makes.
2-hand phaetons, one with rubber tires.
2-hand trap.
2-hand runabouts, canopy and extension.
2-hand top buggies.

Only a rare opportunity to secure a rig at little or half their value on cash payments.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
Wabash-av., N. W. Cor. Harrison-st.

LATEST STYLES FOR 1900—
Open and top buggies, "regular beauties." Latest and best designs.
Spring Wagons, surreys, top buggies.
Physicians carriages, very fine; very reasonable.
The Columbus Buggy Co.'s and H. H. Babcock's choicest line of all kind vehicles.
Everything warranted.
Visitors welcome.

CORNELL & CO.,
331, 333, 335 WABASH-AV.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BUILT VANDERBILT (also phaeton Studebaker) with V rubber tires, detachable rumble, trimmed with goat to match; the most superb job of this kind in the city; new; will sell cheap. Hall bearing runabout in good condition; one r. t. new 2-seated surrey; 1 set fine harness, nickel mounted harness, suitable for runabout. PHAETON JEWLER, 6035 Washington-blvd.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—LANDAUS, BROUGHams, victorias, stanhopes, Goddards, open and top buggies, surreys, runabouts, etc., new and second hand. 767 and 769 44th-st., near Cottage Grove-av.

FOR SALE—AT 4038 PRAIRIE, HIGH-CLASS 4-year driver, good day horse, fine action; also good fast moving bay; r. t. hand made top buggy.

FOR SALE—CHEAP: ONE NEW R. T. RUNabout; also 2 runabouts, r. t., used few times; also painting and repairing. G. B. SMITH.

FOR SALE—FINE PAIR OF CHESTNUT COACH horses; safe for family driving; sell at a bargain; can going away. 194 35th-st.

FOR SALE—AN EXTRA FINE RUNABOUT. Cost $300 to make, good as new. Apply 1201 Michigan-av.

FOR SALE—NEARLY NEW 5-GLASS LANDAU and victoria; also one carriage team and single driver. 4045 Michigan-av.

WAGONS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, AND HARness, repairing and painting. 3258 to 3248 State-st. C. J. HULL.

FOR EXCHANGE—2,580 ACRES OF LAND IN Illinois for horses. 1430 Unity Building.

FOR SALE—GOOD ICE WAGON; BARGAIN. easy at 2215 Princeton-av.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

RESPONSIBLE WHOLESALE JEWELRY house will sell DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY ON MONTHLY OR WEEKLY PAYMENTS. NO SECURITY REQUIRED; GOODS DELIVERED FIRST PAYMENT. GET CATALOGUE. LOFTIS BROS. 102 STATE-ST. OPEN SATURDAYS TILL 10 P. M.

$1 A WEEK—$1.00 A WEEK—FOR A 14-KT. gold case, warranted 25 years, with 7-jewel movement; have every modern improvement; is an exceptional watch for the money. Watch delivered on first payment. Strictly wholesale jewelers, 2d floor, 167 Dearborn-st.

"IF YOU A GOOD WATCH"
Have repair, only experts in our repairing department. When it leaves us a guarantee goes with it. JOHN WOOLLETT, 906, 108 State-st.

FULL VALUE FOR OLD GOLD. SILVER, diamonds. McVicker's Theater Building, 4th and Calumet-av. Take elevator, LOGUE.

CASH & COWLES, JEWELERS, 98 WASHINGton-st. Highest cash for diamonds, old gold, diamonds presents; responsible parties only.

CASH PAID FOR DIAMONDS, OLD GOLD, silver. BRADY & CO., Room 806, 87 Washington-st. or 67 E. Washington, 5th floor.

SEWING MACHINES.

SEWING MACHINES, $3 UP; ALL KINDS; rented; repairing. 4355a W. Van Buren-st.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—OPENING SALE—
S. E. GROSS' great Milwaukee-av. Addition.
Go and see this property; said by all who have seen it to be the most beautiful subdivision ever laid out on the Northwest Side.
400 choice city lots in the 35th Ward.
$300 each and upward. 25 monthly payments.
Small purchase of lots is a big profit. Subdivisions have always made large profits.
Sales and band concerts are held in the beautiful park upon the property.
FREE EXCURSIONS
Saturday, June 9, and Sunday, June 10, at 2 p. m. both days.
S. E. GROSS' special trains leave Chicago & Northwestern railway depot, Kinzie and Wells-sts., at 2 p. m. both days, stopping at Cybern station. Free tickets at depot gate.
How to reach the property by street cars: Take Milwaukee-av. cable and electric line direct to property, or transfer from Kinzie-av. Lincoln-av. cable, Clark-st. electric, Wells-st. cable, or Robey-st. cars to Irving Park-blvd. line, get off at Milwaukee and walk one block to sales pavilion.
How to reach property by Elevated road: Take Logan-square branch of Metropolitan Elevated to California-av. and take Electric car on Milwaukee-av. to property, or take Northwestern Elevated to Sheridan-drive and change to Irving Park-blvd. cars and get off at Milwaukee-av. and walk half block south to property.
Branch office on property open today and every day.
Call at main office any day and be taken to see the property.
S. E. GROSS, 6th Fl. Masonic Temple, Chicago.

FOR SALE—DOCKS, WAREHOUSE, MFG. sites, and steam derrick, at Chicago, or rent. WALLACE BROS., Detroit, Mich.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BY A WIDOW IN STRINGENT CIRcumstances, a two-story granite front, brick, two-flat building; modern; corner lot, 48x125 ft.; sewer, water; street improvements paid; Lake-av. and 45th-st.; price, $8,200; cost $7,800; mortgage, $2,500. JAMES I. CAULFIELD, 1108 Tel.-st., Calumet Building, Grand Crossing. Tel. Oak, 40.

FOR SALE—BOWEN-AV., NEAR ST. LAWrence; 2-story frame house on 25-foot lot; cost $6,000; will sell for $4,000.
McKEY & POAGUE, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—PRICE $17,000; ELEGANT 14-room residence, s. w. cor. Prairie-av. and 22d-st., 35-ft. lot; property cost over $30,000.
W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—A "BUNCH" OF LOTS IN VICINity of Jeffery-av. and 79th-st., on terms to suit purchaser; price of each $11 per ft. DUNLAP SMITH & CO., 170 Dearborn-st. [B.]

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FOR SALE—JUST SOLD PROPERTY, 5548 ARmour-av.; have for sale, cheap, house and lot, 6756 Langley-av. W. F. HUNTER, 2240 State-st.

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WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—$5,000 CASH TAKES MY EQUITY, equipments, and good will 56x125 3-story brick, incumbrance $12,000, income $1,200 month; requires about one hour per day of your attention; location near Wood and Madison-sts. B 100, Tribune.

FOR SALE—SACRIFICE—25 FT. LOT ON MONroe-st., near Western-av.; value $2,000; makes offer, none refused. JACH, WOOD & CO., 1013 W. Madison-st.

FOR SALE—9 ROOM DWELLING, N. E. COR. 54th-av. and Lexington-st., lot 66x130; title clear; immediate possession; $2,600. Address H 845, Tribune office.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—CHEAP: SHERIDAN PARK homes; the most beautiful suburb in all America; also house and lots in Ravenswood, Rummerdale, and Cuyler that have been foreclosed; some for loan. J. MONTGOMERY, S. E. Cor. Lawrence and N. Robey. Open evenings and Sundays.

FOR SALE—FOR GENUINE BARGAINS IN Ravenswood see my list of foreclosed houses, vacant and improved. J. MONTGOMERY, S. E. Cor. Lawrence and N. Robey. Open evenings and Sundays. Tel. W. 141.

FOR SALE — EDGEWATER HOMES, $4,500 TO $12,000; easy terms; rapid transit via Northwestern railway depot, Kinzie and Wells-sts., at 2 p. m. both days, stopping at Cybern station. Free tickets at depot gate.
How to reach the property by street cars: Take Milwaukee-av. cable and electric line direct to property, or transfer from Kinzie-av. Lincoln-av. cable, Clark-st. electric, Wells-st. cable, or Robey-st. cars to Irving Park-blvd. line, get off at Milwaukee and walk one block to sales pavilion.
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NORTHWEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—1203 W. MONROE-ST., BRAND new Roman pressed brick and stone trimmed 8-room house; oak finish throughout, slide; board, laundry, open plumbing; price $4,000; will take $400 cash and $35 monthly from responsible party; greatest bargain on West Side; cars on 12th st. or Metropolitan elevated or Madison-st. cable car to Sacramento-av.; can be seen any weekday or Sunday.

FOR SALE—400 E. RAVENSWOOD PARK-AV.; half block north of Belmont-av., opposite Gross Park station; 6-room house, solid mantel, porcelain lined bathtub, marble washbowl, etc.; price $2,500; will take $200 cash and $18 a month; the owner why day between 10 a. m. and 6 p. m.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—UNPROARIOUSLY BIG BARGAIN; Austin corner lot, 100x125, for $1,400; cost $2,500; sewer and water paid; owner going to Germany; must sell; terms easy; great opportunity. OSCAR E. TAYLOR, 115 Dearborn-st. Room 1.

FOR SALE—HOMES AT PALOS PARK—1-ACRE lots on wooded hills, plateaus, $300; $10 cash, bal. monthly; fare 18c. Monson & Co., 144 La Salle.

FOR SALE—MODERN RESIDENCE IN KENILworth; corner lot; 10 rooms; stable; hardwood finish; hot water heating; $22,500. S., 814 Tacoma Bldg.

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331, 333, 335 WABASH-AV.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BUILT VANDERBILT (also phaeton Studebaker) with V rubber tires, detachable rumble, trimmed with goat to match; the most superb job of this kind in the city; new; will sell cheap. Hall bearing runabout in good condition; one r. t. new 2-seated surrey; 1 set fine harness, nickel mounted harness, suitable for runabout. PHAETON JEWLER, 6035 Washington-blvd.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—LANDAUS, BROUGHams, victorias, stanhopes, Goddards, open and top buggies, surreys, runabouts, etc., new and second hand. 767 and 769 44th-st., near Cottage Grove-av.

FOR SALE—AT 4038 PRAIRIE, HIGH-CLASS 4-year driver, good day horse, fine action; also good fast moving bay; r. t. hand made top buggy.

FOR SALE—CHEAP: ONE NEW R. T. RUNabout; also 2 runabouts, r. t., used few times; also painting and repairing. G. B. SMITH.

FOR SALE—FINE PAIR OF CHESTNUT COACH horses; safe for family driving; sell at a bargain; can going away. 194 35th-st.

FOR SALE—AN EXTRA FINE RUNABOUT. Cost $300 to make, good as new. Apply 1201 Michigan-av.

FOR SALE—NEARLY NEW 5-GLASS LANDAU and victoria; also one carriage team and single driver. 4045 Michigan-av.

WAGONS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, AND HARness, repairing and painting. 3258 to 3248 State-st. C. J. HULL.

FOR EXCHANGE—2,580 ACRES OF LAND IN Illinois for horses. 1430 Unity Building.

FOR SALE—GOOD ICE WAGON; BARGAIN. easy at 2215 Princeton-av.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

RESPONSIBLE WHOLESALE JEWELRY house will sell DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY ON MONTHLY OR WEEKLY PAYMENTS. NO SECURITY REQUIRED; GOODS DELIVERED FIRST PAYMENT. GET CATALOGUE. LOFTIS BROS. 102 STATE-ST. OPEN SATURDAYS TILL 10 P. M.

$1 A WEEK—$1.00 A WEEK—FOR A 14-KT. gold case, warranted 25 years, with 7-jewel movement; have every modern improvement; is an exceptional watch for the money. Watch delivered on first payment. Strictly wholesale jewelers, 2d floor, 167 Dearborn-st.

"IF YOU A GOOD WATCH"
Have repair, only experts in our repairing department. When it leaves us a guarantee goes with it. JOHN WOOLLETT, 906, 108 State-st.

FULL VALUE FOR OLD GOLD. SILVER, diamonds. McVicker's Theater Building, 4th and Calumet-av. Take elevator, LOGUE.

CASH & COWLES, JEWELERS, 98 WASHINGton-st. Highest cash for diamonds, old gold, diamonds presents; responsible parties only.

CASH PAID FOR DIAMONDS, OLD GOLD, silver. BRADY & CO., Room 806, 87 Washington-st. or 67 E. Washington, 5th floor.

SEWING MACHINES.

SEWING MACHINES, $3 UP; ALL KINDS; rented; repairing. 4355a W. Van Buren-st.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—MODERN APARTMENT BLDG. ON North Side, having an equity of $25,000 to $30,000; have some choice clear on a boulevard to trade for same; can borrow on my property $20,000. Address B 613, Tribune office.

WANTED—VACANT BARGAINS NEAR N. W. "L"; money on hand for investment. Call or ring us up. 3121 Main. O. F. BUTTERLY & CO., 1st floor, Ashland-blk.

WANTED—CLEAR VACANT OR FARM LANDS for $50,000 equity in large apartment building on South Side boulevard; well rented.
WARE & CO., 140 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—CLEAR VACANT OR IMPROVED for $12,000, equity in fine 6-flat; rents $2,000; mortgage $12,000, 5 per cent; rents $2,500. C. H. LUDINGTON, 108 Dearborn-st.

WANTED — BRICK RESIDENCE NEAR GARfield Park for clear vacant property.
HARRER & DELFOSSE, 86 Washington-st.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

FOR TRADE—AN ELEGANT 10-FLAT BLDG. near Oakland station C. road; electric elevator and modern in every respect; rents $1,680 per year; for equity want something on which $20,000 can be borrowed.
Phone Oak. 501. L. M. SMITH & BRO., 3947 Cottage Grove-av.

EXCHANGE—BEAUTIFUL PLACE AT RIVerside, large lawn (200 ft.), fine elm trees; 12-room house in perfect order; charming home summer and winter; 22 minutes from city; price $20,000; will take che-ha-ir in other property.
WARE & CO., 140 Dearborn-st.

TO EXCHANGE—AT A BARGAIN—FLAT bldg. valued at $18,000; mtge. $9,500; rent $1,536 without heat; equity for clear income worth $3,500.
J. LANGHENRY, 155 La Salle-st.

$4,000 EQUITY IN BEAUTIFUL STONE COTTAGE, Milwaukee; exchange for Chicago or New York equities. JAMES D. McINTOSH, 141 Broadway, New York; Wisconsin Trust Co., Milwaukee.

NEW, ELEGANT RESIDENCE IN RAVENSwood; will accept part exchange. B 827, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO PROPERTY at 5 and 5½ per cent, without commissions, attorney's fees, or charges for papers.
SPECIAL FUND to loan in any amount with privilege of prepaying all or any part of principal at any time and stopping interest.
Payments are NOT REQUIRED, but ARE PERMITTED.
WATSON & COMPANY, 108 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBurban real estate, repairable in monthly payments.
Amount of payment made to suit borrower; every payment reduces the amount of interest, and payments can be made in advance, interest ceasing on day of payment.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

4 PER CENT MONEY—
On choice real estate,
With privilege of prepayment.
Prompt inspection.
J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO.,
95 Dearborn-st., Main Floor.

REAL ESTATE LOANS, WITH SPECIAL prepayment privilege, 5 to 6 per cent WITHOUT COMMISSION.
Immediate inspection.
WM. H. HEINEMANN & CO.,
Bank floor, 92 La Salle-st.

BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS ON IMPROVED AND VACANT PROPERTY.
BUILDING LOANS.
PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO.,
164 DEARBORN-ST.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY
from 4 to 6 PER CENT,
according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIcago real estate at current rates; no delay.
GOLD MORTGAGE BONDS FOR SALE.
CANNELL & McCLURE, 107 Dearborn-st.
Lake View office, 1803 Clark-st., near Roscoe.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fees; privilege to pay part or all before maturity and stop interest thereon. ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
Wabash-av., N. W. Cor. Harrison-st.

LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 119 DEARBORN-ST., have funds to loan at current rates, in sums to suit; we pass on security.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

TO LOAN—$500 TO $8,000.
This loan made in twenty-four hours.
J. ELLIOTT JENNINGS & CO.,
160 Washington-st.

TO LOAN—
In a large amount of Chicago money and private funds; large or small sums, lowest rates.
MAIDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE, funds on hand. McLANE & GUNN, 100 Washington-st.

LOAN $500 AND UPWARDS AT 5 TO 6 per cent; NO DELAY; SEE US.
W. ZANDER & CO., 185 LA SALLE-ST.

IN STATE BANK—
Cor. Co. La Salle and Washington-sts. made on Chicago real estate.

M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., on Chicago improved real estate; lowest rates; no delay; we pass upon security.

TO LOANS $500, $800, $1,000, $1,100, $1,200, $1,500; good security; lowest rates.
HERER & DELFOSSE, 86 Washington-st.

TO LOAN — ON ACRES, LOTS, AND property in any amount.
J. C. WEAD & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

TO LOAN ON VACANT OR IMPROVED CITY BUILDING LOANS HAD.
ALLAN & VARTY, 145 LA SALLE-ST.

CUMMINGS & CO., S. W. CORNER DEARborn & Washington-sts. Loans at lowest rates on real estate.

LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN Chicago at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., 205 La Salle-st., Chicago.

TO LOAN, SUMS OF $200 AND UPwards on improved and choice vacant property.
WM. HOWARD & CO., 160 Washington.

TO LOAN ON CITY OR SUBURBAN property, in sums to suit, at lowest rates.
O. H. GIBBS & CO., 115 La Salle-st.

BEST RATES 4½ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT real estate loans; building loans made.
KOMMEL & YONDORF, bankers, 73 Dearborn.

TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—PAYcurrency.
DUNLAP SMITH & CO., 170 Dearborn-st.

FRANK, 128 AND 130 WASHINGTON-st., on Chicago real estate and building loans at lowest market rates. No delay.

TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at current rates. WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 1 Lasalle-st.

LOANED AT LOWEST RATES; BUILDing loans.
ROY A. KNOTT & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

LOANS AT 5% AND UPWARD ON VACANT AND IMPROVED CITY REAL ESTATE.
MADDEN, SIDMANN & McCORT, 84 and 126 Washington-st. Commerce.

LOANS—5 AND 6 PER CENT; ANY SUM ON improved or vacant; building loans; quick action.
EDWIN WYNN & CO., 132 La Salle-st.

TO LOAN—BY E. GOODRIDGE & CO., Washington-st., if you to see us before negotiating elsewhere.

TO LOAN ON CHICAGO VACANT OR improved real estate, at 6 per cent; will divide. Address B 847, Tribune office.

R. ORNE & HART & CO., 115 DEARBORN-ST., to loan on Chicago real estate at lowest current rates; prompt action.

FINANCIAL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. TEL. HARRISON 597.

LOUIS WEBER & CO.,
BANKERS,
113-115 E. HARRISON-ST.

—MONEY ON YOUR NOTE—

WE MAKE LOANS TO
Holding a steady salaried position on personal note, without indorser, signer, or collateral security. Also to parties holding other loan concerns. We claim to be the fairest and most legitimate concern in this line of business.

IF YOU ARE A SALARIED EMPLOYE HOLDing a permanent position we will loan you $25 to $300 upward on your

DISCUSS TRADE IN EAST AND WEST

Commercial Clubs End Reunion in Boston with Banquet and Speeches.

CHICAGO MEN SPEAKERS.

Western City Offers to Substitute Hospitality for What It Lacks in History.

BOAT TRIP DOWN COAST.

Boston, Mass., June 7.—[Special.]—With a banquet at the Algonquin club the Boston Commercial club this evening concluded the three days' celebration of its thirty-first anniversary. It had as its guests delegations from the Commercial clubs of Chicago, St. Louis, and Cincinnati, who have been entertained by the Boston club during the three days. The dinner was served at 7:30 and the speaking began at 10 o'clock. Charles F. Choate, President of the Boston Commercial club, presided and opened by saying that the Boston Commercial club felt itself highly honored in having as its guests its old and tried friends of the Chicago, St. Louis, and Cincinnati Commercial clubs, whose relations had always been of the most pleasant nature.

President Choate said that the Boston Commercial club was under lasting obligations to the Chicago club for furnishing to the country the present Secretary of the Treasury, the Hon. Lyman J. Gage.

"We regret his unavoidable absence tonight, but desire to certify to his splendid financial skill." He said the commercial business of the country the last three years had been unprecedentedly prosperous and declared Mr. Gage was in large measure responsible for the sound basis on which the currency of the country now rests, and that on the currency rests the prosperity of the country.

Address of W. J. Chalmers.

William J. Chalmers, President of the Chicago Commercial club, was the next speaker.

He said: "One of the members of the Boston club told me this afternoon that the Boston Commercial club is the ace of clubs, and I suppose, that being so, the Chicago club is little casino. The Boston Commercial club's first visit to Chicago was the inspiration for the formation of the Chicago Commercial club, and your organization has been in some degree regarded as the parent organization.

"There seems to be a great deal in it, for since our club has organized we have found that most of our members were born in Boston or near Boston, and it was easy for them to get together and form a Chicago Commercial club of Boston men. Nearly all of the members of our club who are here in Boston on this visit claim to have been born in this city or near it, but I don't know about that. One of them has pointed out to me five different places where he was born, and he may not be through yet.

"You have among your members of the Boston club quite a number of the charter members of the Chicago club. We change our President once a year and elect a new one, for a year of one is all the club can stand, but we have a Treasurer we can't get rid of.

Invites Them to Chicago.

"We hope soon to have you all together soon as our guests in our Western city. I am glad to see here so many of the older members of all four of our clubs. This afternoon our secretary, in speaking of an appropriate gift for the Boston club, said he thought we ought to send it a copy of a pamphlet famous in Chicago under the title of 'What Shall We Do with the Juvenile Offenders.'

"Our only regret is that we have no Lexington, nor Concord, and no home of Longfellow or Emerson to show, nor any of the historic places such as you have shown us, but we will give you a welcome from the heart when you come to us.

Tributes to Lyman J. Gage.

"The President of the Boston club has voiced his regret at the inability of Secretary Gage to be here this evening, and we of the Chicago club also regret it exceedingly. I take it as being a fit time to remind you there is another man who has done a great amount of work in putting our money on a sound basis, and he is Mr. Hanna of Indianapolis. We want here to express our heartiest thanks to the Boston Commercial club for it unbounded hospitality, to Messrs. Tower and Bowker personally for their entertainment, and to the managers of the Essex County club.

"Tell them for us, please, that we think it the finest club in the world. In closing I want to offer the health of the Commercial club of Boston."

Herman Goepper, President of the Cincinnati club, and Robert Moore, President of the St. Louis club, responded for their clubs in a similar strain.

George E. Adams, who made the principal address for the Chicago club, was the next speaker. He had as his subject, "The East and the West, What They Have Done for Each Other and for the Nation."

Speech by George E. Adams.

Mr. Adams spoke in part as follows:

On social occasions like this I feel the difficulty of speaking on a large subject in a few words. Of course, we all understand that East and West are relative terms. I cannot express too strongly my sense of the great benefits which the East has conferred upon that great central region which we still by force of habit call the Northwest.

I speak mainly of the political institutions you have given us, and especially that most venerable of all American institutions, the system of local government by towns, which, more than any other one thing has made possible all that this great nation has been and is and is to be.

I do not come to Boston to praise the New England town-meeting system. I wish simply to say that it is, on the whole, the greatest gift of New England to the West and to the nation.

After reviewing the history of the growth of the West, Mr. Adams said:

The lesson which New England has thus taught to the nation the nation must teach to those whose political destiny the treaty of Paris has placed in our hands. If we succeed—and I believe we shall succeed in Porto Rico, Cuba, and the Philippines—we shall succeed in this way. If we can first teach the people there to govern themselves well in their villages and towns, the rest of our hard and, perhaps, thankless task will be comparatively easy.

I cannot do justice to the subject assigned to me without speaking of one benefit at least which the West has conferred upon the East and upon the nation.

You know that Illinois lies in the Western part of what was called the Northwest Territory. The ordinance of 1787 had provided that Congress might divide the Territory into three States touching on the Ohio River, and two more States north of an east and west line drawn through the southerly bend or extreme of Lake Michigan.

In 1818 the bill for the admission of the State of Illinois was presented in Congress. It fixed the northern boundary of the new State at the east and west line referred to. If it had become a law in this form Chicago would be in Wisconsin, and the State of Illinois would have no port on the northern lakes.

The Territorial Delegate at this time was Nathaniel Pope.

"Illinois," he said, "has been mainly settled from the South. It is bound to the South by the Ohio and the Mississippi Rivers. If anything happens tending to separate the North from the South Illinois would go with the South and the union would be dissolved."

His amendment moving the line fifty miles north was at once adopted.

The consequences have been momentous. First, the Illinois and Michigan Canal, connecting the great lakes and the Mississippi River was built by the State of Illinois, with the aid of a government land grant. Before the days of railroads it was an important bond of union between North and South.

Later, the Illinois Central railroad was incorporated by the State. Immigration from the North poured into Illinois by way of the lakes. The heavy Republican vote of the fourteen northern counties, added to the State by Judge Pope's amendment, made the State Republican in 1856.

Closing Speeches by Others.

William Worthington of Cincinnati spoke on "Popular Errors," and was followed by James A. Waterworth of St. Louis on "Some Thoughts Suggested by the Meeting in Boston."

The last speaker was Lucius Tuttle, President of the Boston and Maine railroad, for Boston, in place of Secretary John D. Long, who was unable to attend the banquet.

How the Day Was Spent.

The members of the Commercial clubs of Chicago, St. Louis, and Cincinnati today on the steamer Myles Standish started on their cruise down the north coast. Going down the harbor the dock and channel lines were explained to the visitors, as were the city prisons and other municipal institutions on the islands in the harbor. The steamer made a big sweep in shore towards Winthrop and the Revere Beach reservation. Boston's most popular and democratic breathing spot, and then went well in towards Nahant. The steamer reached Gloucester at 12:30. Fifteen coaches were waiting at the pier in Gloucester for a drive about old Gloucester for half an hour, and then set out for Manchester and Beverly. At the Essex Country club the visitors had luncheon. After luncheon a party of Chicago men visited the country place of William B. Walker of Chicago at Highwood. The return to Boston was made by train, arriving in Boston at 6 o'clock.

From the clubhouse, after the banquet, the Chicago men were driven to North Union Station, where their special train was in waiting, and shortly after midnight it pulled out for Bethlehem, in the White Mountains, where most of the day is to be spent as the guests of John J. Glessner of Chicago.

ANXIOUS OVER BOER CORPS.

Colonel Finerty Sends a Cablegram to Pretoria Asking Tidings of Red Cross Men.

Efforts are being made by Chicagoans interested in the welfare of the members of the ambulance corps that left Chicago to serve in south Africa to locate the corps. Yesterday afternoon Colonel John F. Finerty, one of the men who helped form the corps, dispatched a cablegram to Pretoria asking for information in regard to the whereabouts of the Chicago Irishmen.

There have been all sorts of disquieting rumors in regard to the corps. One is that several members of the corps have been killed or wounded. While this rumor has not been confirmed, the relatives of the Red Cross men are exceedingly anxious about them, and to answer the frequent appeals for information Colonel Finerty dispatched the cablegram. He expects to receive an answer within a short time.

Colonel Finerty says arrangements were made before the members of the corps started for south Africa that in case any of the members were injured or killed that their friends would be immediately notified. No news has been received from the corps for some time. It is believed it is with the Boer army in the vicinity of Pretoria.

NEWSBOY SUMMONED TO COURT

Judge Chetlain Cites Fred Davis on Charge of Trading in Transfer Slips.

On Monday morning the efficacy of the injunction of a court of chancery, where policemen and street car conductors have failed to stop deals in street car transfer slips, will be tested before Judge Chetlain. Yesterday afternoon the Chicago City railway company filed with Judge Chetlain the affidavit of Edward L. Cavanaugh stating that Fred Davis, one of the enjoined newsboys, on the evening of June 4 had solicited transfer slips from street car passengers at Cottage Grove avenue and Thirty-ninth street and later sold one of the transfers. Judge Chetlain ordered Davis to appear in court. The boy is 17 years old and is regarded as a leader among the newsboys.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

CHICAGO—Considerable grain was taken by the lines at two cents on corn to Lake Erie, and late in the evening a cargo was placed for a full cargo at the same price. The supply of tonnage for the rest of the week is meager.

CLEVELAND, O.—Cleveland vessel owners were notified today by their Buffalo brokers that shippers at that port have abandoned the attempt to reduce coal rates, and are willing to pay the old figures. A couple of small tows that usually carry lumber were placed for blocks of ore today from the head of Lake Erie, but the rates were not made known. Shipments of coal from all ports up to June 1 were 3,265,888 tons, against 2,125,647 tons for the same period in 1899, a gain of 1,140,827 tons, or 53 per cent.

Vessel Movements.

MANITOWOC, Wis.—Departed—F. & P. M. No. 5, grain, Buffalo.

HURON, O.—Arrived—Olympia. Cleared—Coal—Davidson, Milwaukee.

LORAIN, O.—Arrived—Martha, Maia. Cleared—Light—Yuma, Duluth.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Oscoda, Filer, Corning, City Cleveland, Sandusky.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Arrived—Fitzgerald, Duncan. Cleared—Glover, Buffalo.

FAIRPORT, O.—Cleared—Coal—Majestic, Milwaukee; V. Ketchum, Marquette.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Up—Pueblo, Haskell. Down—Bannockburn and consorts, Prince, Averell, Decumseh and consorts.

CONNEAUT, O.—Arrived—Ravenscraig, Paisley, Castalia. Cleared—Light—Fulton, Linn, Amazon, Carrington, Duluth.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Malietos, Venezuela, Denver. Cleared—Light—Choctaw; Rhodes, Duluth. Coal—New Orleans, Sheboygan.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Centurion, Folsom, Devereux, Fourteen, Mary Mitchell, Tasmania. Cleared—Light—Waud, Menominee.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Arrived—Presque Isle. Cleared—Waverly, Ashtabula; Wawatam, Conneaut; Angeline, Fairport; Pontiac, Erie.

SOUTH CHICAGO—Arrived—Lansing. Cleared—Lincoln, Niko, Peterson, Blaine, Lewiston, Buffalo; S. O. 88, Superior; Pasadena, Duluth; Schlesinger, Escanaba; Vulcan, Milwaukee.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Arrived—S. H. Foster. Cleared—Cadillac, Crescent City, Westcott, Volunteer, Pathfinder, Sagamore, Lake Erie ports; Mercur, South Chicago; Pickands, Elk Rapids.

STURGEON BAY, Wis.—Down—Hilton, 9 a. m.; Chipman, 9:30; Industry, Wells, 11:30. Up—Hinton, Chicago, 9:30 Wednesday night; Ames and consorts, 8 a. m.; Cora Howard, 10:30; Butters, 6 p. m.; Otis, 7.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—Cherokee, Chippewa, Waldo, Minch, Bulgaria, Woolson, Algeria. Cleared—Coal—Montegle, Escanaba; Argonaut, Milwaukee. Light—Hanna, Senator, Duluth; Pioneer, Chattanooga, Marquette.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Lamb, Oliver Mitchell, Packer, Buell, Elwood, Rome. Cleared—Coal—Concord, Johnson, Toledo; J. S. Ketcham, Gilroy. Light—Ayrshire, Bright, Duluth; Pabst, Shores, Cahoon, Winslow, Armenia, Brainard, Chicago.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Iron King, Iron Queen, Bielman. Cleared—Coal—Ewen, Pennington, Eddy, Santiago, Duluth; McBrier, Fort Huron; Venice, Ashland; Aberdeen, Milwaukee; Shearwater, Kelley's Island; Paris, Duluth; Hundred and One, Sandusky; Macy, Wilson, Marquette.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR—Arrived—Scranton, Mohegan, Glasgow, Iosis, Fisk, Northern Light, Shenandoah, Matanzas, Bangor, Osceola, Roumania, Barium. Departed—Northern King, Buffalo, flour; John Owen, Siemens, Roebling, Lake Erie, ore; Kearsarge, Parry Sound, flour; Argo and consorts, Hopkins, Lake Erie, lumber.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—Tuscarora, 3:30 a. m.; Crescent City, 7:40; Pewaukee, 9:30; Pridgeon, 7; Trevor, 9:10; Canisteo and consorts, 1 p. m.; James, 2:20; Peck, 1:20; Manchester, 5; St. Paul, 6; Spencer and consorts, 6:10; Andiatoc, 6:50; Starke, 9; Veronica, Cambria, 9:20. Down—Hampton, 2 a. m.; Sandusky, 4:10; McVittie, 5:30; Marquette, 9; Helena, 12:10 p. m.; Grecian, 2:10; Syracuse, Gordon Campbell, 3:30; Susquehanna, 5:40; Parks Foster, 6; Vail and consort, 6:50. Calm, clear.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Selwyn Eddy, 11 last night; Codorus, 12:30 a. m.; Pontiac, 7; Lockwood, 7:20; Maryland, Oliver, noon; Presque Isle, 12:40 p. m.; Admiral, Empire City, 1; Auburn, 1:30; Mahoning, 4; Houghton, Fritz, Two Parkers, 5; La Salle, 5:30; Iosco, Jeannette, 6; Continental, Holland, 7; Uganda, 7:40; Siberia, Specular, Magnetic, Majestic, Marina, Mitchell, Chickamauga, 8. Down—Zenith City, 11:20 last night; J. Smith, Connell, Bros., Pendigo, 6; Whitaker, 7; Foster, 7:30; Williams, 8; Kalkaska, Fryer, Oak Leaf, 8:30; Gilbert, Ericsson, Nasmyth, 10; Livingstone, 10:40; Normandie, 11; United Empire, noon; Cuba, 3; Mariposa, Manila, Penobscot, 4:30; Kirby, Hartnell, Queen City, 9:20.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Saratoga, Sauber, 9:30 last night; Ida E. Toltec and consort, Schuylkill, 11; Matoa and consort, Nelson Mills and barges, 11:15; Curry, 11:30; Holden, 2 a. m.; Arabia, Hennepin, 1:20; John Eddy, Genoa, 4; Portage, 4:30; Hesper, 5:15; Coralia, Spokane, Pope, 6; Italian, Amaranth, 8:40; Corona, 9; Armenia, 8; North Wind, 8:20; Topeka, 8:30; Flint, 9; German, 9:15; Inter Ocean, 9:30; Corsica, 10; Joliet, 10:50; George Gould, 11:10; Rosemount and consorts, 11:30; Clarion, noon; Britannic, Houghton, 12:30 p. m.; Farwell, 12:50; Maritana, Malda, Griffith, 1; Venice, 2:30; Jewett, 2:50; Swallow and barges, 3:30; Nyanza, Madden and barges, 3:40; America, 5:10; New Orleans, 5:50; Paris, 7:10; Saxon, Ironton, 8. Down—Badger State, 9:30 last night; Seneca, 11:50; Hudson, midnight; Strong, Commodore, 12:15 a. m.; W. P. Ketcham, 12:30; Alaska, 2; Hoyt and consorts, 2:30; Caledonia, Polynesia, 5:30; Baltimore, 9:50; Fayette Brown, Hayward, 10:30; Republic, 10:40; Stevens, 11:10; Hurlbut, Clint, noon; Strickland and barges, 12:30 p. m.; Chemung, 1:30; Roman, 2; J. R. Ketcham, Rugee, 2:10; Huron, 3:20; Monohanaett, Three Brothers, 3:30; Ward, 4:10; Wade, London, 5:50; Merida, Tampa, 6:40; Thew and barges, 6:50; Amazonas, 8.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Lumber, etc.—W. J. Carter, Manistee; M. Wilson, F. Hinton, Menominee; H. Rand, Boyne City; Ellen Williams, Cheneaux Islands; Sauk, Manistique; Wayne, Ashland; Seguin, Algoma Mills. Merchandise—Tioga, Conemaugh, Buffalo. Coal—Columbia, Buffalo. Salt—M. Marshall, Manistee. Light—Sevona, South Chicago.

Cleared—Merchandise—Chicago, Starrucca, F. P. Wilbur, Buffalo; A. Orr, Depot Harbor. Light—G. Bubbles, Garth; Columbia, Buffalo; Butcher Boy, Drummond's Island; I. W. Stephenson, Marinette; M. Marshall, Manistee; E. Williams, Pine River; E. C. Wente, Mackinaw; A. Super, Menominee; Wayne, Duluth.

WOMEN AVOID THE COLOR LINE.

Federated Clubs at Milwaukee Leave Problem to Be Settled by New Officers.

WILL NOT CHANGE LAWS.

Mrs. Lowe Now Has a Clear Road to Re-election for National Presidency.

SOCIAL EVENTS ARE MANY.

NOMINATIONS.

For President—Mrs. Rebecca Douglas Lowe, Atlanta.
For Vice President—Mrs. Charles Denison, New York.
For President of Sorosis.
For Treasurer—Mrs. Van Vechten, Iowa.
For Auditor—Mrs. George H. Noyes, Milwaukee.
For Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. George W. Kendrick, Philadelphia.
For Recording Secretary—Mrs. Emma A. Fox.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Milwaukee, Wis., June 7.—[Special.]—All the statecraft that the leaders of the General Federation of Woman's Clubs could command was needed today. The National board was forced to reconsider its position on the admission of colored clubs. Mrs. Lowe and the general officers gave up twenty-six receptions and at homes this afternoon to hold a secret session and try to solve the trouble without compromising themselves fatally with one or another faction. When they brought the matter up again they didn't know what to do with it, and they returned it to the table. Action was final, and responsibility for the admission of colored women to the federation will be shouldered up on the officers to be elected tomorrow.

Restores Peace for a Time.

The action satisfied the New England and Western delegations and placated the Southern delegations, which have been threatening secession.

The question will go back to the individual clubs for discussion and will be an issue at the next biennial.

Mrs. Lowe's election tomorrow is assured. The Illinois delegates got together in the afternoon, it was said, to censure the policy of the national officers. Wise women among them so stated the President's cause that the delegates who came to condemn left having pledged themselves to support.

Tactful Work of Mrs. Lowe.

Tact and force were needed to handle the convention in the morning, when the clubwomen decided that they would not change their form of government.

The four hours' debate of yesterday was continued until it was shut off summarily and a vote demanded. Mrs. Tod Helmuth of New York started it. She demanded a privilege, which Mrs. Lowe would not grant. There was a riot, and Mrs. Lowe came out victorious. Then roll call by States was demanded for the vote.

Mrs. Lowe pounded with the gavel until the sound was lost in the noise of the convention. Then Mrs. Lowe stepped to the front and made the clubwomen a speech.

"Ladies," she said, "this is not the way to end a convention. If you want me to continue to preside over this gathering you must not compel me to waste any vital force in keeping a lot of children in order. You must appreciate the importance of your behavior at this time and help the chairman maintain the dignity of the federation. If you don't, we might as well quit and let the men say that we do not know what we are doing."

The plain talk of the chairman restored quiet and the vote proceeded.

When the vote was announced reconstruction had been defeated—481 to 286.

Mrs. Brown Rules Meeting.

When this point had been settled Mrs. Lowe gave up the chair and Mrs. Corinne Brown of Chicago, chairman of the Industrial committee, took it for the session department. Mrs. Brown attempted to hold the reins tighter over the delegates.

"No delegate shall leave the hall during the discussion," she stated. "If the ushers cannot prevent it there are policemen at the doors."

After the discussion had opened a woman attempted to leave. "A delegate is leaving," shouted Mrs. Brown, interrupting the speaker. "Will she please come back?" Mrs. Brown returned to her seat.

Mrs. Brown reduced the delegates to lamblike docility before the industrial discussion was over.

In the discussion Mrs. John K. Ottley of Atlanta said that missionary work could be done among the colored women by any one who would undertake to train them to domestic service.

Mrs. Thaddeus Stanwood of Evanston spoke on the need of uniform legislation for the protection of women and children.

Many Attend Receptions.

The clubwomen divided themselves into three sections this afternoon. Some took the nicest gowns they had in their five and one-quarter trunks, which computation has given to each delegate, and went to twenty-six receptions on Prospect avenue. Some went to the Davidson Theater, where there was a discussion on domestic science and the servant problem, and the third section went to the Alhambra, where the ethics of work was being considered.

The "only man on the program" spoke this evening at Pabst's Theater. Dr. George Kriehn of Chicago, one of the leaders of the anti-billboard movement, gave a stereopticon talk upon the defacement of cities and the ways to make them beautiful.

It was the "man's night" on the biennial program. The fingers were men, and women had nothing to do but form the audience.

Caucus in Nightrobes.

The New York delegation has startled other clubwomen with midnight caucuses. At 12 o'clock last night some New York leader recalled that an important piece of business had been passed over in the busy day. The clubwomen had gone into retirement, but they came out at the call, and the meeting was held in nightrobes. It has developed that the federation just escaped a contention over equal suffrage.

Mrs. Robert Hall Wilks of Chicago, representing the Illinois federation at the convention, has been asked to permit her name to be used as candidate for National Treasurer. Mrs. Wilks declined.

WOMEN FIGHT OVER A CHILD.

Mrs. Hoyer, Arrested, Says Mrs. Peterson Took Her Son Fishing Against Her Wishes.

Mrs. E. Hoyer and Mrs. Mary Peterson of Maple avenue, Evanston, fought at the residence of the latter yesterday afternoon over the possession of the 4-year-old son of Mrs. Hoyer. Mrs. Hoyer was arrested, and the case will come up before Justice Levere. According to Mrs. Hoyer, Mrs. Peterson has shown a fondness for Bert Hoyer, and the child has been at the Peterson residence more than at home. The clash came by Mrs. Peterson taking the child out fishing after Mrs. Hoyer had objected.

ADOLPH RUTH CASE DISMISSED.

Board of Trade Directors Hear Testimony in the McLain Affair.

The Board of Trade directors dismissed the case against Adolph Ruth yesterday. The dismissal was made without prejudice on motion of J. H. Milne. The board examined three witnesses in hearing the other McLain cases. The directors were obliged to promise Judge Kohlsaat, in order to retain books, that no evidence brought out would be used in subsequent trials

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

Opposes the Track Ordinance.

Chicago, June 7.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I am much disappointed at the attitude taken by "The Chicago Tribune" in regard to the track ordinance, which was defeated in the Council last Monday night. I have been a reader of "The Tribune" for the last thirty years, and believed that it used its best endeavors to faithfully represent the interests of the people, but in this case the writer of the articles has either been misinformed or has not given the matter sufficient attention, so that the other side is fairly represented.

The people of the Twelfth Ward do not believe that the defeat of the said ordinance was brought about by the use of money, and they do firmly believe that the Aldermen who are using every effort to present the property of the taxpayers to the Pennsylvania railroad must be influenced by something besides their desire to benefit the whole people. The great cry seems to be "Give, give, give, to the Pennsylvania railroad company for the purpose of inducing them to carry out the plan of track elevation" (which is already a law), when they are already sufficiently benefited by track elevation, without giving them any more power to destroy the property of Twelfth Ward citizens.

A railroad man, who is apparently well posted, gave the writer some figures in regard to track elevation, which plainly showed that the saving to the railroad company in five years would cover all of the expense of elevating. As this would be on the basis of earnings of 26 per cent, the average person, who is not accustomed to such returns, would naturally suppose that it was not necessary for the city to offer any further inducement.

One of the favorite arguments of those who support the ordinance is that the property in the neighborhood of Rockwell street is of no value and that the street is not used to any extent. It is a fact that the street is in bad shape, but nevertheless it is used, and would be to a greater extent if the sidewalks were safe. The parties to blame for this are the Pennsylvania railroad company and the city officials, and if the property is not valuable said values have been destroyed by the acts of said parties. The people who own their little homes in the neighborhood of Rockwell street have been sufficiently damaged by the acts of the railroad company and the city officials, who have assisted them in the past, and they are tired of this continual attack upon their interests. Many of them purchased the property where they have built their homes when there were two tracks on the west side of Rockwell street, which were not used to any great extent. There are now a number of them, and it is stated, by those who claim to know, that in addition to the city grants the Pennsylvania railroad company have stolen seven feet more than they are entitled to.

The coal yard, which is also a great damage to property in that neighborhood and which is located between Jackson boulevard and Van Buren street, occupying a block, was not there, and would not have been if the rights of the people had been protected by those who represented them. About two years ago the license under which they were using a switch track expired, and a new permit was rushed through the Council and approved by Mayor Harrison, contrary to the protest of people whose interests were injured.

As the case now stands the people of the Twelfth Ward are using their best endeavors to prevent further destruction of values, by opposing this ordinance, and will continue to do so to the end. They are thoroughly tired of the many misrepresentations and misstatements made by those who favor the said ordinance and are hoping that at least one of our great daily papers will take this matter up and state the facts as they really are. They thoroughly believe in the honesty of their Aldermen and the Aldermen from other wards who voted to prevent this steal, and fully believe that if any money is being spent in connection with said ordinance those who are working in favor of it are the ones who are being benefited. Should this ordinance be brought up again it will work the residents of the Twelfth Ward up to a pitch that may make it a serious matter for some of those who are trying to perpetrate and support this steal.

The value of property already destroyed is large, and the loss falls upon those who are not able to lose it. Why attempt to steal the balance of their property by allowing the railroad company to put in switch yards and other nuisances, which will affect values for blocks in either direction? The railroad companies already have tracks enough for all of their passenger and freight service, and the only advantage to be gained by them would be for the purpose of loading and probably a freight depot between Adams and Monroe streets, as has been rumored.

One of the South Side Aldermen, in his speech last Monday evening, referred to the Stewart avenue steal, in which the value of millions of property was destroyed and which loss fell almost entirely upon the poorer class, who were building and had built their little homes in that neighborhood. This has not yet been forgotten and stands as a monument of perpetual disgrace to the city.

In the future will the Aldermen who are so anxious to give away the property of others to the Pennsylvania railroad company contribute their own property for that purpose, instead of attempting to dishonestly appropriate the property of those who cannot afford to lose it?

F. R. SWEETLAND.

Southern Women and the Color Line.

Chicago, June 6.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—In this morning's paper I see that you report Mrs. Mary McDowell of Chicago as saying: "What makes it uncomfortable for Northern women is that we can recognize the position of the Southern women, while we cannot admit the justice of it. It is understood that they are acting as the traditions of the South dictate." This, in connection with the "color line in women's clubs," could not be uttered by a woman conversant with the feeling of the Southern women in Chicago. If you will get the opinion of the most prominent Southern women we have you will find that they were the strongest advocates the colored women had when the question was up before the Chicago Woman's club. No educated Southern woman would place a "tradition" in the path of a colored sister. One glance over the work now being carried on in the South will convince any one of this fact. JEAN WALDRON.

Member of the Chicago Woman's club since 1883.

Wants Honest Street Paving.

Chicago, June 7.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—One cannot help being grateful to "The Tribune" for the stirring up it has given the special assessment and street paving business. It is no more than the truth, which taxpayers have learned to their sorrow for the last twenty years. Is it possible to remedy this state of affairs in any way? Mr. McGann generously calls on property-holders to watch the paving and see that it is done according to specifications, while at the same time he knows the property-holders are powerless to do so. Let one of them go to Mr. McGann with complaint. And Mr. McGann calls up this inspector who, he has told us beforehand, is dishonest or incapable, and refers the complaint to him. The inspector at once denies the charge and swears the work is all right and that ends it. I would like to ask Mr. McGann, through your paper, what he is paid for, and why he is in that office, if not to see that this work is done rightly or to appoint competent and trustworthy men as inspectors who will attend to that duty faithfully? If Mr. McGann cannot do that it becomes the duty of Mayor Harrison to appoint another man in his place. It is time property-holders considered the value of votes when parties holding office fail of their duty to the public in this way, and ask for votes again. The votes of seventy miles of frontage cast one way would have some effect. Do Mayor Harrison and his Cabinet realize that they alone stand as guard, and are the only protection the property-holder has from legalized robbery and plunder under the special assessment system? A TAXPAYER.

Disgusted by Federation's Action.

Chicago, June 5.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I read in "The Tribune" today that the "color line" came near causing trouble at Milwaukee the first thing, and was avoided only by a "compromise" for the present. Why should it make any trouble, unless our advanced sisters lack the nerve to do right, dare not to be just? Here we have the spectacle of educated, refined, and Christian women, who have been protesting and laboring for years against the unjust discrimination practiced against them by men, now getting together and doing the very same thing in their retiring at one of their own sex because she is black, no other reason nor pretense of a reason. Perhaps such action might be expected of men, none the less shameful and cowardly on that account. Clearly it would have occurred prior to the war of 1861, but are the women so narrow and cowardly now as men are supposed to be? It seems they are, and for one I am not only sorry, but deeply disgusted. W. A. PHELPS.

Indorses "The Tribune's" Position.

Chicago, June 5.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I wish fully to indorse your article in today's paper entitled, "The Drainage Board Scheme." Our citizens have only one possible way of obtaining relief and that is through the good agency of the press. E. A. CASEY.

Hint for Dr. Harper.

Chicago, June 7.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Some person should try to induce President Harper of Chicago University to build for his next college building an exact reproduction of the once famous old Chicago University, which stood at Thirty-fourth street and Cottage Grove avenue. C. H. KOENITZER.

Held on Postoffice Robbery Charge.

The alleged postoffice robbers, "Lefty" Fitzgerald and "Dad" Flynn, were turned over to Chief Deputy United States Marshal Rowe yesterday and placed in the County Jail. The complaint against them was preferred by Postoffice Inspector Bird of Milwaukee, charging them with the robbery of the postoffice at Berlin, Wis. On June 13 they will be taken to Wisconsin for a final hearing.

Open Parcels Post with New Zealand.

Word was received at the Postoffice yesterday that a parcels post convention has been perfected between the United States and New Zealand, and becomes effective July 1. On and after that date large packages may be sent through the mails at the rate of 12 cents a pound. Instructions were also received to the effect that registered matter placed in the mails may be recalled at any time before delivery by the sender.

Special Millinery Sale today at $5, $7, $9, and $12.

CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.

$6.50 and $8.00 White Shirt Waists today at $2.98

The "Silk Store," 111 to 115 State Street.

Extraordinary Silk Sale

WE announce for today and tomorrow an extraordinary silk sale—$1.25 and $1.00 silks for 50c.

85c Plain & Changeable Taffeta, newspring col's, including white & cream—50c
85c Colored Satin Liberty, street and evening shades, also white & cream—50c
$1.00 and $1.25 Colored Ottoman Poplins, Bengalines and Crystal odd pieces, good colors; at 50c.
85c Satin de Chine, Twilled Crepes, and Crepe Rayonnaut, all evening shades, at 50c.
85c and $1.00 Printed Twilled Foulards, new stylish designs, very best col's—50c
$1.00 and $1.25 Corded Taffetas—all colors, including black and white, at 50c
85c Fancy Jacquards, Taffetas, Striped Taffeta, Checked Taffeta, complete line of colors, at 50c.
$1.25 Printed Warp Taffeta, heavy rustling quality, just the thing for waists and petticoats, broken line of colors, at 50c.
65c imported Swiss Black Taffeta at 50c.

50c

Black Taffeta Silks and French Foulards.

Special Black Taffeta event, planned especially for dressmakers, manufacturers and dealers—1,000 pieces Imported and Domestic Black Taffetas, oil-boiled and guaranteed qualities, 20, 24, 27, 36 and 54 inches wide, at less than manufacturer's cost.

20-inch at 39c, 48c and..... 50c | 22-inch at 65c, 75c and..... 95c | 36-inch at $1.15, $1.25 and..... $1.50
21-inch at 50c, 60c and..... 75c | 27-inch at 75c, 85c and..... 95c | 54-inch at $2.25, $2.50 and..... $2.75

50c for $1.00 and 85c French Foulards—200 pieces extra fine quality Twilled French Foulards, satin finished, all the very best colorings and new stylish patterns. 50c

SCHLESINGER MAYER

announce the opening of

Mid-summer millinery

Today, June 8, Saturday, June 9,

embracing everything choice and correct for summer—every late pattern from the French fashion bazaars—every rich and recherche model for dress—for driving—for reception and seashore wear.

We include in this brilliant galaxy a number of shapes specially designed for Derby Day.

It's that great annual mid-summer assemblage—more interesting, more replete with the choice novelties this year than ever.

SCHLESINGER MAYER

Arnold's knit drawers.

What lady thought of wearing a knit vest fifteen years ago?

Who now would give them up, having experienced their true comfort and coolness? Here is the latest evolution in up-to-date underwear—fine gauze knit drawers, finished with embroidery, lace or lawn ruffle (like any muslin drawer), attractive to the eye, perfectly porous, thoroughly ventilated, cut very full, weighing but 4 ounces. No woman who once adopts these garments will ever be without them. 60c, 75c, 90c, $1.25 up to $3.00 per pair.

Comfort
Coolness
Health
Satisfaction

An explanation of their special features by Madam Demorest—third floor.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

Men's Summer Suits.

Everything from Worsted to Linen—for dress, business and outing wear.

Admirable lines of genteel patterns in high-class Worsteds, of the dressy Oxford Cheviot, and of the always good Blue and Black Serges and Cheviots.

For the "red hot" days, featherweight Sujts of the popular Fancy Flannels, of Homespun, Crash and Linen; also separate Trousers of the same materials and of spotless Duck.

All these garments—lined or unlined—$5 to $35—are planned to please the most particular. Most men know that it is more difficult to produce light-weight Clothing that will give satisfaction, than to make the heavier garments. The BEST tailors in America work on our Clothing and their skill is proved in many ways.

PROPOSALS—SOUTH PARK COMMISSIONERS.

Proposals will be received by the South Park Commissioners at their office, 57th street and Cottage Grove avenue, until three o'clock p. m., Wednesday, the 13th day of June, 1900, for furnishing about thirty-eight hundred [3,800] cubic yards of limestone on Grand boulevard for the resurfacing of the drive between 35th and 47th streets.

Specifications may be seen at the above-named office.

Bids will be accompanied by a certified check payable to the South Park Commissioners, for two hundred [$200] dollars, or currency in like amount, as a guaranty of the good faith of the bidder.

The South Park Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

E. G. SHUMWAY, Secretary.

U. S. ENGINEER'S OFFICE, CUSTOM House, Cincinnati, O., May 10, 1900.—Sealed proposals for building Lock No. 1, Big Sandy River, will be received here until 2:30 p. m., standard time, June 9, 1900, and then publicly opened. Information furnished on application. H. J. HODGES, Capt., Engrs.

J. J. JEFFRIES

Is the undisputed champion heavyweight pugilist.

There are none to dispute the claims of

Old Underoof Rye

as an old, pure, rare whisky.

A combination of old Maryland and Pennsylvania Ryes, aged in the wood with the care that only many years of experience can give.

Chas. Dennehy & Co., CHICAGO.

WESTERN SALVAGE & WRECKING AGENCY

SAMUEL GANS, MANAGER.

TODAY AT 10 A. M.

We will sell at

PUBLIC AUCTION

at our additional salesrooms,

24 and 26 Market street, Chicago.

The entire salvage of Twine from

McCormick Harvesting Machine Co., CHICAGO.

400,000 lbs. Binding Twine

in Manilla and standard. All in perfect condition and original bales.

LOTS DIVIDED TO SUIT BUYERS.

SAMUEL GANS, Manager.